The New-York Times.

VOL. XIII—NO. 3918. NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1864. PRICE THREE CENTS.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

Attack on Columbus, Ky., by the Rebel Gen. Buford.

An Attack on Fort Pillow by Gen. Forrest.

The Surrender of Columbus Demanded and Refused.

Fortunate Arrival of Three Thousand Veterans.

Fighting in Progress All Day Yesterday.

CAIRO, Wednesday, April 13.

The rebel Gen. BUFORD sent a flag of truce at 7 o'clock this morning, demanding the surrender of Fort Halleck, Columbus, Ky., the white soldiers to be treated as prisoners of war, but no protection promised to colored troops found in arms. Five hours were given for the removal of women and children.

The steamer *Crawford* arrived here at 1 P. M., crowded with the latter. As she was leaving Columbus two steamers arrived from below with 3,000 veterans, en route home on furlough, and a battery, which were landed, and which would doubtless materially change the calculations of the rebels.

The steamer *Olive Branch*, from New-Orleans, 6th instant, arrived this afternoon. She reports that fighting had been going on at Fort Pillow all day yesterday, up to the time she passed there, at 3 P. M., when there was a cessation of hostilities. Negotiations were pending, and a flag of truce was visible.

After passing, the fighting was renewed, and the Federal flag was seen to come down, but it was believed to have been shot away, as there seemed to be efforts made to raise it again.

Gen. BUFORD's demand was for the unconditional surrender of Fort Pillow, and stated that if the fort surrendered the negroes would be returned to their masters, but if forced to take the place, no quarter would be shown them.

Col. LAWRENCE, of the Thirty-fourth New-Jersey, commanding the post, replied that his Government placed him there to defend the fort, and surrender was out of the question.

Forrest Threatening Columbus—Reinforcements Sent to that Place.

CAIRO, Wednesday, April 13.

The rebel forces under FORREST are menacing both Columbus and Paducah.

The portion of FORREST's force advancing on Paducah passed Lovettsville at noon to-day, and it is expected they will make their attack to-night.

Our pickets at Columbus were driven in by the rebels to-day.

Reinforcements have been sent from here to Columbus, and we have five gunboats ready to receive the rebels.

ANOTHER DISPATCH.

CAIRO, Wednesday, April 13.

Paducah advices to noon report matters more quiet. The probabilities of an attack are greatly lessened. Gen. BRAYMAN has sent adequate reinforcements to both Paducah and Columbus, and no fears are entertained by the military for the safety of either place.

Passengers from below report that FORREST recently crossed the Cold Water River, near Jackson, going South, with 3,000 horses and 1,900 wagons. This is, doubtless, exaggerated.

THE WAR IN TENNESSEE.

Assembling of the Knoxville-Greenville Convention—Strongly Radical Speech by Gov. Johnson—The Prospects Against a Division of the State—All Quiet at Chattanooga.

REPORTS VIA CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, April 13.

The *Gazette*, of this city, has the following special dispatch:

CHATTANOOGA, Tuesday, April 12.

The Greenville-Knoxville Convention meets to-day. It is not supposed here that the proposition for a separate State organization will prevail.

Gov. ANDY JOHNSON addressed the citizens of Athens yesterday, in a speech more "radical" than ever.

Military matters are very quiet.

The situation of the rebel army remains unchanged.

Considerable rain has fallen recently, and the Tennessee River is rapidly rising.

A railroad train, bound from Knoxville to Chattanooga, was thrown from the track, near Athens, yesterday. Several soldiers were injured.

REPORTS VIA LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Wednesday, April 13.

The *Journal* has a special dispatch from Knoxville, dated the 12th inst., which says:

The Knoxville-Greenville Convention met to-day and elected Hon. T. A. R. NELSON, President, who declined the honor.

Col. F. A. HEISKEL was then appointed Chairman.

The entire session was consumed in the discussion of a resolution to expel any delegate who has aided or abetted the rebellion since the meeting of the convention in 1861.

The resolution was laid on the table by a close vote.

The convention then adjourned until to-morrow.

Gov. ANDY JOHNSON is addressing a large crowd in the street.

The train which ran off the track at Athens has been replaced, and would arrive with a fresh accession of delegates last evening.

A large number of delegates are already in attendance. The convention is not a packed one, and the indications are against a new State being created.

THE WAR IN ARKANSAS.

Operations of Rebel Cavalry—The Steamer Lloyd Fired Into on the White River.

CAIRO, Ill., Wednesday, April 13.

The steamer *City of Alton* has arrived here, bringing Memphis dates of the 11th inst.

Rebel cavalry are scouring the country in the vicinity of Duval's Bluff.

The steamer *Lloyd* was fired into while going up White River by guerrillas, and the pilot wounded.

Non-Arrival of the Asia.

HALIFAX, N. S., Wednesday, April 13—10 A. M.

There are as yet no signs of the steamship *Asia*, now due at this port, with Liverpool dates of the 2d, and Queenstown of the 3d inst.

The weather is thick and heavy, with a strong southeast wind blowing.

HALIFAX, N. S., Wednesday, April 13—2 P. M.

There is nothing of the *Asia* as yet.

The wind is still blowing heavily from the southeast.

The weather is misty.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 13.

INCREASED PAY OF SOLDIERS.

The House Military Committee have agreed upon a bill increasing the pay of soldiers. The Committee had a lengthy discussion over the question, fixing the rate of white and black soldiers. They have increased the pay of the former to sixteen, the latter to thirteen dollars per month.

LAND AID TO RAILROADS.

The House Committee on Public Lands will report to-morrow a bill giving additional aid for the completion of the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad. The Iowa delegation, with the entire Northwest, will urge this measure, as it completes the link connecting with the great Pacific Railroad at Council Bluffs. The grants which Congress extends to them are very valuable. It will pass by a large majority.

INCREASED SALARIES OF FOREIGN CONSULS.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs are considering the question of an increase of salaries of foreign representatives. The Secretary of State is understood to favor an increase on the present number of Commercial agents, which is regarded as totally inadequate. The committee will take definite action in regard to this matter at the next meeting.

ENTRIES OF LAND UNDER THE HOMESTEAD ACT.

Over fifteen thousand seven hundred acres of land were taken up under the Homestead Law, during the month of March, at the land-office in St. Peter's, Minn. Upward of 19,000 acres were entered in the same month at the Winnebago City office, in the same State.

PAYMENT OF THE MAY INTEREST.

Gen. SPINNER commenced to-day paying the interest due 1st of May on all coupon bonds.

MOVEMENTS OF SECRETARY CHASE.

The Secretary of the Treasury left for New-York this morning.

MOVEMENTS OF GEN. GRANT.

Lieut.-Gen. GRANT is on a brief business visit to Annapolis, Md.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 13.

NEWS FROM THE ARMY.

Accounts from the Army of the Potomac say that scouts report that LONGSTREET is in Richmond, with the greater portion of his army, and that many persons credit this statement. The squadron of First Regular Cavalry, acting as Gen. MEADE's escort, have been ordered to the front, and they will be replaced by a detachment of the First Massachusetts. Gen. TORBETT, formerly commanding a brigade in the Sixth Corps, has been assigned to the command of the First Division of Cavalry. The regular troops on detached service are ordered to rejoin their respective regiments.

THE EXPULSION OF MR. LONG.

Several Representatives who had prepared speeches on the resolution to expel Mr. LONG, will not have an opportunity to deliver them, as Mr. COLFAX will to-morrow demand the previous question on its passage. Twenty-six speeches have already been made upon the subject, equally divided between the two parties.

SUPERINTENDENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS IN CALIFORNIA.

AUSTIN WILLEY has been appointed Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the two California districts lately consolidated into one district.

THE BILL TO PREVENT A DEPRECIATION OF THE CURRENCY.

The following is the bill reported by Representative STEVENS, from the Committee of Ways and Means, to prevent a depreciation of the currency:

1. That every person or every banking association, or corporation issuing notes, bills, or other obligations, calculated or intended to circulate as money, unless thereto authorized by act of Congress, shall pay a duty of one-fourth of one per centum each month on the amount of such rates, bills or other obligations so issued to said person, bank, association or corporation, and shall on the first Monday of each and every month, make and deliver to the Assessor of the district in which such bank, association or corporation may be located, or in which such person may reside, a true and accurate return of the amount of notes, bills or other obligations so issued, whether in circulation or in its vaults, or elsewhere in possession or in deposit, and shall annex to every such return a declaration, with the oath or affirmation of such person, or of the president or cashier of such bank, association or corporation, in such form and manner as may be directed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, that the same contains a true and faithful statement of the amount of circulation as aforesaid, and shall deliver a copy of said return to the Collector of the District in which said bank, association or corporation is located, and shall within ten days from the first Monday in each and every month, pay to said Collector said duty of one-fourth of the amount so returned. And for any neglect to render or make such returns or payment as aforesaid, every such person, bank, association or corporation shall pay a penalty of one per centum on the amount of notes, bills or other obligations issued as aforesaid; which amount shall, in default of proper return, be estimated by the Assessor upon the best information he can obtain; and every such penalty may be recovered for the use of the United States in any court of competent jurisdiction.

2. That after one year from the passage of this act, it shall be unlawful for any person, bank, association or corporation to issue or circulate notes or other obligations designed or calculated to circulate as money, unless authorized thereto by act of Congress.

THE EFFICIENCY OF THE IRON-CLAD NAVY.

Some weeks ago the House of Representatives passed a resolution, calling upon the Secretary of the Navy in relation to the efficiency of the iron-clad vessels, as exhibited in official reports. To this a response has been made, covering much valuable information. Among the documents is a letter from Rear-Admiral PORTER, in which he says no better proof is wanting of the ability of the West to supply all demands of the Government for ironsides than is given in those building in Cincinnati. They can, he remarks, be built better than those in the workshops of the North, and in six months we can have a fleet of vessels which will protect the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers against the fleets of the world. He also expresses his opinion in favor of iron-clads for harbor defence.

Rear Admiral GOLDSBOROUGH says that but an indifferent success has been reached. The efficiency or intrinsic merit of an iron-clad intended for the ocean, or for coast purposes, is to be estimated according to her strength throughout every part of her hull. Every iron-clad should be a ram, and for harbor defence, unprovided with guns; and might be used for interior river operations in a country like our own, in case of maritime difficulty. He believes our iron-clads to be open to serious objections, and that there is a marked deficiency of ability for general naval operations, being more suitable for smooth water and harbors than for sea service. We should, however, profit by experience. He regards the new *Ironsides* as more efficient than its predecessors.

Brig.-Gen. BARNARD, having examined the subject of armed and turreted vessels, applied after ERICSSON's design, particularly as a harbor defense, expresses his opinion that they furnish the best solution of the practicability of vessels for this purpose. The *Dictator* and *Raritan* can successfully contend against anything afloat.

The subject of iron-clads also enter into the events before Charleston. It appears that, in May, 1862, Admiral DUPONT was advised by the Navy Department that it was determined to capture Charleston after certain other things should take place, and that the War Department had sent instructions to Gen. HUNTER, who was assigned to the command of ten thousand men. The Admiral was informed that the capture rested solely with the navy, and this was committed to his hands to execute, the confidence of the Department resting on his zeal, ability and energy.

Admiral DUPONT, Jan. 24, replied that he should endeavor to execute the wishes of the department, but he wanted more vessels for the attempt at capture.

The Secretary of the Navy during the same month advised the Admiral to abandon the attack on Charleston, if he deemed the number of iron-clads insufficient to render its capture certain.

After the unsuccessful attack had been made the Secretary of the Navy, referring to previous confidential correspondence, repeated his regret that the Admiral's views were not understood by the department before the event took place; for had they been known matters would undoubtedly have been ordered differently.

Rear-Admiral DAHLGREN had solicited the opportunity of making the attack on Charleston, but the Secretary says he was compelled to refuse him, because he supposed he sought as a privilege what Rear-Admiral DUPONT claimed as a right. "The duty," he continues, "was confided to you who had made the subject a study, and had it in hand for more than a year. If prior to the demonstration of the 7th of April you had not confidence in the monitor vessels and their number—as the department understands you have intimated to others—it is to be regretted that you did not make known your distrust of their capacities to the department itself, before any demonstration was attempted."

On the 3d of June last, Admiral DUPONT was informed officially that the Government was unwilling to relinquish all further efforts upon a place which had been so conspicuous in the rebellion, and which continued to stimulate treason and resistance to the laws. From the tone of your letter, the Secretary says, it appears your judgment is in opposition to a renewed attack on Charleston, and in view of this fact it has been concluded to relieve you, and order Rear-Admiral FOOTE to be your successor.

Owing to the ill-health of the latter, Admiral DAHLGREEN was appointed to the fleet before Charleston.

Admiral DUPONT preferred charges against Chief Engineer STIMERS, who reported that Admiral DUPONT had but a poor or indifferent opinion of the iron-clads. STIMERS was arraigned before a naval court, which, after the examination of witnesses, recommended that he be discharged from arrest. The documents are very voluminous, and relate to these and kindred subjects.

In response to certain specific inquiries that are made in the resolution of inquiry, I have the honor to state, that the order of the President, dated April 13, 1863, directing Rear-admiral DUPONT to remain in the bar at Charleston, and prevent the enemy from erecting batteries on Morris Island, was briefly acknowledged, but was not obeyed. The telegraphic order of the President, dated April 14, directing Rear-Admiral DUPONT and Gen. HUNTER to take the batteries on Morris and Sullivan's Islands, was never, so far as this Department is advised, obeyed, or attempted to be obeyed by Rear-Admiral DUPONT. The order of the Secretary of the Navy directing Rear-Admiral DUPONT to coöperate with Gen. GILLMORE, was not obeyed. Maj.-Gen. HUNTER, in a letter to the President, referring to the attack by the iron-clads upon Charleston, in the attack on which, from the nature of the plans of Admiral DUPONT, the army had no active part. He says that on the morning of the attack, the army was ready to proceed to take possession of Morris Island, and Fort Sumter would have been rendered untenable in two days' fire.

Gen. HUNTER adds: On the afternoon after the iron-clad attack on Fort Sumter, the troops on Folly Island were not only ready to cross Light-house Inlet, but were almost in the act. The final reconnoisance having been made, the boats ready and the men under the arms for crossing, when they were recalled, as hoped, merely temporarily, by the announcement of Admiral DUPONT, that he had resolved to retire, and that consequently we would expect no assistance from the navy. Immediately the Admiral was waited upon by an officer of my staff, who represented the forwardness of our preparations for crossing, the evidently unprepared condition of the enemy to receive us, while any delay now, that our intentions are understood, would give the enemy time to erect upon the southern end of Morris Island, commanding Lighthouse Inlet, those works and batteries which he had heretofore neglected. To these considerations, earnestly and elaborately urged, the Admiral's answer was that he "would not give another shot." The department has no information as to those who devised the plan of attack on Fort Sumter by Rear-Admiral DUPONT, on April 7, 1863, but has never doubted that it originated and belonged exclusively to that officer."

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Wednesday, April 13.

BILLS REPORTED.

Incorporating the State Temperance Society.
Relative to the town of New Lotts, Kings County.
Amending the charter of the Citizens' Fire Insurance Company.
Amending the charter of the Market Savings Bank.
The New Capitol Bill.
For the repayment of a certain per capita tax levied by the Health Commissioners of the port of New-York for the consideration of the Senate.

BILLS PASSED.

Amending the charter of the Port Morris Land Improvement Company.
Extending the time for the completion of the South Side Railroad.
Authorizing the construction of storage reservoirs in Croton River.
The Soldier's Voting Bill was passed by 29 ayes, no nays.
Messrs. ALLABEU, COZANS and NIVEN were absent.
Amending the charter of the company for the safe keeping of valuable packages in New-York.
Empowering the New-York Infirmary for Indigent Women to confer the title of M. D.
A communication was received from Gen. DIX relative to the imprisonment of HAWLEY D. CLAPP, stating that CLAPP is under arrest for being implicated in most atrocious frauds upon recruits at Lafayette Hall, he being the chief bounty-broker. Gen. DIX states the amount of such frauds to be $400,000.
On motion of Mr. COOK, Messrs. Cook, Bell, Folger, Allaben, Humphrey, Laimbeer, Christie, Munger and Strong were appointed a Grinding Committee.
The Supply bill was then taken up and debated until the hour for recess.
The Supply Bill was considered during the afternoon session, and the evening session was devoted to the consideration of the Governor's Message. Mr. ALLABEN speaking at length in support of that document. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Saturday, April 2.

BILLS PASSED.

To incorporate the Indemnity Company.
To repeal the act to facilitate the closing up of insolvent Insurance Companies.
Amending the revised statutes relative to the bonds of County Treasurers.
To incorporate the Seventh Ward Savings Bank.
Relative to statistical records in New-York.
The Senate's amendments to the Soldiers' Voting Bill were now concurred in, and a Committee of Conference was appointed on the same.
The amended Metropolitan Police Act was passed by a vote of Ayes 66, Noes 19.
To amend the charter of the Port Richmond and Bergen Point Ferry Company.
To incorporate the Fire Island Hotel Company.
Making appropriations to pay bounties to volunteers.
Authorizing the Central Park and North and East River Railroads to change their tracks.
Concerning the rights of persons in the military and naval service of the United States.
To incorporate the St. James Roman Catholic Benevolent Society of New-York.
The vote by which the New-York Indemnity Bounty bill was passed was reconsidered.
Recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

ALBANY, Wednesday, April 13.

The House was mainly occupied in the consideration of claim bills.
Mr. BLAKESLEE moved to recede from the vote to non-concur in the Senate's amendment to the Soldiers' Voting Bill.
Declared out of order.
A debate ensued, when the House adjourned amid confusion.

EVENING SESSION.

The special order being the Albany Bridge Bill, progress was reported, and the bill made the special order for Monday afternoon.
The privileges of the floor were extended to Gen. SPINOLA.
After a lengthy debate on points of order, the House adjourned.

THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

A Strong Probability that She will be Saved.

The Captain of the Inman steamship *Etna*, just arrived from the scene of the accident to the *City of New-York*, reports that she is lying fast on Daunt's Rock, just outside Queenstown Harbor, and that there is every probability that the vessel will be got off again safely. The fore and after compartments are uninjured, and nothing but a gale of wind from the southeast can do her any harm. Every effort is being made to lighten her and float her off, so as to get her inside Queenstown Harbor.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

The Etna at this Port and the Peruvian at Portland with Advices to April 1.

Reported Burning of the Ship Willam Crampton by the Georgia.

Particulars of the Wreck of the City of New-York.

NO FURTHER FIGHTING AT DUPPEL.

PARTICULARS OF THE RECENT ASSAULT.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Inman steamer *Etna*, Capt. MCGUIGAN, which left Liverpool at noon on the 30th and Queenstown on the 31st March, arrived here yesterday morning.

The steamer *Peruvian*, Capt. BALTENTYNE, from Liverpool, 31st March, via Londonderry 1st April, arrived at 12:30 P. M. yesterday.

Purser BROWN reports passed several icebergs in latitude 43° 55′, longitude 48° 50′, and encountered dense fogs. The ship has been lying off Portland since yesterday noon.

The *Nova Scotian*, from Portland, arrived at Londonderry on the 1st.

The *Pennsylvania* arrived at Liverpool on the afternoon of the 29th March. The *Glasgow*, for Liverpool, passed Cape Clear at 1½ P. M. on the 29th. The *Sidon* reached Liverpool at 3 A. M. on the 30th.

The ship *Brunette*, from Shields for Boston, put into Grimsby very leaky on the 29th of March, and it was thought she would have to discharge her cargo.

ENGLAND.

WRECK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

From the Cork Examiner, March 29.

The first serious accident which has befallen the American steamers running to and from this port occurred this morning. The *City of New-York*, after a splendid passage from New-York, struck upon Daunt's Rock as she was entering the harbor, and great fears are entertained that she will become a total wreck. Fortunately the accident has not been attended by loss of life. The ship ran right on the centre of the ridge of rocks, and remained firmly seated on it, so that no immediate danger to the passengers rose. The weather was exceedingly favorable. Had the ship struck on one of the ledges of the rock, there is every reason to believe that the mishap would have been fraught with the most lamentable consequences. The particulars of the unfortunate occurrence are these: The ship had an extraordinary fine passage across. Her average rate of speed was up to 300 miles a day. Before 2 o'clock this morning she sighted the harbor, and as the weather was exceedingly clear she was kept going at the rate of fourteen miles an hour as she approached it. The moon was shining brightly at the time; the wind was N. W., that is, blowing off the land, and it is stated that Capt. KENNEDY, in order to keep to the windward of the rock, in coming in took the inner passage, the breadth of which is about three-quarters of a mile. All was going on favorably when at 2:40 or so, the ship ran with a loud crash right upon the centre of Daunt's Rock. The concussion shook all the passengers who had retired to sleep. It is described as resembling a series of shocks, and the ship seemed literally to drive over ledge after ledge as, impelled at almost full speed, she dashed upon the rock. The water rushed into her compartments in immense volumes, and in a very short time it had risen to the level of the sea. A scene of the greatest confusion ensued. The passengers, some half dressed, others as they had risen from sleep, rushed about, not knowing the extent of their danger, but thinking from the terrible shock that the ship received that she would go down on the instant. All attempts to move her in any way were out of the question, for in a few minutes after she struck, the water had put out the engines' fires, and was still rising. The only thing that could be done was to put out the boats and to obtain assistance from shore. A number of blue lights were thrown up and signal guns were fired unceasingly. Aid from shore did not, however, reach the vessel until about half-past four o'clock. About twenty minutes to three o'clock the tug-boat which meets the steamer to receive the mails and passengers left Queenstown, the *City of New-York* having been at the time signaled, and proceeded out as far as Reche's Point. It waited there for some time, until some of the ship's signal guns were heard, and then surmising that an accident must have occurred the tug-boat proceeded. On getting a little further out the *City of New-York* was found fairly placed upon the rock, with her head turned toward Queenstown, within about ten feet of the Daunt's Rock Buoy. The tug-boat was immediately got alongside, and under the direction of Capt. KENNEDY the mails and as many of the passengers as possible were put on board. There were 78 cabin and 75 steerage passengers on board the ship, besides the crew, which numbers about 120 men. Intelligence of the accident was immediately dispatched to Queenstown, and steps were promptly taken to render all the aid which could be given. The Admiral of the port was communicated with, and he at once sent out her Majesty's ships *Advice* and *Magpie*. The *Jackal*, the Cunard Company's tender, the *Arran Castle*, the *Brunel*, and the *Robert Bruce* tugboats also proceeded out. The passengers' luggage was got out as soon as possible and put on board the tugs, and steps were taken to lighten the ship by removing as much of the cargo as could be come at. These operations are being continued up to the present time. It was dead ebb when the ship struck. The tide is now passing, and it is not known what the effect of this will be on the ship. It is feared that she may lurch over into the deep water at the other side, and in that case, being an iron build, she would be completely lost. The steamers named above are still by her.

DAUNT'S ROCK—Noon.

The *City of New York* is in the same position. The Admiral and Cunard Company's are operating with other tugs in lightening her. The foremast is uninjured, and rests upon a part of the rock. The injury is reported to be amidships, where the wreck has penetrated through her starboard bunkers. She fills with the flood tide to her main deck. Wind now blowing fresh.

ROCHE'S POINT—1:35 P. M.

The *City of New-York* (s. s.) is now stripped of her topgallant mast and yards, mizen topsail yard, with foretopsail. Two of Her Majesty's steam gunboats, in addition to those already in attendance, have arrived at the scene of the disaster.

8:30 P. M.

The *City of New-York* will doubtless become a total wreck. Much of her cargo will be saved if the weather continues fine, but in a damaged state. Her cargo is chiefly cotton.

THE REBEL PIRATES.

It was rumored that the pirate *Georgia* had burnt the ship *William Crampton*, of New-York, in the Bay of Biscay, but nothing could be learned on the *Georgia*, which was rapidly refitting in the Garonne.

A dispatch dated London, March 31, says: "The United States steamer *Kearsage* has arrived in the Thames River, and the United States corvette *St. Louis* is at Lisbon. A still later dispatch reports that the *Kearsage* had gone into the Victoria docks for repairs.

THE QUEEN'S RECEPTION.

The announcement that Queen VICTORIA will hold two State Receptions at Buckingham Palace, is officially confirmed. They are to take place on the 6th and 13th April.

THE IONIAN ISLANDS.

The Protocol putting an end to the English protectorate of the Ionian Islands, was signed in London on the 29th March.

THE DANO-GERMAN WAR.

ATTEMPT TO STORM DUPPEL.

A special telegram to the London *Times*, from the Danish headquarters, dated Sonderborg, March 28, says:

"This morning, at 3 o'clock, an attack was made on bastion No. 6 and on the Dybbol lines. The Prussians were thrice repulsed, and at last the Prussian soldiers refused to obey their officers' command to advance. The *Rolf Krake* fired on the Prussians right from Wemmingbored. The engagement lasted seven hours. The cannonade continues; 100 Danes are killed and wounded; 22 Prussians prisoners have been taken. Only four Danish regiments were engaged."

A German account of the affair says: "When the outposts of the Raven Brigade had almost completed their intrenchments, the Danes, supported by the fire of their batteries, and of the *Rolf Krake*, renewed the engagement with varying success. The fighting became hand to hand, the troops engaged using the butt end of their muskets, as well as their bayonets. The Raven Brigade drove back the enemy, retaining the advanced position it occupied in the morning. The *Rolf Krake* was driven off, having been struck by four solid shots."

The village of East Duppel was set on fire. Fifty-three Danish prisoners were taken. The Prussian Regiment of the Guard lost 14 killed and 53 wounded. Other losses not yet ascertained.

The Prussian Government announces that the blockade of the ports of Stralsund, Wolgast, Barth, Griefswalde, Campen, and Swinermund has not yet been carried out.

THE LATEST.

GRAVENSTEIN, Wednesday, March 30.

It is reported that a portion of the Prussian division of the Guards has gone to Frederica to coöperate with the Austrians in continuing the siege of that place. The total loss of the Prussians in the fighting before Duppel on Friday last, was 36 men killed, wounded and missing. All was quiet last night.

COPENHAGEN, Tuesday, March 29—9:30 A. M.

The enemy has left Horsin, marching southward. Yesterday the King arrived at Ashurs, and at once proceeded to Ramders. The Danish loss yesterday was only 100, whereas that of the Prussians was considerable. Twenty-seven Prussians were taken prisoners.

RENDSBURG, Wednesday, March 30.

Several engineer officers of high rank have arrived here, in order to survey and select ground for the erection of a new plan of fortifications.

LONDON, Friday, April 1.

Affairs in Denmark are unchanged. There has been no additional fighting.

THE CONFERENCE.

The London *Times* says the conferences to be opened in London on the 12th of April, are on the basis of the integrity of the Danish monarchy—that is, the Powers entering into them recognize that the sovereignty of the Duchies belongs to CHRISTIAN IX, and the only questions will relate to the connection between one part of his dominions and the other. To the principle of the conference France and Russia have already assented as well as the principal parties to the quarrel. There is reason to hope that the German Diet will not be so obstinate as to refuse the presence of an envoy. When these preliminaries are settled the Conferences may be held with a reasonable hope of success, for nothing will remain but questions of administration when once the principle of the Kingdom's integrity. Should defeat embitter the spirit of one of the armies now in Schleswig, and thus prolong the war, the victory of the conquerers will have been dearly bought."

CONTINENTAL NEWS.

The Paris *Constitutionnel* says:

"Considering the diversity of pretentions, France would not consent to a conference deciding the destiny of Schleswig and Holstein, either by chosing a sovereign or dividing these places between different Powers. The only possible solution would be to ask what form of government, what sovereign they desire. This solution is in conformity with the principles of the Imperial Government, and this is most equitable. This alone would afford European order durable guarantees."

VIENNA, Tuesday, March 29—Evening.

The *General Correspondenz* of to-day says: "England's proposal of a conference, without basis for negotiations and without an armistice, has been accepted by Austria, Prussia, Denmark, France and Russia. The Federal Diet has been invited to join the conference, which will begin its sitting on the 12th of April.

FRANKFORT, March 29.

The *Europe*, of to-day, says that the Federal Diet will not vote to-morrow on the question of the conference. The representatives of the minor States await instructions from their respective Governments, who are expecting to be made acquainted by Austria and Prussia with the basis which the latter intend to lay down for the conclusion of peace with Denmark.

FRANCE.

The Court of Assize of the Seine, sitting without a jury, has condemned MAZZINI by contumacy to transportation, for participating in the conspiracy against the life of the Emperor.

The Corps Legislatif is to adjourn to May 20. All inconvenient allusions to present continental complications will thus be avoided.

The *Independence* says: "Fear of war is beginning to disappear in Italy."

The Paris Bourse, on the 29th, was flat, and Rentes fell to 65.70, or about ¼ ℔ cent.

The new French Sugar Bill was causing much dissatisfaction.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, Monday, March 28.

The ministerial measures for the abolition of the tobacco monopoly has passed in the Cortes by a majority of 24 votes.

The American corvette *St. Louis* has arrived here.

Financial and Commercial.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The funds on the 29th were weak, and consols declined ⅛ per cent., closing at 91⅞@¾.

There was a very active demand for money both at the Bank and in the open market, and there was considerable tightness. Choice bills were not done below 6 per cent.

The West India mail steamer had arrived with nearly $4,000,000 in specie, including about £300,000 in American eagles.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Wednesday, March 30—A. M.

COTTON—The sales of Monday and Tuesday add up about 10,000 bales, including 4,000 for speculation and export. The market is quiet but steady.

TRADE OF MANCHESTER.

The market yesterday continued very dull and depressed, both for cloth and yarn. The small business done was at the lowest rates of last week.

BREADSTUFFS.—Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., WAKEFIELD, NASH & Co., and others report: Flour neglected, and difficult to sell, even at a further reduction. Extra State, 20s.@20s. 6d. Wheat quiet, and 1d.@2d. ℔ cental easier for Winter Red; Western Red, 8s.@8s. 7d. Corn quiet, but steady; Mixed, 28s. 6d. ℔ 480 lbs.

PROVISIONS—Messrs. BIGLAND, ATHYA & Co., GORDON, BRUCE & Co., and others report—Beef quiet but steady, Pork rather lower; Bacon steady; Lard quiet at 42s.@43s. 6d.; Tallow steady—Fine N. A. 40s.@42s.; Butter steady for fine, but dull for inferior.

PRODUCE—Ashes quiet—Pots 33s. 6d., Pearls 35s; Sugar quiet but firm; Coffee and Rice inactive; Spirits of Turpentine quiet—French 79s.@80s.; Resin in limited demand; Petroleum quiet at unchanged rates; Linseed Oil very firm at 39s. in export casks.

LONDON MARKETS.—Breadstuffs quiet but prices generally unaltered; Sugar steady; Rice quiet; Tallow sells at 42s. for Y. C.; Linseed Oil 33s.; Spirits of Turpentine firm at 82s.@83s. for French; Coffee firm at full prices.

THE LATEST.

LONDON, Thursday, March 31—P. M.

Consols, 91¾@91⅞ for money; Illinois Central shares, 17@15 discount; Erie shares, 69@71.

LONDON, Friday, April 1.

The *Times'* City Article says the discount demand at the bank yesterday (31st) was extremely heavy. Gold continues to be taken from the bank, but the state of Continental exchanges does not indicate the probability of continued withdrawals.

Consols, 91¾@91⅞ for money.
Illinois Central shares, 16½@15½ discount.
Erie shares, 90½@91.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, March 31.

COTTON—The sales on Wednesday and Thursday were 12,000 bales, including 3,000 to speculators and exporters. BREADSTUFFS dull but heavy. BEEF very dull. PORK still declining. LARD firm. PRODUCE quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, April 1.

The COTTON market is quiet and unchanged for all descriptions, except for Middlings and Interior Surats, which are ¼d.@½d. lower; sales of the week 30,000 bales, and on Friday 6,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS very dull. Wheat easier.
PROVISIONS quiet and steady.
LONDON PRODUCE MARKET—Sugar firm; a fair business doing in refined; other descriptions not in demand; Low Lump 53s. 6d. Coffee—Several transactions at previous terms. Tea—Many sales in Green at stiff rates. Rice firm, but not many parties buying.
MANCHESTER TRADE MARKET.—There has been no change in the actual demand or price; if anything, the home trade gains; the inferior qualities of Yarns and Goods generally are weaker for all descriptions.

LIVERPOOL CORN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, April 1.

There is a fair attendance. WHEAT is in moderate demand at easier rates. FLOUR is quite nominal. INDIAN CORN is steady.

GLASGOW IRON MARKET.

GLASGOW, Friday, April 1.

IRON—No. 1 57s. 9d.@58s.; mixed numbers, warrants, 58s. 3½d.@58s. 3d.; No. 3 57s.@57s. 3d. Market firm.

LONDON, Friday, April 1.

Consols closed to-day at 91⅛@91⅜.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, April 1.

THE COTTON MARKET.—The Broker's circular reports the sales of the week (five days only,) 38,000 bales, of which 4,500 were to speculators, and 6,500 to exporters. The market is quiet and unchanged, except for middling and inferior Surats, which are ¼@⅜ lower. The sales, to-day, were 6,500 bales, including 2,000 to speculators and exporters, the market closing quiet and unchanged. The authorized quotations are as follows: Middling Orleans, 26¾d.; Mobiles, 26½d.; Uplands, 26¼d. Stock in port, 296,000 bales of which 28,000 are American.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, March 31.

PRODUCE—Sugar tends upward. Coffee is inactive. Rice quiet and steady. Ashes quiet, at 35s. for Pots and Pearls. Linseed Oil firm, at 39s.@39s. 6d. Resin steady. Spirits of Turpentine dull. Petroleum quiet and steady.

LONDON, Thursday, March 31.

BREADSTUFFS quiet and steady. SUGAR steady. COFFEE firm. TEA inactive. RICE firm. TALLOW steady. SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE quiet and steady.

THE RED RIVER EXPEDITION.

The March of Gen. A. L. Lee's Union Cavalry to Alexandria, La.

SKETCHES OF CAMPAIGN LIFE.

From Our Own Correspondent.

GEN. A. L. LEE'S MARCH TO ALEXANDRIA.

ALEXANDRIA, Wednesday, March 23, 1864.

On Monday morning, March 14, at five o'clock, Gen. LEE left Franklin with as fine a body of cavalry, probably, as now exists in any of our departments—accompanied by three fine batteries—NIMS', RALL'S, and one other—and on Saturday afternoon he reached Alexandria, on the Red River, which had already been occupied by Gen. SMITH, who led a corps of Gen. SHERMAN's Vicksburgh army in transports. Fort De Russy, some one hundred miles below Alexandria, was taken, with two hundred prisoners and eight guns, on Monday, March 14, and Alexandria was occupied the following day. It was supposed that Gen. LEE was to have coöperated in this movement, and it was hoped that he would have cut off the rebels under WALKER and MOUTON, some 5,000 strong, who were lying from Alexandria to Morganza, on the Mississippi. But, as Gen. LEE received his orders from Gen. BANKS to march only on the 14th March, and as SMITH's forces took Fort De Russy on the 14th of March, it is not easy to see how LEE could have been at the right place at the right time. Whether SMITH and SHERMAN were ahead of time, or BANKS was behind, I cannot say, but it looks bad for BANKS. As it has turned out, WALKER, MOUTON & Co. have slipped out, and vanished toward Texas or the unknown regions of Shreveport. A small matter deserves notice. Property safeguards from Gen FRANKLIN were found above St. Martinsville, upon an estate which was being carried on by a detailed rebel soldier, and from Gen. BANKS, within four miles of Alexandria, upon an estate, the son-in-law of which (MCKEE) was known to have been largely engaged in the purchase of cotton for the Confederate Government, strongly vouched for as having sent large quantities through our lines to New-Orleans, and who, the day before our arrival at his father-in-law's place, rapidly disappeared toward Texas and the unknown, with all the able-bodied slaves, mules and wagons on the plantation. Very fine for MCKEE.

One thing more, however, may be interesting to the large and intelligent cotton public; it is that the rebels have not burned as much of the cotton as they threatened; and another thing is, that from two to nine thousand bales are collected in the Sabine, waiting transportation and other manipulation, under the fostering care of the British Consul, assisted by judicious friends.

THE TECHE COUNTRY.

Let me give you a brief memorandum of the march through the Teche Country.

This bayou has been famous for its fine estates, and the universal expression in New-Orleans has long been: "That is the beautiful country—you must see that." So I determined to see it, and to enjoy or suffer a campaign at the same time. I saw it, and I still live. It certainly is a rich, productive, responsive land, but it certainly is not a beautiful one. I know it will be said: "Oh, you see it under a most unfavorable condition;" and so I do; but, nevertheless, it is simply a broad, level plain, of about two miles in width, bounded by woods and swamps, variegated with sugar-houses and negro quarters. So much for its *beautifulness*. It will, however, produce to the acre a bale of cotton or a hogshead of sugar. Its present condition is deplorable. From Berwick Bay up to Franklin, New Iberia, Opelousas, and to within thirty miles of Alexandria, it is at least half deserted, its sugar-houses are many of them burned or battered down, its mansions tenantless, weeds and grass grow upon its once cultivated fields, wild fowl are seen in flocks, and poor wild cattle range over its sugar crops, while the negro, once the god of these poor, crazy Southerners, now occupies the homes of the fanatic fire-eaters, and grins to see the "Yankees" marching over them.

CAMPAIGN LIFE.

War is a monstrous thing. "With bread and iron you can conquer the world." Remembering this, I started with a frying-pan, some hard bread, and a horse—trusting to Providence and other people for a tent—which I got, thanks to the fine fellows upon Gen. LEE's Staff. I must say, however, that I discovered in their faces a kind of grim delight at the fearful pounding which I was about to get, and the certain wearing away of the seat of my—trowsers. But while I admit my horse did pound, and my trowsers did wear, I believe I stood the march about as well as if I had had bits of brass stuck about my clothes, and a "stabbing iron" banging against my leg. At least I got my part of the army along the march as fast as theirs, and here I am in Alexandria. But for the first time I am fully impressed with the fearful amount of bread and iron necessary to move an army—the army of mules and wagons, as well as men and horses, which must also go—I take it our line extended some five miles, and we were not a large army. Then, every day horses and mules died exhausted, and must be replaced. All of them (alive,) as well as the men, must be fed, too, daily. War is inexorable: it spares neither friend or foe—whatever it needs it takes. Corn must be had, and mules and horses, and they are taken, and it does not help matters if you are friend or foe; but you get paid by and by, if you are friend—perhaps. The march is a succession of pictures. The bugles wake you in the morning, and you look out of your tent upon the canvas city—you breakfast and dine in perpetual picnic—the march is a procession of glittering men and horses, the halts to feed and water are full of variety, and the bivouac fires at night are exciting. Small herds of cattle join the afternoon march, and as the smokes begin to rise, as the negroes describe it:

"Bang goes de guns, and down goes de critters—golly, master."

After supper, in the space in front of the tents, a great fire blazes, and the General and his Staff collect—it so happens that we have some German singers and a large accordeon, and we have music and song—while the firelight shows around us the faces of the negroes and the forms of the guards—all very pretty—and one thinks, after all, war is not so bad a thing.

Of the *horrors of war*, I have experienced one—the dust!—which in this country is of a very superior description; it is a pillar of cloud by day, hiding us from ourselves, if not from the enemy. We touch, taste, see and snuff it, and yet we live. I think I shall next go to war in rainy weather. One other thing I shall choose, namely: a continent where there are no dogs, for the civilized dog appears to have lost the power of sleep after sunset, and to have devoted his whole mind to barks and howls in every variety of cadence. When one is really tired with the cold, cold ground for a bed, and some Texan ranger prowling about the head of their beds, for aught one knows, with knife in hand, it is too bad.

The *soldier* is a queer fellow; he is not at all like other white men. Tired, dusty, cold or hungry—no matter, he is always jolly—I find him, under the most adverse circumstances, shouting, singing, skylark-

ing; there is no care or tire in him. These "Yankees" are not at all the creatures here they are at home. There is a universal and uncontrollable desire for chicken in this soldier, and our most pious corporals are not exempt from this love; chickens are gobbled for "hospital purposes"—the laws of war not permitting it for the ordinary carnal uses—and one feels that the sick soldiers must have a tough time of it if obliged to eat some of these crowing patriarchs. The soldier does go through his hard and dangerous work with wonderful heart, and I cannot but have a strong admiration for and fellowship with him. One other propensity is equally prevalent—the love of strong and expressive adjectives. It appears less offensive here than elsewhere, and I heard one of our officers, high in rank, while watching the crossing of a ford, go at it in this way:

"Come on, come on, you —— nigger; don't stop there in the water; come on."

"Hullo there! get up, you —— *spotted* mule driver; get yourself along, you—get up."

He shouted in that way for half an hour, and everybody seemed to feel the force of his remarks.

This matter of Scouts is an important thing to the scout as well as to the army. Some of our men went through perils. One man by the name of MERRILL rode through the enemy's lines up to Fort de Russy and back again, a distance of 127 miles, in 36 hours. He broke down a first-class mule, traded him away, traded his horse away, was taken prisoner twice, was detained five hours of the 36 by his captors, got off upon one pretext and another, and at last was chased quite into the fort (then in our hands) by a party who he afterward heard had scent of him and swore to hang him to the next tree. And all this he must do for pure love of the thing, for the pay is small.

Your principal business on the march is to see that you get bread and meat by day and a place to sleep by night. Another moral reflection of mine is that the great Commander is he who has the *business* of his army well and systematically arranged, whose Quartermaster and Commissary Departments are so perfect that every soldier has good transportation, and food every day, and every animal is kept well fed and strong. War is an enormous business. Bravery in the General is all very well, but business is what makes an army.

THE NEGROES.

Everywhere the slaves came out to meet us, and hung on the fences, all ages, sexes and colors, gay, and anxious to tell us all they could, and to help us from their little store of eggs, corn, chickens, &c. They are, of course, ignorant, dirty ragged creatures, and not a bit better here than they are in Africa, I think; but they are quick and hopeful. One old fellow in the midst of a crowd at PAINE's place, shouted out to us as we passed—

"Massa Linkum comin 'long—
He in dar!"

And they all scanned our faces, expecting a deliverer to appear.

One old man at FORD's place stopped me to tell me his story. He said that last year, when BANKS withrew after a skirmish, some of the negroes helped themselves to the dead soldiers' guns, and a day or two after a rebel soldier gave to his care two guns, to be kept for his return; one of his fellow-slaves betrayed the fact, so some white men hung him—hung him twice—"But I didn't die, massa, and here is, and glad to see you wid my old eyes."

The negroes upon JOE CHAMBERS' place all agreed in the same story. I overtook an old man, who had joined our march, and asked him how he got along. He said:

"Oh, master! since you was here last, we have had dreadful times. We seen stars in the day time."

"How so?"

"They treated us dreadful bad."

"What did they do?"

"They beat us, and they hung us, and starved us."

"What for?"

"Just because they could, and to spite us, 'cause they thought we liked the Yankees."

"Did they beat you?"

"Master, I am jist one scar from here to here," (pointing along his back.)

"Did you behave badly?"

"No, master; they did it jist 'cause they could, and to spite us."

"What did they do to the rest?"

"Why, the day after you left, they jist had us all out in a row and told us they was going to shoot us, and they did hang two of us; and Mr. PIERCE, the overseer, (SILAS PIERCE,) knocked one with a fence rail, and he died next day. Oh, master! we seen stars in de day time. And now we going with you, we go back no mo!"

He was 70 years old. I found the whole party scattered along the road, and they told the same story.

Please remember this chivalrous master was JOSEPH CHAMBERS, now a Lieutenant in the Southern army, and this experienced overseer was SILAS PIERCE. He was taken into Alexandria to-day, and I hope may himself "see stars in de day time."

I came upon a chit of a boy, nearly white, mounted upon a carcass of a pony, who had been with us for days on this tiresome march; he certainly was not more than nine years old; so I said.

"My boy, what regiment do you belong to?"

He answered quickly:

"Eighty-seventh Illinois Mounted Infantry—hurrah!"

One of our Majors was so unfeeling as to say:

"And you, I suppose, are the mounted infant!"

Troops of them are now marching on with us. They all say:

"We go when you go," and

"What you going to do wid us, anyway?"

It is a fearful question, for we don't value life, white or black, and what cannot take care of itself gets under the wheels. I said to one of them, "What are you going to do with yourselves? Can you take care of yourselves if you can be free?"

"Well, I think so. I have learned myself to be a blacksmith and a sugar-maker—not a very good one, master; and I have done a good deal for my master and mistress, and this year I have had to raise my own food, too!"

"What time do you have to raise it?"

"Only Sundays. We worked for them from sun to sun."

I believe he spoke the truth. But in this upturning of all things, thousands must perish of neglect and want, before any reorganization can take place. They are knocked about by our soldiers in all ways, but notwithstanding all, they say,

"We not going back to dem, (their old masters,) no way."

They like army-life, and make excellent soldiers when in the hands of decent officers, which, I am told, is a rare good fortune. Many officers of white regiments look down upon the officers of black ones, and so the old poison of Slavery continues to work.

THE WHITE FOLKS

Along the march are not a fascinating population. The larger part of the wealthy people have gone to parts unknown, leaving base representatives in their places, or deserted houses. I am told that there is *one* handsome young woman left in Louisiana—a Miss DEJEAN—but the testimony comes from one of our officers, who having been cut off from hoop skirts at least two weeks, is not in my opinion a safe tribunal. He, however, is rapturous, and I hope Miss DEJEAN is equal to his description, for certainly the female gender in these parts is not what it ought to be. The people we see along our line of march are mostly the French creole population, called by many here, "Cajeans," (Acadians,) and are the reputed descendants of LONGFELLOW's *Evangeline*—very agreeable to them, but not creditable to *Evangeline*. They are a weak, inoffensive class, content to be poor and nobodies; they are not good-looking; but as most of the able-bodied among them have been pressed into the rebel ranks, I am of course judging hastily. Some of them have been brought in by our scouting parties, who say they are deserting and glad to get to us. They say they have been badly treated and wretchedly fed, but they show no signs of starvation, and may be spies, though I think not. The creole women I have seen are not bitter in their talk, as the women of American descent are—they are very fierce yet. We stopped for half an hour at the house of a mother and two daughters, fine girls, surely. They said:

"Wait a little—we know we are down now; but we shall be up again soon."

"But you were once very rich here, had all you could want, a good flag to live under, and were our masters, but when you broke off from us did you not make a mistake?"

"No," said my young lady, "we will never live with the Yankees again."

"Then I am thinking they will have to live with you," I said.

But the old lady said, with tears in her eyes, "We shall never again see such times as we have seen—North and South have suffered alike, and must continue to."

I replied—"They have both suffered, but not *alike*. We have lost our brave young men as you have, but we have not lost our country, or our confid—e—we are not beaten, and we shall not be."

This was bitter, I know, and the young ladies wished to stick the carving knife into me; but they did not.

The upper classes are bitter, for they feel they are beaten; they will, I hope, disappear from the scene, and give place to a better people; they waxed fat and kicked, and God punishes that kind sometimes. But one of the curious facts in the history of the human mind is that these people constantly appeal to the "Constitution" to protect their property in slaves—they do it here now, high and low, even Gov. ALLEN thinks we ought to hunt up and return their runaways. It can't be beaten into their heads that they have done and are doing their utmost to destroy that Government, which once did protect them against their poor niggers. Madness and folly have possessed them; it is all right—"God wills it."

THE RESULTS SO FAR.

At this time De Russy and Alexandria are occupied. The rebels are cleared out from all the State below this; but WALKER and his army have slipped through and escaped. There is a feeling of disappointment in our army, and Majs. HOWE and COWAN, Capts. EMORY and COWEY repress it—mildly to be sure—Gen. LEE says nothing; but I feel justified in saying that he hoped to have got between them and Texas, and was four days too late, and somebody is to blame. The losses of Gen. SMITH's command at Fort De Russy were five killed and some thirty wounded. I will get their names if possible. Shreveport is still in the hands of the rebels, and there are one iron-clad and seven transports there, waiting to be burned by them, as is their custom.

THE CUSTOM-HOUSE FORGERIES.

Examination of John W. Hunter Continued—Mr. Cisco's Evidence Renewed—Remarkable Result of a Test of Mr. Cisco's Infallibility on Signatures.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.

Before Commissioner White.

The examination in the case of John W. Hunter was resumed on Tuesday afternoon. Judge Pierrepont, counsel for Mr. Hunter, argued at some length the question of his right to submit Mr. Cisco to certain tests, to prove his aptness as an expert in handwriting. His remarks were listened to with great attention, and the result of the test already applied to Mr. Cisco created a marked sensation among his hearers.

REMARKS OF JUDGE PIERREPONT.

I wish to bring up the question which we started yesterday, in relation to the presentation to Mr. Cisco of other checks of Mr. Hunter. If your Honor please, I claim I have the right, as matter of law, to present to Mr. Cisco signatures of John W. Hunter, either genuine or otherwise, for this purpose and for this reason. When Mr. Cisco was on the stand here as witness, to testify to handwriting, he did not testify as an ordinary man testifies to handwriting at all, and it is not on the subject of his simple opinion as to the handwriting that I make this offer, but it is on a widely different question. On the first day that Mr. Cisco was examined, which was on Friday of last week he stated these words, then fully reported and taken down. In answer to the question "Who wrote those two checks," he says, "John W. Hunter; no other man could have written them," and presently after, "It is as clear as that the sun shines. I cannot be deceived in a signature with which I am well acquainted. Mr. Hunter has many peculiarities—no one can imitate Mr. Hunter's peculiarities." Now that is not an opinion on the subject of Mr. Hunter's handwriting. This your Honor will remember was on the direct examination. Now, yesterday he came here, and I repeated these very words, having taken them down—I repeated them to him, and had the reporter take them down, and I said, "Mr. Cisco, do you wish to modify that, or do you still retain the same confidence?" and he said he did not wish to modify it, but that his confidence remained the same. That was yesterday. Now Mr. Cisco was not obliged to say on his direct examination that no other man could have imitated that signature of Mr. Hunter's, but it was vastly important evidence to him, because if Mr. Cisco can make your Honor believe that no other man could have imitated it, then it is not a forgery. That is a logical conclusion from which no man can escape, therefore Mr. Cisco has given, on his direct examination, evidence of the utmost importance, when he swears with all that positiveness, that no other man could have imitated those signatures, and that Hunter's handwriting had peculiarities which no man could imitate, and which, he says, in addition to that, Mr. Hunter could not disguise. Now, that is very important evidence; because, if it be true, it excludes the possibility that Mr. Hunter did not write that—there is no possibility that he did not write them if no other mortal man could have done it. There is no escape from that logic, and, if true, it must have a very strong influence on your Honor's mind. Now, I have a right to test the truth of what Mr. Cisco says on that point, as to whether any man could have written them. It is not on the point of his opinion about the handwriting—it is on the point of whether any other man could have written them. He says no other man could; that there are peculiarities about his hand which no man could imitate, and that he could not disguise his handwriting. Now, I propose to prove that it is not true, and if I have the opportunity, I shall prove it. Mr. Cisco, when asked whether he would run that test, Mr. Gerard objecting, he says: "My counsel objects, but for that I would do it." My counsel objects; I knew that Mr. Gerard was his counsel.

Mr. Smith: We say that Mr. Gerard is not his counsel.

Mr. Pierrepont: I knew his counsel was Mr. Gerard from Mr. Cisco. He said that, and it is down on all the notes. I have examined the notes, and I know what I am talking about. He said "My counsel objects." Now, when Mr. Cisco swears that no other man could have written it, and that there are peculiarities about his handwriting which it is impossible for anybody but Hunter to write, I have a right to see whether he can stand the test of that examination, and to show him other checks of Hunter's, along with imitated ones, and let him state whether another man had written just like that or not, and let him dare to put himself there and test it; and if he does dare to put himself there and submit to that test, he will see what his confidence will lead him to, and what, but for the caution of his counsel, would yesterday have been done. I have a right as matter of law to do it—not on his opinion as to whether he believes that is Hunter's handwriting or not, but as his testimony on his direct examination, when he swore positively that no mortal man but Hunter could have written it; that Hunter had peculiarities which no man could copy, and that Hunter could not disguise his own hand; in addition to which he swore that he could not be deceived in a signature with which he was acquainted. Well, as he said that over with some confidence, when we came to the cross-examination yesterday, I reiterated those questions and made him say it all over again, and he said the same several times, very confidently, that nobody could do it. I said: "Mr. Cisco, do you know Moses Taylor?" "Yes." "Have you talked with him about this subject?" "Yes, I have." "If Moses Taylor—if Mr. Coe, the President of the American Exchange Bank, should say that this was not Mr. Hunter's handwriting, would that affect your opinion?" "Not in the least," said he. "Well, Mr. Cisco, if they should say so, and fifty experts and bank men, who are familiar with his hand, should say the same thing, would that alter your mind?" "No," he says; "I make up my judgment independently." "Mr. Cisco, if a man should turn State's evidence, and should come here on the stand and swear under oath that he wrote those himself, would that shake your opinion?" "Not in the least," says he; "I would not believe such a man." Well, that is tolerably confident. Now, I had got Mr. Cisco to that point, and certainly to a degree of confidence that in my experience I had never heard before, and I doubt whether my learned friend, who has had great experience, ever heard such a thing in his life, as such confidence expressed by mortal man. I asked Mr. Cisco how long he had held that place—if he had not prided himself much upon his correctness and fidelity in his office—if he had not desired to leave it with the reputation of having no fraud, no error, no mistake, and he said he had. "Have you not been wishing to get out of it?" He said he had. "Has not your health been impaired by being there?" "Yes." "Has not this reputation which you have laudably earned in that office been very dear to you?" "Yes, dearer to me than anything on earth but my wife and children." I am giving the exact language. I said, "Mr. Cisco, you are drawing gold certificates now?" "Yes." "And they are paid in the Custom-house?" "Yes, Sir." "Well, if one of those gold certificates should be returned to your office, and you should see that the certificate was a forgery, you would say so would not you?" "Yes. I would say so." "Would not you think it an outrage if you should be arrested because you had said that it was a forgery?" Well he says, "I would," and seemed shocked that anybody would think that it would not be an outrage. He did not seem to think that he had undertaken to place Mr. Hunter in precisely the same condition. After he had reached this utter confidence beyond all that mortal man has a right to say he possesses, then this thing occurred. "Mr. Cisco, you said there were attempts at disguising Hunter's hand?" "Yes," he said there were, and he pointed them out. After he had fixed it as firmly as possible, I took out this paper, held it *so*, and asked my friend who sits here, "Have you a penknife?" He took out a little pair of scissors, and said, "This will do just as well." I took the pair of scissors and cut that off, and tore the other off, and your Honor marked it. I said, "Mr. Cisco, is that your handwriting?" "Unquestionably," said he—I am giving exact language. "Does it alter it any in your judgment that it is blurred a little there?" "Not at all, it is unquestionably my handwriting." Then I went on a little further and made him still further swear that nobody could deceive him in a signature with which he was familiar. Now I ought to state to you that that signature he had never seen before since God Almighty made him—it was written by a man who was and is now sitting there, and it was written for the purpose of testing him; and yet that man is here under all these solemnities to blacken and break down that poor man, whose reputation is as dear to him, and whose children are as dear to him as Cisco's bank reputation is to him. Now, what will he say, and that is why I was so urgent to have him here; I presume he will swear that it is his handwriting, and fearing that I made all preparation beforehand, and the man is here that wrote it, and Mr Coe was present and five or six eminent bankers of this City, who saw the thing done. It was written by Mr. Abbott Low's clerk, Mr. Levi. These gentlemen knew that Mr. Cisco's mind and feeling and urgency about this matter was causing him to mislead you, my friends, terribly, awfully, and this will react with a power he is little aware of. I can tell him up to this point he may have let his zeal about his office deceive him. I believe he has; zeal has led him to deceive my friend, Smith, to deceive Mr. Gerard; but from this hour onward, if this is prosecuted, it shall be before this whole community known as a malicious prosecution. To this hour we will say it is a mistake—from this hour it shall be malicious. Now I do not say this with any threat, and I hope my friends will not misunderstand it. I say that with these things which have here come out, it is due to Mr. Smith himself, as the District-Attorney, that he shall not proceed with this case any further until he has made an investigation into what kind of evidence he is going to produce. He was induced, through Mr. Cisco, to make an affidavit—an unusual thing—a thing that never occurred before in this community—never. I defy them to find a record of a single instance where a District-Attorney has done such a thing when he had no knowledge of the subject. Now, I state to these gentlemen here, and they will find it out if they ever examine it, that it is not a thing to be kept in a corner, and that this whole commercial community who know Hunter, and who understand this thing perfectly well, and who have examined this handwriting, know perfectly well that this is a gross and unquestionable forgery, and it will be proved so beyond all question and all doubt. And now, for the benefit of my friend, I will tell him a single fact. I was told that Mr. Ford, in the Bank of the Republic, had said that it was Hunter's signature. I have seen Mr. Ford myself. I knew him well, and Mr. Ford told me he had said it looked like Hunter's signature, but he had no belief it was his, and he will swear so if he is brought on the stand, and I shall produce him. Now when these things are known, it is proper I should suggest—and I know these gentlemen will not misunderstand—I am making this appeal to justice, to humanity, to common right, and to common decency—that this thing shall not be pursued until these gentlemen have investigated it, to see where they are going to land. They do not know. I know they are misled. They are utterly deceived about this matter. And in these bank books that are here produced to-day, you saw what the theory was, and you saw how it turned out—that every single dollar that the witness mentions, is accounted for as plain as anything could be—no power—not even omnipotence, will be able to discern the least difficulty or defect. Now, all I ask is that the District Attorney shall look to this matter, and see that some one whose reputation of office is not involved, shall advise him, and give him their opinion. That is all I ask, and that *I do* ask; and I ask if it goes on, that I may have a chance to test Mr. Cisco.

Mr. Gerard and Mr. Smith both replied to these remarks. Mr. Gerard denying that he was Mr. Cisco's counsel, and Mr. Smith giving a history of his connection with the case.

The Court declined to permit any tests to be applied to Mr. Cisco on the ground that his evidence was only a positive expression of his opinion.

Nothing was done yesterday in this examination. The Commissioner decided to exclude the question asked Mr. Vermilye, and which it was proposed to ask other witnesses, viz., whether, in his opinion as an expert, the signatures of John W. Hunter to these two checks is in a natural hand, or a simulated one. Further hearing adjourned until Monday.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Oyer and Terminer. *Part II.*—Nos. 1126, 1158, 1130, 84, 1500, 1520, 1501, 496, 696, 1026, 1196, 1406, 604, 541, 392, 473, 366, 892, 936, 1240. *Part III.*—Nos. 618, 620, 1475, 1225, 1665, 791, 813, 587, 571, 1547, 1243, 649, 709, 1095, 483, 815, 831, 1119, 1083, 1165.

COMMON PLEAS—*Part I.*—Nos. 322, 250, 259, 484, 101, 466, 142, 452, 432, 442, 443, 321, 504, 214. *Part II.*—Nos. 507, 139, 451, 97, 402, 463, 145, 324, 488, 401, 461, 492, 445, 310, 118.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 3373, 1093, 3859, 3861, 3863, 3865, 3867, 3869, 3871, 3873, 3875, 3877, 3879, 3881, 3883. *Part II.*—Same as 13th.

Patent Case—Bran-dusters.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Before Judge Shipman and a Jury.

Daniel Barnum vs. *J. T. Jones.*—This case, which has been on trial for several days, was brought to a close on Monday morning. The case, which is a contest between rival patents for bran-dusters, has been tried twice before. This trial resulted in a verdict for the defendant.

For plaintiff, Mr. Keller; for defendant, Mr. Stoughton.

Another Litigation About the Glass Ballot-Boxes.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Peckham.

Mott vs. *The City of Brooklyn.*—This is an action to recover $4,800 and interest, as the price or value of 300 glass ballot-boxes, furnished by one Samuel C. Jollie to the Commissioners of the Metropolitan Police District, for the use of the defendant a municipal corporation. The defendant made no contract or agreement with Jollie, but is to be charged with liability, if at all, under the Metropolitan Police Act. It now came before the court on a motion to set aside inquest and judgment for irregularity, and for leave to renew a motion to have default excused on terms. The judgment was for $6,500. The irregularities complained of were: 1. That the inquest was taken when the cause was not upon the calendar. 2. That the pretended order for an inquest in December, 1862, became spent and null on the final adjournment of that circuit.

If, for any reason, the motion cannot be heard, the counsel for the defendant, as *amici curiæ*, asked leave to suggest to the court that the statements upon which the order of February 11 was made are, in their whole scope and meaning, untrue, and that the plaintiff's practice has been inequitable, oppressive, and a fraud upon the court.

Plaintiff's counsel claimed that manifest injustice would be done if this judgment is allowed to stand. A municipal corporation of undoubted solvency, favorably known to the court as scrupulous in maintaining its civic credit, interposing a defence under the advice of its sworn law advisers, and anxious only to establish safeguards against frauds upon its treasury and the public, is to be cut off from a trial upon its merits to satisfy the shameless rapacity of the person who controls this unjust claim. The motion papers would justify a renewal without leave of the court (Willet *vs.* Fayerweather, 1 Barb. 72.) The decision or motion is never regarded in the light of *res adjudicata*. A renewal in furtherance of justice should be allowed (Snyder *vs.* White, 16 How. Pr. 321.)

The plaintiff raised various preliminary objections, which were overruled, as were also defendant's objections for irregularity. On the merits, however, and upon the payment of the usual costs, the court granted the motion, and ordered the cause upon the calendar.

Beebe, Dean & Donohue for the plaintiff; J. Francis Walton for defendant.

Injunction Against the Mariposa Company

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Barnard.

Thomas S. Fish vs. *The Mariposa Company and its Trustees, James Hoy, Morris Ketchum, George Opdyke, T. W. Park and John C. Fremont.*—On motion of John T. Cochran, Esq., an injunction was granted yesterday restraining the Mariposa Company and its Trustees from issuing or negotiating bonds of the Company. The plaintiff alleges that the trustees of the company have issued bonds to the amount of $1,500,000; that the net earnings of the estate, as shown from the 1st day of January, 1863, to 1st June of that year, were at the rate of $50,000 per month, and it is alleged that a much larger sum could have been realized, had the said trustees managed the estate more carefully; that the expenses of working the mine are less than ever; that the trustees have exhausted the $1,500,000, and contracted a floating debt of $700,000. And the plaintiff further alleges that, in violation of the rights of the stockholders, the trustees are now about to issue $2,000,000 in bonds, and to sell them at less than their par value.

The Corporation Advertising.

This vexed question is opened afresh. On last Saturday Comptroller BRENNAN received the following:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 9, 1864.

Hon. Matthew T. Brennan, Comptroller of the City of New-York:

DEAR SIR: I hereby revoke and withdraw the authorization heretofore given certain newspapers to publish advertisements for or relating to the proceedings, acts and official business of the Corporation of the City of New-York, the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York, or any of the Executive Departments of said City, to the extent of the powers vested in the Mayor under and by virtue of section 2 of an act entitled "An Act to enable the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York to raise money by tax for the use of the Corporation of the City of New-York," passed April 24, 1863, which provides that "no portion of the sums which shall hereafter be raised by tax or assessment, in the City and County of New-York, shall be paid for advertising, except the same shall have been incurred for advertisements in the newspapers authorized by the Mayor and Comptroller of the said City, who shall designate four papers having the largest daily circulation, and six others in their discretion, not to exceed ten in all."

And I hereby give you notice, that I do not authorize the incurring of any expense for advertising the proceedings, acts, or official business of the Corporation of the City of New-York, or of the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York, or of the Executive Departments of said City; and that I shall not countersign any warrants drawn in payment of any sum incurred for such advertisements, subsequent to this date, except in newspapers hereafter to be designated under the provisions of the foregoing section of the said act of April 24, 1863.

Respectfully, yours,
C. GODFREY GUNTHER.

The Comptroller has had this letter printed, and a copy of it has been sent to each Corporation paper with the following note:

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 11, 1864.

SIR: Your attention is herewith called to a copy of a circular, which has been addressed to this department by His Honor the Mayor.

Yours respectfully,
MATHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

The Mayor's announcement astounded Comptroller BRENNAN, and he regards it as something out of the usual course of official etiquette. Mayor GUNTHER never having invited him to or sought any conference upon the subject of Corporation advertising, or the selection of Corporation papers, the Comptroller is unable to understand this summary manner of dealing with him. Had he taken any part upon the subject antagonistic to the Mayor, he would not be at a loss to understand the Mayor's motives; but as there has been no opportunity to evince or create any diversity of opinion between them, he regards the Mayor's letter as a determined attempt to compel him forthwith to go over anew the task of selecting Corporation papers under the section of the law referred to. The Comptroller doubts the right of either the Mayor, or himself, to undo the work of selecting the four daily papers of the largest circulation, until, the question of this preëminence of the journals selected is in some manner called up for review, and it is proved that some other journal or journals are entitled to it under the law, which is as follows:

"2. No portion of the sums which shall hereafter be raised by tax or assessment in the City and County of New-York shall be paid for advertising, except the same shall have been incurred for advertisements in the newspapers authorized by the Mayor and Comptroller of the said City, who shall designate four papers having the largest daily circulation, and any six others in their discretion, not to exceed ten in all."

The right of withdrawal of authority claimed by the Mayor, the Comptroller thinks exists only so far as concerns the "six others" of the papers authorized to be selected.

The papers thus far chosen under the section quoted are the TIMES, *Herald*, *Sun* and *Tribune*, having the largest daily circulation, and the *Leader* and *Dispatch*, leaving four more to be added. The papers named were designated as Corporation papers by Mayor OPDYKE and Comptroller BRENNAN.

Boston Wool Sales.

BOSTON, Tuesday, April 12.

About 300,000 pounds of domestic wool was sold to-day at auction by HORATIO HARRIS & Co. There was quite a large attendance, and the sale realised fair prices. The following is a list of the lots sold:

50,000 lbs. Fine Fleece, New-York State, at	74c.
12,000 lbs. Medium to Fine Minnesota	66
25,000 lbs. Fine Ohio	79
800 lbs. Coarse Ohio	67½
5,000 lbs. Medium Wisconsin	73
7 Bags Fleece, California	38
5,000 lbs. Extra California	42
5,000 lbs. Medium California	44½
10 Bags Super. Pulled	64½
1,800 lbs. Medium to Fine Ohio	76½
3,000 lbs. Medium to fine Michigan	77½
25,000 lbs. Fine Pennsylvania	80
2,000 lbs. Coarse Iowa	61
25,000 lbs. Fine Iowa	78½
2,000 lbs. Unwashed Iowa	48
4,000 lbs. Medium Iowa	68½
1,000 lbs. Fine Iowa Clip	62½
26,000 lbs. Medium Pennsylvania	76
5,000 lbs. Coarse New-York State	65
14,000 lbs. Fine New-York State	75
8,000 lbs. Medium New-York State	71½
5,000 lbs. Michigan	76
2,000 lbs. Coarse York State	64½
15 sacks Extra Pulled	67½
16 sacks Extra Pulled	66
15 sacks Super Pulled	62½
18 sacks Super Pulled	63
6 sacks No. 1 Pulled	60½
5,000 lbs. Ohio and Michigan, unassorted fleece	75
30,000 lbs. Ohio and Michigan, unassorted fleece	76
5,000 lbs. Ohio and Michigan, unassorted fleece	77
5,000 lbs. Ohio and Michigan, unassorted fleece	77
5,000 lbs. Ohio and Michigan, unassorted fleece	77½
3 bags Tub Washed	32
30 bales Fribs	31
1,200 lbs. Oiho	76

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....APRIL 13, 1864.

$500 U. S. 6s. '67	133	100 Erie Railway P. b10	112½
5,000 U. S. 6s, '81.. Reg	115¼	150 do	112½
80,000 U.S.6s.5-20s.C	113¾	200 do	112⅜
5,000 do	114	300 Hudson R.	156½
12,000 U.S.6s, Or. War		200 do b10	156¼
Loan, ½ Y'rly.	112	1000 do	156
20,000 U. S. 5s, '65.C	162	400 do	155½
8,000 U.S.6s,'81.Co.In	113½	100 do s60	155
60,000 U.S.6s.1-yr.C	99½	600 do	155¼
16,000 Trs. Notes 7 3-10		300 do	155
℘ c...Oct. & Ap.	112¾	1000 Harlem R.	169
3,200 do.Feb.&Ag.	112½	100 do	171
5,000 Ten. St. 6s. '90	61¼	500 do s30	170
1,500 Ohio St. 6s, '81	106	100 do b10	172½
17,000 Mo.State 6s	74½	50 Nor. & Wor. R.	104¾
7,000 M. 6s iss. to H. &		500 Reading R.	164
St. J. R.	85	200 do	163¾
5,000 Mo. 6s. issued to		100 do b10	163¾
Pac. R.	86	500 do	163½
2,000 La. State 6s	72	700 do	163¼
2,000 Cal.State 7s	142	500 do	163
10,000 Ohio & Miss C.	64½	500 Mich. Cen. R.	155
20,000 do	64¾	300 do	155½
60,000 do	65	100 do b30	156¾
20,000 do b30	65½	300 M. So.& N.I.R.	115½
55,000 do b15	65	500 do	115⅞
65,000 do b10	65	100 M. S. & N. I. G. S.	155
500 N. Y. C. 6s	112	200 do	154½
1,000 N. Y. Cen. 7s	102	100 do	154¼
1,000 Har. R. 1st M	116	100 Ill. C. Full Stock.	136½
2,000 Har. R. 2d M	102	1200 Ill. Cen. R. Scrip	149
2,000 Har. R. 3d M	109½	200 do b15	149½
10,000 Mich. So.S.F.B	115½	400 do	148¾
15,000 Al.&T.H 1stM.P.	110	24 Clev. & Pitts. R.	131
5,000 Al.& T.H. 2M.Pr.	97	1600 do	131½
1,000 A.&T.H. In. B	93¼	800 do	132
5,000 do	93½	100 do b15	132½
10,000 Chic.& N.W.2 M.	104	500 do b10	132¼
10,000 C.&N.W.1stM	95	600 do	131¾
1,000 P.,F.W.&C.2d.	115	23 Gal. & Chi. R.	141
1,000 P., Ft.W.& C.3d	105	230 do	141½
1,500 P., Ft.W.&C.1st	117½	500 do	142
3,000 Cl.& Pitts.4thM.	93	100 do s60	141
50,000 Ch. &Alt. 1st M.	110	100 do s30	141
15,000 Atl. & G. W. 1st		100 do s30	141½
M., Ohio Divis.	102	200 Clev. & T. R.	154½
10 Bank of Com'rce.	117	400 do s30	153
25 Hanover Bank	106	100 Chi. & R. I. R.	134½
5,000 Amer. Gold	175¾	100 do b10	134½
15,000 do	175⅝	100 do	134¼
100 Cit. Gas. Brooklyn	112	100 do	134⅛
300 Canton Co.	74	800 do	134
200 do b30	75½	100 do b10	134
100 Del. & H. C. Co.	253	500 do	133¾
100 Central Coal Co.	85	300 do	133⅛
400 do	86	15 do	130
300 Cum. Coal Prf.	86	300 Ch. B. & Quin.	148½
100 do s10	85	200 Mil. & Pr. Du C. R.	86
1000 do	85	200 do	85½
100 do s30	84¾	200 Tol. & Wabash s10	72½
50 Amer. Coal Co.	107	500 do	74¼
600 do	108	40 New-Jersey R.	165
200 do	108½	300 P., F. W. & C.	146½
100 Quicksilver Min.	85½	500 do b30	147½
800 do	86	100 do b15	146¾
100 do b15	86½	200 do	146¼
450 do b10	86	1200 do	146
200 do c	85½	100 do	145¾
50 do	85	200 do s60	143
100 Cen. Am. Transit.	55	100 do s60	142
100 Pacific M.S.Co.	232	300 Alt. & T. H.	85½
100 do	232½	50 A. & T. H. R. Pref.	103
100 do	232¾	100 do	102¾
50 do b10	233	500 Chi. & N.W. R	68½
800 N. Y. Cen.	143¼	500 do	68¾
300 do s10	143¼	800 do	69
25 do	143½	300 do b10	69
50 do b15	143½	800 do b30	69¾
50 do	143⅜	100 Chi. & N. W.R.Pr	87¾
300 do s60	143	600 do	88
200 do	143	100 do b30	88¼
1500 Erie R.	125	500 do b10	88½
100 do b30	125½	150 Chi. & Alt. R	99½
200 do b30	125¼	100 Mar. & C. 1st Pr.	86
100 do b10	125¼	100 do	86½
400 do	124¾	200 do	87¼
2500 do	124½	200 Mar. & C. 2d Pr.	64
200 do	124⅜	100 Han. & St. J. Pre.	70
600 do	124¾	200 Mar. Min. Co.	39
700 Bucks Co. Lead C.	1	300 do	38½
100 Gregory Consol'd.	45	150 Fourth National B.	101
350 Gregory Gold	35½	100 Chic. & Mil. R.	91
200 Q. H. G. M. Co.	25	200 Miss. & Mo. R.	64
100 Cen. M. Co., Col.	6	100 do b30	65½

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C.	113¾	500 Harlem R.	173
3,500 do	113½	500 do	174
100,000 U. S. 6s. 1-yr C.	99	900 Reading R.	164½
12,000 Mo. St. 6s	75	200 do	164⅜
10,000 O. & Miss. C.	65	500 Mich. Cen. R.	158
100 Canton Co	74¼	300 do	157¼
1100 do	74	200 do b3	157½
100 Cum. Coal Prf.	85½	100 do	157¾
100 do s15	85½	100 M. S. & N. I. R.	115½
100 do	85⅞	100 M. S. & N. I. R. G.	157½
1000 Quicksil. M. Co.	86	1000 Cleve. & Pitts R.	133
100 do	85¾	100 Gal. & Chi. R.	143
500 do b30	87	100 do	143½
500 do	85½	300 do	143¾
150 Pacific M. S Co.	234	700 do	144
200 N. Y. Cen. R.	143¾	100 do s10	143½
700 Erie R.	126¼	500 Cleve. & Tol. R.	155½
500 do	126⅛	500 Chi. & R. I. R.	135
200 do	126	200 do	134⅞
200 Erie R. Pr	113½	50 Chi., Bur. & Q. R.	148½
600 do	113⅝	150 M. & P. Du C.	86
200 do	113¾	100 do b15	87
400 do	113⅛	500 Tol. & Wab. R.	74½
100 do b3	114	600 P., Ft. W. & Chi.	147
3000 Ill. C. R. S.	151	200 do b3	147½
600 do	150¾	100 do	147⅜
100 do b15	151½	50 Alt. & T. H. R.	86¼
300 Hud. R. R	156½	400 Alt. & T. H. Pr.	103
400 do	156¾	100 Chic. & N. W. R.	69¼
200 do s60	156	250 do	69½
100 do b30	157¼	500 do	69¾
300 do b3	157	100 do b5	70

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

100 N. Y. Cen. R.	143⅜	100 Clev. & Pitts. R.	132½
100 Erie R. s10	125¾	200 do c	133
300 do	126	1000 do	133
100 do s10	126	200 do s3	133¼
200 do	126⅛	100 do	133¼
100 do b3	126½	400 Clev. & Tol. R. c	155
200 do s3	126⅛	200 do b10	155½
100 do b10	126¼	100 Chi. & R. I.	135
300 do	126¼	200 do	134¾
100 do c	126¼	300 do b3	134¾
700 do	126⅜	100 do c	134½
100 do b3	126⅜	100 Chi. & N. W. s3	69
100 Erie Pref. s30	113	200 do	69
100 do	113½	100 do s3	69½
100 do c	113¾	100 do	69¼
200 do b5	114	200 Pitts., Ft. W. & C.	146¼
200 Hud. R. R.	157	100 do s3	146¼
300 do b3	157	300 do	146½
100 Harlem R. b10	173	200 do	146⅝
100 do	173	800 do	146¾
500 Reading R	164¾	200 T.H. & Alt. R. Pr. b3	103
200 do	165	300 do	103¼
700 do b3	164¾	100 Miss. & Mo. R.	65½
300 Mich. Cen. R.	156¼	10,000 Ohio & M. C. b3	65½
850 M. S. & N. I. R.	116	100 Mar. & Ci. 1st Pr	87½
200 do	115¾	200 H. and St. J. R.	57
100 do c	115⅝	100 Canton Co	74
100 M. S. & N. I. R. G.	155¼	300 Cumb. Coal.	85½
100 do c	155	100 do b3	85¼
400 do	155	1800 Am. Coal Co.	110
200 Ill. Cen. R.	149½	600 Quicks. M. C.	86¼
100 do s3	149⅞	100 do	86½
100 do b3	150	200 do b3	86¾
900 do	150	200 Rut. Marble Co.	24
1600 do b3	150¼	700 do b3	24
200 do c	150	200 do s3	23¾
600 do	150¼	400 do	23¾
100 Gal. & Chic. R. b3	143	200 Gregory Gold	36
100 do	143	3100 Bucks C. L. Co.	1¾
900 do	143¼		

PUBLIC BOARD—3½ P. M.

$10,000 Am. Gold	179	200 Chi. & R. I. R.	134¾
150 N. Y. Central b3	144	200 do b3	134¾
200 Erie R. b3	125¾	100 do	134⅝
100 do	125¾	100 do b3	134¾
750 Erie R. Pr	113¾	200 Chi., & N. W. R. b3	70
100 do b10	114	100 do	69¾
100 do s30	113½	350 do	70
50 do	113⅞	900 P., F. W. & Chi.	145½
100 Hudson Riv. R.	157	200 do	145⅝
300 Harlem R. b10	175	100 do	145¼
200 Reading R. b3	164½	100 do b3	145¾
200 do	164½	100 do	145⅝
200 do b3	164⅝	100 Chi. & Alton Pr.	106¼
700 do b10	165	100 T. H & Alt. b3	85¾
100 do b3	164¾	600 Tol. & Wab.	74½
100 Mich. Cen.	157⅜	100 do b10	75
300 do s3	157½	200 Miss. & Mo. R. b3	66
200 do	157½	600 do	66
500 do	157¾	40,000 Ohio & Miss C.	65
400 do b3	157⅝	250 Han. & St. J. R. b3	59
500 M. S. & N. I. R.	115½	250 Pacific M. S. Co.	235½
50 do s30	115½	100 do b3	235
100 M. S. & N. I. G. S.	157½	100 Cen. Am. Tr.	55
100 do b3	157⅜	100 Cumb. Coal Co.	86
200 do s3	157	300 do	85½
100 do	157	400 do b3	85½
500 do b5	157¼	200 do	85¼
500 Ill. Cen. R.	151	600 do	85
100 do b3	151	600 Am. Coal Co.	110
200 do b3	151½	500 Quick M. Co.	86
200 Clev. & Pitts b3	133	200 do	86½
900 do	133	100 do	86¼
200 do b3	133½	200 do b30	87½
200 do s3	133	100 do b10	87
100 Gal. & Chi. R. b3	145¾	500 Qtz. Hill M. Co. b5	21
300 do	145¾	400 Rut. Marble	24½
200 Cle. & Tol. R. s3	155¾	200 Bucks Co. Lead	1⅝
200 do b4	155¼	2000 do	1¾
200 do	155⅜	500 Canada Cop. Co.	8¾
150 M. & P. du C. R.	86½	700 do b3	9

WEDNESDAY, April 13—P. M.

The price of Gold at the First Board of the Stock Exchange was 175⅝ ℘ cent., and at the Afternoon Board 177½ ℘ cent. Some intermediate Street sales were made at higher figures. Since the Boston steamer mail of yesterday, there is no reliable quotation for Bills on London for Currency. Bankers are drawing at 109¼@109½ ℘ cent. for Gold, where there is a demand, in this way, for Saturday's packet. The advices from the other side were rumored to be less favorable for Government Stocks, the market in London being, for the moment, overstocked with 5-20s. There was a renewed demand in this market to-day, nevertheless, and very heavy transactions occurred at 113⅞ to 114 ℘ cent. The subscriptions to the 10-40 Loan reported since our last are:

At Treasury Office	$252,400
First National Bank	300,500
Second National Bank	160,000
Sixth National Bank	257,500
Together	$970,400

The sales of Gold to the Importers to-day, from the Treasury Office, to pay Customs Duties, amount to $630,000.

It is not improbable that the Secretary of the Treasury will be in town in a day or two, to supervise, in person, the prepayment of the May Interest on the Public Debt, and to dispose of other Specie balances here and in London, to the relief of the Gold and Exchange markets, and for the benefit of the Sinking Fund, to which, after the payment of the May Interest, his Customs to the close of the Fiscal year, the proceeds of these balances can be profitably devoted. We suppose his visit has reference also to the unwillingness shown by his Assistant Treasurer in this City to act upon the discretionary power on at least one if not all these points, which we believe the Secretary kindly deferred to him some days before the Gold market reached its present extravagant period. The Gold and Sterling Exchange now at the command of the Treasury is nearly *forty millions of dollars*. It is not the sole fault of the Department at Washington that a portion of this has not already been availed of, either in prepaying the May interest, or in sales of Gold and Exchange not wanted for this object, in the open market, or both.

There is no alteration in the market for Money to-day, the feeling being quiet among the Brokers, with a fair supply at 7 ℘ cent.

The Stock Exchange failed to respond to the additional rise in Gold and Exchange on the Railway list, although prices, after opening weak in the morning, ultimately closed quite as good as on Tuesday afternoon. As a general remark, the speculative temper of the market is still firm. At 4 o'clock the following prices were made in comparison with the same hour yesterday:

	Tues.	Wed.		Tues.	Wed.
U. S. 6s, 1861	115½	116	Mich. Central	156	157½
U. S. 5-20's	114	113½	Mich Southern	115½	115½
N. Y. Central	143½	143¾	Mich. Guarant'd	158	157½
Erie	126½	125¾	Illinois Cen	149	150½
Erie Preferred	113½	113¾	Pittsburgh	132	133
Hudson	157	157	Fort Wayne	147½	145½
Pacific Mail	230	236	Rock Island	133½	134½
Harlem	174	174	Galena	141½	145½
Canton	74½	74	Reading	164½	164½
Treas. Cer. new	99	99	Quicksilver	87½	86½
Toledo	154½	155¼	Cum'land Coal	87½	85
Northwest	68¾	69½	Mariposa	38	37½

The following bids were made for the City Bank Shares:

Merchants'	116	Hanover	106
Mechanics'	115	Metropolitan	122
Union	122	People's	105
Phœnix	112	Shoe and Leather	105
North River	115	Corn Exchange	110
State of New-York	111	Continental	106
Commerce	117	St. Nicholas	103
American Exchange	122	Imp. and Traders'	112½
Chatham	106	Park	140
Bank of the Repub.	108½	Manuf. & Merch.	105
Bank of N. America	111		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	112	Ill. Central, '75	119
N. Y. Cen. 6s. Real Es	107	Alton & T. Haute firsts	110
N. Y. Cen. 7s. '64	102	Al. & T.H. seconds, Prf.	97
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	118	Chi. & N. W. S. F.	110
N. Y. Cen. Con. '76	142	Chi. & N.W. Int Bonds	102
Erie 2ds, '79	118	Han. & St. Jo. 1sts	100
Erie 3ds, '83	118¾	Del. L. & W. firsts	116
Hud. R. 3ds. '75	155	Del. L & W. 2ds	115½
Hud. R. Bonds, '67	107	Tol. & Wab. 1sts	106
Harlem 1sts. '69 & '73	115¾	Tol. & Wab. 2ds	95
Harlem seconds, '64	102	Chi. & Tol. S. F.	115
Harlem thirds, 68	108	N. J. C. firsts	102
Mich. C. '69 & '72	127	N. J. C. 2ds	115
Mich. C. new, 1sts, '82	133	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. firsts	116
Chi. B. & Q. 1sts	131	Clev. & Pitts. 4ths	92½
Mich. S. seconds	107½	Chi. & Alt. Income	95
M. S & N I. S. F.	115½	Alt. & G. W.	102
Pacific R. guar	80		

The following notice is sent to us from the First National Bank:

The Coupon Bonds of the National 10-40 Loan are now ready for immediate delivery at this Bank.

Having arranged to keep a heavy amount in transitu, subscribers will henceforth receive their Bonds without delay.

SAMUEL C. THOMPSON, President.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, April 13.

The earnings of the Hudson River Railroad in March, of the years 1863 and 1864, were respectively as follows:

March, 1863	366,801 84
March, 1864	356,625 94

The Fulton Bank has declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent., free from Government tax.

The day's business at the Office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New-York was as follows: Total receipts, $1,341,009 29; for Customs, $356,700; payments, $1,416,305 22; total balance, $31,334,225 81. Ten-Forties, $352,400.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK

No. 4 Wall-st., New-York.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY AND FISCAL AGENT OF UNITED STATES.

NATIONAL 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.

By instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, dated March 26, 1864, this Bank will receive subscriptions for the *National* 10-40 *Five Per Cent.* Loan, in coupon bonds or registered certificates, redeemable after ten, and payable forty years from date, in coin, and will allow to banks, bankers and brokers the *usual commission of one-eighth of one per cent.*

This loan bears gold interest, payable *semi-annually* on coupon and registered bonds of $500 and over, and *annually* on bonds of the denominations of 50 and 100 dollars.

In subscribing, parties are requested to pay the accrued interest from the first of March to the day of subscription *in coin*, or *in currency adding fifty per cent. premium.*

The interest on this Loan is payable on the first days of March and September in each year. The semi-annual coupons are payable at those dates, and the annual coupons on the 50 and 100 dollar bonds are payable on the first of March.

The Secretary of the Treasury closes his instructions in the following words:

On the above terms, the First National Bank of the City of New-York, of which you are the President, is authorized to receive subscriptions to the National 10-40 Loan, and it is hoped that its exertions—on the most energetic and active employment of which great reliance is placed—will be attended with complete success.

Very respectfully,
(Signed) S. P. CHASE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

To S. C. THOMPSON, Esq., President.

The coupon bonds will be ready for delivery early in April, and registered bonds about the first of May.

Remittances may be made in legal tender notes, National Bank notes, or in drafts, &c., par in this City, addressed,

JAMES CURPHEY,
Cashier First National Bank,
NEW-YORK, March 28, 1864. New-York.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK DIFFICULTY.

Letter from the Counsel of the Directors.

The following resolution, adopted at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Fourth National Bank, on the 4th instant, has been submitted to us for consideration, viz.:—

"A proposition having been made by some of the stockholders that this Bank be wound up, *Resolved*—That the matter be referred to the Counsel of the Bank for his advice upon the subject, and as to the practicability and legality of such a proceeding, and that the articles of association and by-laws be submitted to him immediately."

We understand that the occasion of this resolution was an informal meeting of some of the stockholders, recently held at Mr. Opdyke's house, at which, in consequence of the unfortunate differences of opinion existing between him and a majority of the Board of Directors, in regard to his fitness for the office of President, a decided disposition was manifested to wind up the bank, and it was determined on the part of certain of the stockholders to pursue a course which would lead to that result. With that end in view they have called a meeting of the stockholders for the 14th inst., for the purpose of considering this among other propositions.

It is needless for us to say, for it must be apparent to everybody, that there is no necessary connection or relation between the action proposed by these stockholders and the difficulty which has suggested it. The proposed remedy is not an *appropriate* one. The question of the fitness or unfitness of the President for the duties of that office is one which is to be considered by itself, and it cannot, in our judgment, upon any principle of law or of reasoning, be made to involve the proposition of winding up the bank; and if such proposition has no other basis, and is supported by no other consideration than the personal preferences of those who take sides with the President, and who have determined either to keep him in office or destroy the institution, it cannot, in our judgment, be said to have any proper or sufficient warrant. We advert to this point because we think that if the stockholders shall be permitted by the Government to break up the bank at all, it will only be on some good and sufficient ground.

It will certainly be desirable, if the bank is to be broken up, that all of the proceedings for that purpose be conducted in a deliberate and proper manner, and, if possible, in a just and candid spirit, and with a careful consideration of all the difficulties against which prudence requires that provision should be made. Rash and hasty action will only lead to confusion and litigation, and confusion and litigation cannot result otherwise than injuriously to the interests of all concerned.

Nothing is better settled than that if the stockholders desire to act in their aggregate capacity in order to effect any important change in the present organization, or to compel a winding up of the institution, they must do so at an assembly or "*meeting*" of the whole body of them duly and regularly called, and of which legal and sufficient notice shall be given. Apart from controlling principles of law upon this point, the necessity of a "meeting" of the stockholders, in order to obtain any expression of their will, is implied in the language used in the eighth of the articles of association. The question then arises, how such a meeting can be had.

The first prerequisite of a legal meeting is *notice*. There is nothing in the act of Congress or in the articles of association which provides for a notice of any other meeting of the stockholders than for a meeting in place of the annual meeting, if for any reason the latter should be omitted to be held at the time fixed for it.

The by-laws only provide for other general meetings of the stockholders, and these require that "*thirty days' notice* of the time, place and objects of such meetings be given in two newspapers of daily circulation published in this City." It is, we understand, pretended that the by-laws are, for some reason or other, inoperative, but no such pretence can, in our judgment, be successfully maintained. They have been adopted by the Board of Directors; and by the express provision of the articles of association, the Directors are authorized to make all by-laws that may be required to regulate the business of the association; and in regard to the matter of notice of meetings of the stockholders, they follow in exact terms the form of by-laws which has been prepared by the Comptroller of the Currency, as a guide to the banks in the preparation of such regulations.

If, however, the by-laws are to be disregarded, then the question as to what notice is necessary in order to bring about a legal and effective assembly or meeting of the stockholders, is an open one, and can only be determined by referring to the general considerations applicable to the subject.

Who can definitely decide this question so as to leave the matter free from doubt? Who can say what kind of a notice is necessary? Must it be a *personal* notice, as has been deemed essential in some cases? or a notice through the mails, or by means of the newspapers? Should it be a five, ten, twenty or thirty days' notice? The act of Congress provides that *thirty days'* notice shall be given of a meeting of the stockholders, for the purpose of electing Directors on any other than the annual election day, and it is fairly inferable that thirty days, as the period of such notice, was required because it was considered reasonable and proper. If reasonable and proper for such a meeting, would any shorter notice be reasonable and proper for any other stockholders' meeting? If it would, why? and how much shorter might it be and answer the requirements of the law as to reasonableness in order to give effect and validity to the meeting which it should announce?

The effort to meet these inquiries, will present to any unprejudiced mind the great imprudence of departing from or disregarding the provision in the by-laws upon this subject. In our judgment it would be the height of folly to do so, and that there is no other *safe* course to pursue in getting up a meeting of the stockholders, than to give thirty days' notice of such meeting through the newspapers. It would, we think, be imprudent and unsafe in a legal point of view to pursue any other course, if the objects to be accomplished in calling the stockholders together were ordinary and legitimate ones; but when the purpose is either to effect radical changes in the structure of the bank as already organized, or in the alternative to break it up, (almost necessarily involving violent antagonism and extreme differences of opinion,) a departure from the course which we have suggested, would, in our judgment, indicate a degree of indifference to ordinary precautions, hardly to be expected of men whose own interests are at stake.

If a legal meeting of the stockholders shall be held, and a majority shall determine to wind up the institution, the inquiry presents itself whether that can be done, and if so, how? The law itself, under which the bank was organized, contains no express provision in regard to a voluntary relinquishment of the corporate privileges of associations created under it; the only winding up which it contemplates being a forced one for insolvency or positive violations of law. Nor does it seem to contemplate an *indefinite* period of duration in the creation of such associations. The language of the eleventh section is that "*Every association* formed pursuant to the provisions of this act may make and use a common seal, and *shall have* succession by the name designated in its articles of association and *for the period* limited therein." Whether, therefore, the language in the seventh of the Articles of Association, qualifying the provision establishing the period of duration of the bank to the 25th of February, 1883, "unless sooner dissolved by the act of the majority thereof," is surplusage merely, or has any legal effect, is a question about which there may be a great diversity of opinion, and in relation to which we have not come to a conclusion. One of the objects of the law, and its primary object, was to provide a "national currency." The banks formed under it become, to a certain extent, instrumentalities of the Government to accomplish that purpose, and whether it is within the meaning and object of the law that persons, after having been permitted to acquire the rights and privileges which it accords, can voluntarily throw off the duties and obligations which it imposes in reference to the national currency and in reference to the national debt, is, to say the least, open to discussion. But while we do not express any opinion upon these points, we are of the opinion that the qualifying words in the 7th article have operation only as between the stockholders themselves, and can have no further effect than as giving to the act of the majority the same efficacy and force as would be given to the unanimous act of the whole body of the stockholders, if no such qualification were in the articles of association. In other words they have agreed among themselves that the act of the majority shall be the act of all of them—nothing more.

Without determining the question, then, whether the institution can be dissolved at all, or if it can be, by *what kind of act* on the part of the majority that result can, so far as the stockholders are concerned, be accomplished, we proceed to say that, in our judgment, *two things* must, at all events, be done before it can be effectually accomplished. In the first place, the stockholders must surrender the institution; and, in the second place, the Government must accept such surrender.

Chancellor Kent, in his Commentaries, (*vol. 2, p. 311,*) says, "The better opinion would seem to be that a corporation aggregate may surrender, and in that way dissolve itself; *but then the surrender must be accepted by Government, and be made by some solemn act to render it complete.*" Angell and Ames, in their Treatise on Corporations, say, (*sec. 772,*) "In this country the power of a private corporation to dissolve itself by its own assent, seems to be assumed by nearly all the Judges who touch upon the point; although it would seem *that as there are two parties to the charter compact, the assent of both would be necessary to the abrogation of it.*" Judge Oakley, in deciding a question raised upon this very point, in *New-York Marbled Iron Works* vs. *Smith*, reported in *4 Duer's Reports, page 362*, says, "*No corporation can be dissolved by a mere resolution of its directors, stockholders or members, not even where all its members concur in the act.* By the law of this State, there are only two modes by which the dissolution of a corporation can be effected by the voluntary action of its members. The one by a petition to the Supreme Court in which the statutory powers of the Chancellor are now vested;" (and which mode we remark in passing could not be resorted to in this case for the want of any

provisions of law applicable to corporations formed under the act of Congress;" the other *by a formal surrender of its corporate rights and privileges to the State*; and in the first case the dissolution is not completed until the prayer of the petition has been granted by the court, nor in the second *until he surrender has been accepted by the Government.*"

To the same effect is a decision made by Chancellor Walworth in the case of *Ward vs. Sea Insurance Company*, reported in 7 *Paige's Reports*, 294. He says: "Neither were the Directors of the corporation, *even with the assent of the stockholders*, authorized to discontinue their corporate business and wind up the affairs of the corporation or to distribute the capital among the stockholders, *unless by the authority of a special act of the Legislature*, or under the decree of this court dissolving such corporation in the manner prescribed by law," "And," he proceeds to say, "every corporation is, or at least in legal contemplation is supposed to be, created on account of the benefit which the public at large, or some particular section or class of the community, will derive from the exercise of its corporate powers, as well as for the individual benefit of the stockholders of the company."

In this view of the subject, we cannot too strenuously urge upon all persons concerned the duty and propriety of acting with deliberation and circumspection in whatever course they determine to pursue; to do nothing hastily or unadvisedly, to bear in mind that *legal* action only can have any effect whatever, and that any other kind of action must necessarily be disregarded by those upon whom the duty and responsibility of taking care of the bank has been devolved.

EVARTS, SOUTHMAYD & CHOATE.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, April 13, 1864—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 38 bbls. Ashes, 6,457 bbls. Flour, 90 bbls. and 935 bags Corn Meal, 8,795 bushels Wheat, 1,258 bushels Corn, 8,490 bushels Oats, 720 bushels Malt, 4,616 pkgs. Provisions, and 394 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales, to-day, 50 bbls., at $8 87½ for Pots, and $11 for Pearls, ₩ 100 lbs. Stock, 443 bbls.

COFFEE—Is in more request at higher and rising prices. We quote Java, at 50c.@51c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo, 43c.@45c.; Rio, 43c.@45c.; St. Domingo, 41c.@42c., ₩ lb.

COTTON—Continues in good demand at advancing prices. Strict Middlings, 79c.@80c. ₩ lb. Sales and resales, since our last, 2,900 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—State and Western Flour has been eagerly sought after to-day, chiefly by speculative buyers, at an advance of 15c.@30c. ₩ bbl., but the principal holders have been reluctant to sell, anticipating a further material rise. Sales since our last, 18,600 bbls., including Superfine State and Western at $7 40@$7 80; poor to choice extra State at $7 90@$8 50, chiefly at $8@$8 25; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $8 25@$8 60 ₩ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$7 40	@$7 80
Extra State	7 90	@ 8 50
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	8 20	@10 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipp'g br'ds.	8 25	@ 8 60
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands.	8 55	@10 50
Extra Genesee	8 50	@10 50

Poor to very choice extra Missouri, $8 50@$11 75. Southern Flour is in good demand, at much higher prices; sales since our last 1,750 bbls., at $8 15 @$8 65 for very poor to good superfine; $8 70@$11 50 for fancy to very choice extra brands, ₩ bbl. Canadian Flour is less active but dearer; sales 950 bbls. extra at $7 95@$10 ₩ bbl. Rye Flour is in demand at $5 60@$6 35 ₩ bbl.; sales, 250 bbls. Corn Meal is in brisk demand at $5 75@$5 90 for Jersey; $6 35 for Brandywine, ₩ bbl. Total sales 1,650 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in good demand, chiefly on speculation, at an advance of 3c.@5c. ₩ bushel. Sales have been made of 81,000 bushels, including White Canada, at $1 90; White Western at $1 90@$2; Amber Western at $1 90@$1 95, in store and delivered; Red Western at $1 85@$1 90; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay at $1 80@$1 83, delivered; Milwaukee Club at $1 78@$1 81 here, and $1 62 deliverable in June; Chicago Spring at $1 76@$1 80 ₩ bush. Corn continues in good demand at higher prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 54,000 bushels at $1 33½@$1 34½ for Mixed Western in store; $1 35 for do., delivered; $1 34@$1 35 for Yellow Jersey and Southern, and $1 40 for a small lot of White Southern ₩ bushel. Rye continues inactive at $1 33@$1 35 ₩ bushel. Oats are in fair demand at former prices. We quote Canada at 88c.@89½c.; Western at 89½c. @90½c.; State at 89c.@90c. ₩ bushel. Barley has been in active demand at $1 33@$1 55, as extremes, ₩ bushel. Sales, 26,500 bushels. Barley Malt at $1 55@$1 60 ₩ bushel. Sales, 3,400 bushels. 8,000 bushels Canada Peas were sold, for export, at $1 25 ₩ bushel.

HAY—North River Bale continues in good request and very firm at $1 25@$1 40 ₩ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue inactive, yet steady, at 20c.@32c. for poor to strictly choice ₩ lb.

NAVAL STORES—Are in moderate demand, including Spirits Turpentine at $3 10@$3 15 ₩ gallon; Tar, $20@$22 ₩ bbl.; Resin, $33@$42 ₩ 280 lbs.

OILS—Have been in more demand at buoyant prices. We quote Crude Whale at $1 10; Crude Sperm at $1 65; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 20@ $1 23; Unbleached Sperm at $1 82½@$1 85; Linseed at $1 60@$1 61; No. 1 Lard at $1 10@$1 15; Crude Petroleum at 36c.@37c. here; Refined do. at 64c.@66c., free, and 52½c.@55c. in bond, ₩ gallon. The business in Petroleum, during the week ending yesterday, Messrs. TURNER & GRIEVES notice thus: "The market has been much excited during the week at a further advance, and closes steady, with but little stock left in first hands not contracted for. The stock in all the yards here is 18,000 bbls. Crude and 43,000 bbls. Refined, and the arrivals of stock continue very moderate. We quote Crude at 35½c.@36c. for 40° to 47° gravity. Refined, in bond, at 53c.@55c., the latter for prime White; do., free, at 62c.@66c., with sales for balance of month, and for May delivery, at 67½c. for prime, free. Of bonded Oil the supply is very light, for, on account of the anticipated tax, refiners and speculators are taking advantage of the existing law, and converting it as speedily as possible into free Oil; a large supply of which will be carried over the Summer, to supply our own Fall and Winter demand." The following are the receipts at, and exports from New-York of Petroleum for the week, and since Jan. 1:

	For the Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Receipts of Petroleum, bbls	3,662	145,062
Exports of Petroleum, bbls	7,981	107,131

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in good request chiefly on speculation, at a further material rise in prices. Sales, since our last, 8,500 bbls., at $26 00 @$26 37½ for New Mess; $24 75@$25 for Mess, last season's packing; $24 50@$24 75 for two year old Mess; $25 50@$26 50 for Western and City Prime Mess; $25 25@$25 57 for Thin Mess, and $20 50 @$23 75 for Old and New Prime, ₩ bbl. Cut Meats continue in fair demand, at 14c.@15½c. for Hams, and 11c.@11½c. for Shoulders, ₩ lb.; sales 1,050 packages. Bacon is in good request, at 12½c.@15½c., according to quality, ₩ lb.; sales, since our last, 1,050 boxes. Lard continues in brisk demand, at rising prices; sales 6,200 tcs. and bbls., for immediate and future delivery, at 14c. @15c. ₩ lb. Beef is in more demand, at firmer rates; sales 1,150 bbls., at $17 50@$19 50 for Extra Mess, and $14 50@$17 25 for Plain Mess, ₩ bbl.; Prime Mess, $27@$28; India Mess, $30@$32; Choice India, $42 50 ₩ tierce; sales 700 tcs. Beef Hams, $25@ $26 ₩ bbl. Butter is in more demand at 33c.@45c. for poor to choice State, and 25c.@35c. for Western, ₩ lb. Cheese continues quiet, at 15c.@18½c. ₩ lb.

RICE—Has been in good demand at rising prices, including Rangoon and Patna at $9 25@$9 75 ₩ 100 lbs.

SUGARS—Are in more request and are firmer. Sales since our last, 270 hhds., including New-Orleans, at 16½c.@20½c.; Porto Rico at 16c.@17c., and Cuba at 16c.@16½c. ₩ lb. Refined Sugars continue in moderate demand, at 17c.@23c. ₩ lb.

TALLOW—Sales since our last, 450,000 lbs., at 13½c. @14c., and 55,000 lbs. Grease, at 12½c. ₩ lb.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported of 5,100 bbls., State and Western, at $1 17@$1 20, closing at $1 19 @$1 20 ₩ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been very quiet to-day; rates continue unusually low, with 372 vessels of all classes in port. For Liverpool, the engagements include 7,000 bushels Wheat at 1d.; 8,000 bushels Peas at 2d.; 70 tons Bacon, Lard, Tallow, &c., by American vessels, at 2s. 6d.; 250 boxes Bacon, by a neutral vessel at 12s. 6d.; 100 boxes do., by steamer, at 20s. For Glasgow, by steamer, 100 tcs. Lard at 17s. 6d., and 100 hhds. Tallow at 20s. For Marseilles, 200 tcs. Lard at 55 francs.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

City of London	April 16	New-York	Liverpool.
Teutonia	April 16	New-York	Southampton.
Hibernian	April 16	Portland	Liverpool.
Persia	April 20	New-York	Liverpool.
Virginia	April 22	New-York	Liverpool.
Etna	April 23	New-York	Liverpool.
Asia	April 27	Boston	Liverpool.
Borussia	April 30	New-York	Southampton.
City of New-York	April 30	New-York	Liverpool.
Australasian	May 4	New-York	Liverpool.
Arabia	May 11	Boston	Liverpool.
Saxonia	May 14	New-York	Southampton.
Scotia	May 18	New-York	Liverpool.
Germania	May 28	New-York	Southampton.

FROM EUROPE.

Borussia	April 2	Southampton	New-York.
Asia	April 2	Liverpool	Boston.
Glasgow	April 2	Liverpool	New-York.
Sidon	April 5	Liverpool	New-York.
City of N. York	April 6	Liverpool	New-York.
Australasian	April 9	Liverpool	New-York.
Arabia	April 16	Liverpool	Boston.
Saxonia	April 16	Southampton	New-York.
Scotia	April 23	Liverpool	New-York.
Africa	April 30	Liverpool	New-York.

For New-Orleans, Havana, &c.

Morning Star	April 16	New-York	*New-Orleans.
Evening Star	April 30	New-York	*New-Orleans.

* Via Havana.

European Mails.

The mails for Europe by the *Hibernian*, via Portland, will close at 1:30 P. M. on Friday.

The mails for the United Kingdom and the Continent by the *City of London*, will close on Saturday at 10:30 A. M.

The mails for Hamburg and the German States, by the *Teutonia*, will close on Saturday at 10:30 A. M.

For Havana and New-Orleans.

The mails for New-Orleans, by the *Morning Star*, will close on Saturday at 1:30 P. M., and those for Havana and the West Indies at 2 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

North Mails close at ....5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
South Mails close at ....5 A. M. 4:30 and 10 P. M.
Western Mails (via Erie Railroad)..5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
Eastern Mails at ....5 A. M., 1:30 and 6:30 P. M.
Mails for California, Oregon, Washington and the Sandwich Islands close daily at the New-York Post-office at 5½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.
On Sunday all Mails close at 1:30 P. M.

FINANCIAL.

U. S. 5 PER CENT.

10-40 BONDS.

We keep on hand for immediate delivery, an assortment of bonds of this new loan.

VERMILYE & CO.,
No. 44 Wall-st.

BLACK HAWK
GOLD MINING COMPANY.

MINES—BOBTAIL, GREGORY, &c., LODES, GILPIN CO., COLORADO.

CAPITAL 50,000 SHARES, $100 EACH.

TRUSTEES.
F. H. JUDD, New-York.
W. L. LEE, Colorado.
ANTHONY ARNOUX, New-York.
GEO. BLISS, JR., New-York.
O. W. CHILD, New-York.
J. E. WILLIAMS, New-York.
J. HALL PLEASANTS, Baltimore.
LEONARD SWETT, Washington.
CARLOS PIERCE, Boston.
President—F. H. JUDD.
Vice-President—W. L. LEE.
Treasurer—WALTER E. LAWTON.
Secretary—D. LITTLEJOHN.
Counsel—JOHN S. WOODWARD.
General Director—MYLO LEE.
OFFICE NO. 25 CLIFF ST., NEW-YORK.

UNITED STATES GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Organized under the laws of the State of New-York. Capital stock $1,500,000 in 7,500 shares of $20 each.

TRUSTEES.
WM. WHITEWRIGHT, Jr., New-York.
WM. A. BOOTH, New-York.
W. B. SCOTT, New-York.
JAMES D. FISH, New-York.
W. B. OGDEN, Chicago.
H. H. BOODY, New-York.
LOWELL HOLBROOK, New-York.
OFFICERS.
WM. WHITEWRIGHT, Jr., President.
H. H. BOODY, Vice-President.
I. P. STEPHENS, Secretary and Treasurer.
J. H. SCUDDER, Counsel.

Books of subscription for the sale of 37,500 shares of the capital stock of this company will be opened at the office of H. T. MORGAN & CO., No. 35 William-st., on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of April inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., and close at 3 o'clock P. M. of the same day. Should a larger number of shares than that above indicated be subscribed for, they will be allotted by the Trustees.

Subscription price $10 per share, payable $3 at the time of subscribing, the balance on the call of the Treasurer.

The Trustees will reserve $125,000 as a working capital.
W. WHITEWRIGHT, Jr., President.
NEW-YORK, April 13, 1864.

"THE BROAD TOP COAL AND IRON Company" have about three thousand acres of the Broad Top Mountain Semi-Bituminous Coal Lands, carefully selected after a thorough geological survey.

Prof. Shepherd, of New-Haven, in his report upon these lands, made a few weeks since, uses this language: "Should you be fortunate enough to secure this property, I have no hesitation in stating that I believe you will be the owner of one of the most magnificent coal properties in the world." And again, he says; "It is, in short, another Cumberland coal deposit, in a greatly less area, more readily accessible, and nearer to market."

The reports of other eminent Geologists and Mining Engineers, who have also examined these lands, prove conclusively that they contain *all* the coal seams of this celebrated deposit. Letters and certificates of some of the largest steam-engine, locomotive and other manufacturers, and of iron masters, railroad and steamboat men, attest the superiority of this coal over the Alleghany, Cumberland and other semi-bituminous coal.

Six known, workable seams of coal underlie the whole of these lands, making an aggregate of some thirty-two feet of the very best semi-bituminous coal. It is also the nearest coal of this character to market, both by railroad and canal; and it can be delivered in New-York and Philadelphia at a lower price than the Cumberland and Alleghany Coals.

The timber on these lands is of large growth and the most valuable kinds, and will yield, it is estimated, fifty dollars per acre.

A vast amount of rich iron ores is also found upon the property, and, from the close contiguity of coal and ore, competent men have pronounced this to be the best location in Pennsylvania for the manufacture of iron.

Many openings are already made in the coal seams, and the colliery now being erected near Coalmont will be soon ready, it is calculated, to send coal to market.

All the coal cars and canal boats are supplied by the Broad Top and Huntingdon, the Pennsylvania and the Reading Railroads, and the Pennsylvania Canal Companies.

The village of Coalmont is upon this estate. About 90 unsold lots, several miners' houses, a large boarding-house, and a well-finished hotel, 40 by 80 feet, are included in the purchase.

The Capital of the Company is $2,000,000, in 40,000 shares of $50 each.

The subscription book is now open at the office of Messrs. JEROME, RIGGS & CO., No. 46 Exchange place, at $17 50 per share; $5 payable at the time of subscription, and $12 50 on the 4th May next.

OFFICE OF THE COLUMBIA FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 161 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 11, 1864.

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS, held this day, the following gentlemen were unanimously chosen:

Timothy G. Churchill,	A. L. Sayre,
George Opdyke,	B. H. Van Auken,
Montagnie Ward,	Elias G. Brown,
Wilson G. Hunt,	Richard S. Palmer,
Joseph W. Meeks,	Dexter A. Hawkins,
Eben Sutton,	E. F. Fabbri,
Daniel Butterfield,	James Olwell,
Elliot C. Cowdin,	Enoch Chamberlain,
Edwin O. Tufts, of Boston,	Thomas P. Way,
John L. Hasbrouck,	Lloyd L. Britton,
James English,	Charles B. Churchill,
Isaac N. Seymour,	Geo. F. Codington, Jr.,
John Gibney,	Theo. B. Woolsey,
John Armstrong,	Edward Oothout,
Charles Denison,	Charles M. Catlin,
George B. Satterlee,	John De Ruyter,
A. M. C. Smith,	Wm. H. Lee,
James A. Timpson,	George L. Kingsland,
Francis Leland,	Otto Loeschigk,
Edward Satterlee,	Wm. S. Opdyke.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board, Timothy G. Churchill, Esq., was unanimously reëlected President.
EDWARD KEMEYS, Secretary.

FOR SALE—$1,400 LONG ISLAND 6 PER CENT Bonds, interest payable January and July.

$620 32 Illinois State 6 per cent. Stock of 1877.

52 shares Union Western Telegraph Stock at 205.
30 shares Sixth-av. Railroad Company.
GEO. K. SISTARE, No. 27 William-st., Room No. 6.

GARRISON'S MINING COMPANY.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Certificates for Stock are now ready at the office of the company, No. 29 William-st., where the prospectus and reports, and specimens of the ore, taken at the depths of 20, 40, 60, 80 and 100 feet, may be seen.
C. G. MEASE, Secretary.

LAKE GOLD MINING COMPANY.

COLORADO.

Books are now open at the office of TAYLOR BROTHERS, No. 76 Wall-st., for subscription to the capital stock of this Company, at the subscription price of $1 50 per share.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE.—SPECIAL NOTICE—PERSONS contemplating insuring their lives, and those already insured, should communicate with the undersigned, and obtain information of great importance to them. Address A. ANDREWS, Box 5,583 Post office, New-York.

SAVINGS BANKS.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,

Corner 3d-av. and 26th-st.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8 P. M.

SIX PER CENT interest allowed on all sums from $1 to $1,000. All moneys deposited on or before April 20 will draw interest from the 1st.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK—
Chatham-square, New-York.
OPEN DAILY.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Deposits made now, or on or before April 20, will draw interest from April 1. M. D. VAN PELT, President.
CHARLES D. BAILEY, Treasurer.
JOS. P. COOPER, Sec'y.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.

Nos. 427 AND 429 CANAL-ST., corner of Varick-st.

ASSETS, $1,075,450 63.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 and from 5 to 7 P. M.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on sums of $500 and under, and FIVE PER CENT. on larger sums. Money deposited on or before April 20 will bear interest from April 1. E. V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
G. S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST.—CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK, corner of Bowery and Canal-st. Open every day from 9 to 3, and on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings, from 5 to 7.

Deposits made on or before April 20, will bear interest from 1st inst.

Bank-books in English, German and French.
GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

STORAGE OF FURNITURE—IN THE handsome new fire-proof buildings, Nos. 97 and 99 6th-av., near Jefferson Market. Terms reasonable. Apply to ALBERT KUNZE, cabinet furniture warerooms, on the premises.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 11, 1864.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until THURSDAY, April 14, for the erection of three wooden buildings for the Government. The plans and specifications of these buildings can be examined at this office.
STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

FINANCIAL.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, on SATURDAY, the 12th day of March, 1864.

RESOURCES.

7.30 Treasury Notes, U. S. Six per Cents., U. S. 5.20s, U. S. Certificates and 5 per Cents.	$2,101,450 00	
1. Loans and Discounts	2,260,067 68	—$4,361,517 68
2. Overdrafts		
3. Due from Banks		62,163 36
4. Due from the Directors of the Bank	$138,300 00	
5. Due from Brokers	515,000 00	
6. Real Estate		100,853 17
7. Specie		153,583 60
8. Cash Items, viz.: Checks and Bank Notes received on deposit the day previous		497,459 68
9. Stocks, N. Y. State and U. S., with Comptroller		638,000 00
10. Bonds and Mortgages		
11. Bills of Solvent Banks and U. S. Demand Notes		400,000 00
12. Bills of Suspended Banks		
13. Loss and Expense Account		14,528 63
Total		$6,228,106 11

LIABILITIES.

1. Capital		$150,000 00
2. Circulation Registered	$631,300 00	
Circulation not Registered		
Total		
Less Notes on hand	$43,150 00—	588,150 00
3. Profits		222,647 49
4. Due to Banks		1,300,706 79
5. Due to Individuals and Corporations other than Banks and Depositors		
6. Due Treasurer of the State of New-York		
7. Due Depositors, on demand		2,554,932 71
8. Amount Due, not included under either of the above heads, unpaid Dividends		1,669 12
Total		$6,228,106 11

State of New-York, County of New-York, ss.:—A. V. STOUT, President, and W. A. KISSAM, Cashier, of the SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, a Bank located and doing business at New-York, in said County, being duly and severally sworn, each for himself saith, that the foregoing is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said Bank, before the transaction of any business on the morning of Saturday, the twelfth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in respect to each and every of the items and particulars above specified, according to the best of his knowledge and belief; and that the business of the said Bank has been and is transacted at the location aforesaid.

(Signed.) A. V. STOUT, President.
W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn by both deponents, the 13th day of April, 1864.
W. H. BARKER, Commissioner of Deeds.

PACIFIC QUICKSILVER MINING COMPANY.

40,000 SHARES, NOMINAL PAR ....$100 EACH
20,000 SHARES OFFERED ON SUBSCRIPTION, AT ....50 EACH

$400,000 IN CASH RESERVED AS THE WORKING CAPITAL.

Books of subscription to the capital stock of the Pacific Quicksilver Mining Company will be opened on the 19th instant, at 11 o'clock, at the office of the undersigned.

Five dollars on each share will be paid at the time of subscribing, for which certificates will be issued entitling the owner to the shares, provided a further payment of $10 be made on the 28th instant, and $35 per share, with interest, be paid at or before the times when called for by the Trustees.

TRUSTEES.
WILLIAM BOND, New-York,
A. A. SUMNER, New-York,
D. RANDOLPH MARTIN, New-York,
JOSEPH B STEWART, Washington City,
Gen. JOHN B. FRISBIE, California.
TREASURER.
D. RANDOLPH MARTIN.
SOLICITORS.
WHEELER & ARMSTRONG, in New-York.
CASSERLY & BARNES, in San Fransico.

No. 44 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK, April 13, 1864.

In calling the attention of our friends and correspondents to the Pacific Quicksilver Mining Company, we beg to add the following statement, which is furnished to us from reliable sources.

The property of the Pacific Quicksilver Mining Company comprises the Cinnabar Claims of twenty small companies consolidated. The claims thus united, cover over three continuous miles in length of the Mammoth Ledge, in Napa County, California, about seventy miles northeast of San Francisco. The richness of the Cinnabar is proved by the assay of Prof. Kent, of the United States Assay Office; a specimen assayed by him yielded 69 6-10 per cent. of quicksilver. The quicksilver mines of the world are limited, the principal supply thus far having been drawn from those of Almaden, in Spain, Idria, in Austria, and the New Almaden mines, in California. The mines of the Pacific Quicksilver Mining Company give promise of richness equal to the best of these, and worked with ample capital, of equal success. The want of capital has alone prevented their earlier development.

Of the great and increasing demand for Quicksilver, it is quite unnecessary to speak; nor of the large returns made by the few known mines of Cinnabar.

Every new mine, of gold or silver, ceates an increased demand; and the small cost of this great property, free from incumbrance, on the terms offered, viz., only $2,000,000, for the property, with $400,000 in cash on hand, places it in a most favorable position.

A number of specimens taken by John T. Howard, Esq., of Brooklyn, from various parts of the ledge, can be seen at our office.

Very respectfully,
STIMSON, FRONK & CO.

TEN-FORTY LOAN.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK.
Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

NEW-YORK, March 29, 1864

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this bank will receive subscriptions on account of UNITED STATES BONDS, authorized by the Act of March 3, 1864, bearing date March 1, 1864, redeemable at the pleasure of the Government after ten years, and payable forty years from date, bearing interest at 5 per cent. a year, payable on bonds not over one hundred dollars annually, and on all other bonds semi-annually, in coin.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds as they may prefer, and will be required to pay, in addition to the amount of the principal of the bonds, in lawful money, the accrued interest in coin (or in United States notes or the notes of National Banks, adding 50 per cent. for premium until further notice,) from the 1st day of March, until the day of subscription and payment; or subscriptions can be made, bearing interest from date, without the payments of interest from the 1st of March, and premium thereon.

The usual commission of one-eighth of one per cent. will be allowed to banks, bankers and brokers.
HENRY A. HURLBUT, President.
A. G. ALLEN, Cashier.

Messrs. WM. & JOHN O'BRIEN, Bankers, No. 40 Wall-st., are authorized to receive subscriptions for this bank.

ALPINE GOLD COMPANY.

CAPITAL $1,500,000
SHARES ....$10 each.

The property of this Company is situated in Gilpin County, Colorado Territory, and consists of 600 feet of mining claims on the following rich gold bearing lodes in Nevada, district, viz.:

"ALPS" and "CALIFORNIA."

These claims are among the very richest and best in Colorado.

An ample cash capital of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS has been subscribed for at par.

The books open for subscription to a limited number of shares, at $5 per share, at the office of E. T. H. GIBSON, Esq., No. 54 William-st., to-day at 11 o'clock.

OFFICERS.
E. T. H. GIBSON, Presiddent.
H. V. POOR, Secretary and Treasurer.
TRUSTEES.
N. B. Palmer.
Cornelius S. Bushnell.
Henry J. Bigalow.
Henry V. Poor.
E. T. H. Gibson.

OFFICE OF THE GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Cor. Greenwich and Fulton-sts.,
NEW YORK, April 13, 1864.

AT AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Company, held on Tuesday, 12th inst., the following gentlemen were unanimously elected for the ensuing year, viz:

Leonard Kirby,	Thos. C. Goetchius,	Geo. W. Elder,
D. R. Martin,	J. H. Huddleston,	Jas. C. Gulick,
W. B. Skidmore,	Samuel Hanna,	Thomas Reed,
John Castree,	John Keyser,	O. W. Bird,
A. Rutherford,	Moses W. Fish,	Daniel L. Ross,
Geo. W. Savage,	Joseph Colwell,	G. G. Yvelin,
Henry Elsworth,	John Hustace,	W. W. Price,
Thomas Paton,	Joel D. Hunter,	S. T. Knapp,
C. H. Loutre,	Aaron Claflin,	Wm. W. Bruce,
Rutsen Suckley,	Effingham Cock,	Geo. Opdyke,
Wilson G. Hunt,	O. H. Ludington,	W. F. Havemeyer,
W. A. Fowler,	Ezra Wheeler,	Harvey Weed,
Daniel Drew,	Fred. Lacey,	Nath. Smith,
David Wagstaff,	L. A. Jacobus,	John Romer,
J. M. Benedict,	Thos. T. Buckley,	B. Throckmorton,
L. M. Luther,	M. B. Carpenter,	E. R. Livermore,
John J. Morris,	Robt. McLaughlin,	

and the following gentlemen, viz:
Chas. E. Crehan, Francis Jenkins, Hector Armstrong, were elected Inspectors for the next election, and at a subsequent meeting of the Board Leonard Kirby, Esq., was unanimously reëlected President.
ALFRED A. REEVES, Secretary.

BENTON GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Subscribers to the capital stock of the BENTON GOLD MINING CO. will make payment and receive their certificates at the office of JOHN SIMPKINS & CO., No. 29 Wall-st., on THURSDAY, April 14, 1864. Subscribers' rights to stock will be forfeited unless payment be made prior to the 17th inst. By order of the Trustees.
F. W. CAPEN, Treasurer.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW-YORK, April 13, 1864.

PARTIES HOLDING THIRTY (30) OR more Full Coupons, or twenty (20) or more Fractional Coupons, of the Loan of 1862, maturing on the 1st proximo, are requested to hand them in with separate schedules. Holders complying with the above request will have their coupons examined, in the order in which they are received, and checks given for them on the 30th inst., after 3 o'clock P. M., or as soon thereafter as the examination can be completed.

Blank schedules will be furnished upon application at the Interest Department of this Office.
JOHN J. CISCO, Assistant Treasurer.

THE ANTHRACITE GAS LIGHTING AND HEATING COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.—Capital $3,000,000; shares $100 each. Books of subscription for 20,000 shares of the capital stock of this company will be opened at our office on SATURDAY, April 16. The Common Council has granted to the company the right to lay pipes and mains throughout the entire City of New-York. Ten per cent payable on subscription; the balance in installments as the work progresses.
JEROME, RIGGS & CO., No. 46 Exchange-place.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTgage, upon improved City property, at 6 per cent., for five years or more, in sums of $10,000 to $50,000. Apply to JOHN JEFFRIES, in care of C. E. STRONG, No. 68 Wall-st.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, April 12, 1864.

THE FOLLOWING CONTRACTS HAVE been awarded for horse equipments under the proposals received under call of advertisement of February 23, 1864, for 25,000 sets, the bids under which were opened April 2, 1864:

Sterling & Co., St. Louis, 1,000 sets, at $25 38, St. Louis Arsenal.
Sterling & Co., St. Louis, 1,000 sets, at $25 28, St. Louis Arsenal.
Sterling & Co., St. Louis, 1,000 sets, at $24 87, St. Louis Arsenal.
Sterling & Co., St. Louis, 1,000 sets, at $25 78, Cincinnati Depot.
Sterling & Co., St. Louis, 1,000 sets, at $25 28, Cincinnati Depot.
George Peters, Newark, 2,000 sets, at $30 50, Frankford Arsenal.
George Peters, Newark, 1,000 sets, at $31, Alleghany Arsenal.
George Peters, Newark, 1,000 sets, at $28 75, New-York Arsenal.
George Peters, Newark, 1,000 sets, at $29 25, New-York Arsenal.
George Peters, Newark, 1,000 sets, at $30 50, New-York Arsenal.
C. S Storms, New-York, 8,000 sets, at $29 30, New-York Arsenal.
Josiah Cummings, Springfield, 1,000 sets, at $29 25, New York Arsenal.
Lacey, Meeker & Co., New-York, 4,000 sets, at $30 50 New-York Arsenal.

GEO. D. RAMSEY, Brigadier-General, Chief of Ordnance.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz:

Regulating and grading Eighth-avenue from One Hundred and Fourteenth to One Hundred and Twenty-third streets.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land situated on both sides of Eighth-avenue and upon both sides of the intersecting streets, to the extent of half the blocks on each side of Eighth-avenue, from One Hundred and Fourteenth to One Hundred and Twenty-third streets.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

JACOB F. OAKLEY, WM. A. DOOLEY, LOREN JONES, } Board of Assessors.
OFFICE, BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW COURT-HOUSE, April 12, 1864.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL will meet every day, during the present week, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements to receive the regiments returning on furlough, for the purpose of recruiting. Also, to make suitable arrangements to give those already arrived, and about to depart for the seat of war, an entertainment. Commandants of regiments now home on furlough, whose term is about to expire, are requested to communicate with the committee, by letter addressed to the Chairman or Secretary of the committee, No. 8 City Hall. JOHN HARDY Chairman.
E. W. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee, are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties having business before the Committee, are requested to attend.
SAMUEL T. WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committe on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.
GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES RILEY,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No 5 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK RUSSELL, MICHAEL BROPHY, WM. JOYCE, } Committee on Roads.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARBLE MANTELS.

The best place in the City to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at
MARTIN OLSEN'S
MANTEL MANUFACTORY,
No. 326 Navy-st., and No. 66 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn on Island, N.Y.

REYNOLDS TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW
A little of everything relating to the human system, diet, air, marriage, &c., &c., read revised and enlarged edition of
MEDICAL COMMON SENSE.

Among the many subjects treated in this work are the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Piles, Liver and Philosophy of Digestion, Constipation, Affections of the Urinary Organs, Diseases of the Female Organs of Generation, Barrenness, Impotency, Seminal Weakness, Rupture, Salt Rheum, Cancer, Paralysis, Diseases of the Heart, Neuralgia, How to Recover the Sight and Throw Aside Spectacles, Marriage and Sexual Philosophy, the Curious Marriage Customs of the World, Philosophy of Elopements, Philosophy of Childmarking, a Chapter for the Married, and a thousand of value to married and single, never written before, making altogether a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one; 400 pages; 100 Illustrations. By E. B. FOOTE, M. D., No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York; to be had of all News Agents. Contents tables sent free by mail to all applicants, or the book forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of $1 50. Address S. TOUSEY, No 121 Nassau-st., New-York.

AMERICAN, SWISS AND ENGLISH WATCHES,

In superior styles and quality of cases. Orders from the trade or army (large or small) promptly and faithfully attended to. Established 20 years.
T. B. BYNNER, No. 175 Broadway, N.Y

FOR SALE—AT NOS. 9 AND 11 HOYT-ST., ONE hoistway to work by steam power, 1 generator, 2 office desks, 1 counter, leather belting from 3 to 12 inches wide, lot of shafting and pulleys, 2 wrought iron boiler smoke-stacks, 2,500 fire brick, and about 80,000 hard brick. Inquire of J. VAN RIPER, No. 264 Pacific-st., Brooklyn.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED SLATE Mantels, slate billiard beds, slate urinals, black-boards, slate slabs for tomb covers and doors, roofing slate and slate slabs. The trade supplied.
WEST CASTLETON SLATE CO.,
No. 412 Broadway, New-York.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm name of FAILINGS & HATT is hereby dissolved by its own limitation. Either partner will sign in liquidation.
JOSIAH FAILING,
HENRY FAILING,
JNO. A. HATT.
NEW-YORK, April 12, 1864.

NOTICE.—The subscribers will continue the business under the firm name of FAILING & HATT.
HENRY FAILING,
JNO. A. HATT.
NEW-YORK, April 12, 1864.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between MUNROE CRANE and WM. H. HULL, and known as M. CRANE & CO., Hog Slaughterers, No. 204 West 40th-st., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
MUNROE CRANE,
WM. H. HULL.
NEW-YORK, April 13, 1864.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD.

BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, $1 per 1,000. Billheads, $3 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 50 cents per 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.

AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL.

STATIONERS and PRINTERS, No. 45 Maiden-lane, respectfully solicit orders. Blank Books, Paper, Stationery, Diaries, &c., at low prices.

PROPOSALS

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON DEPOT, Dec. 8, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited by the undersigned for supplying the United States Quartermaster's Department, at Washington, D. C., Baltimore, Md., Alexandria and Fort Monroe, Va., or either of these places, with Hay, Corn, Oats and Straw.

Bids will be received for the delivery of 5,000 bushels of corn or oats, and 50 tons of hay or straw, and upward.

Bidders must state at which of the above-named points they propose to make deliveries, and the rates at which they will make deliveries thereat, the quantity of each article proposed to be delivered, the time when said deliveries shall be commenced, and when to be completed.

The price must be written out in words on the bids.

Corn to be put up in good stout sacks, of about two bushels each. Oats in like sacks, of about three bushels each. The sacks to be furnished without extra charge to the Government. The hay and straw to be securely baled.

The particular kind or description of oats, corn, hay or straw, proposed to be delivered, must be stated in the proposals.

All the articles offered under the bids herein invited, will be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government Inspector before being accepted.

Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidder, as the interest of the Government may require, and payment will be made when the whole amount contracted for shall have been delivered and accepted.

The bidder will be required to accompany his proposal with a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that in case his bid is accepted, he or they will, within ten days thereafter, execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to deliver the forage proposed in conformity with the terms of this advertisement; and in case the said bidder should fail to enter into the contract, they to make good the difference between the offer of said bidder and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of a United States District Attorney, Collector of Customs, or any other officer under the United States Government, or responsible person known at this office

All bidders will be duly notified of the acceptance or rejection of their proposals.

The full name and Post-office address of each bidder must be legibly written in the proposal.

Proposals must be addressed to Brigadier-General D. H. Rucker, Chief Depot Quartermaster, Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Forage."

Bonds, in the sum equal to the amount of the contract, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder or bidders upon signing the contract.

Blank forms of bids, guarantees and bonds, may be obtained upon application at this office.

FORM OF PROPOSAL.

(Town, County, and State) ————
(Date) ————

I, the subscriber, do hereby propose to furnish and deliver to the United States, at the Quartermaster's Department, at ————, agreeably to the terms of your advertisement, inviting proposals for forage, dated Washington Depot, Dec. 8, 1863, the following articles viz.:

———— bushels of Corn, in sacks, at —— per bushel of 32 pounds.
———— bushels of Oats, in sacks, at —— per bushel of 32 pounds.
———— tons of baled Hay, at —— per ton of 2,000 pounds.
———— tons of baled Straw, at —— per ton of 2,000 pounds.

Delivery to commence on or before the ———— day of ————, 186–, and to be completed on or before the ———— day of ————, 186–, and pledge myself to enter into a written contract with the United States, with good and approved securities, within the space of ten days after being notified that my bid has been accepted.

Your obedient servant, ————

Brig.-Gen. D. H. RUCKER,
Chief Depot Quartermaster,
Washington, D. C.

GUARANTEE.

We, the undersigned, residents of ————, in the County of ————, and State of ————, hereby jointly and severally covenant with the United States, and guarantee in case the foregoing bid of ———— be accepted, that he or they will, within ten days after the acceptance of said bid, execute the contract for the same with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to furnish the forage proposed in conformity to the terms of advertisement dated Dec. 8, 1863, under which the bid was made, and, in case the said ———— shall fail to enter into a contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer by the said ———— and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

Witness, { Given under our hands and seals this —— day of ——, 186 [Seal.] [Seal.]

I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the above-named guarantors are good and sufficient as sureties for the amount for which they offer to be security.

To be certified by the United States District-Attorney, Collector of Customs, or any other officer under the United States Government, or responsible person known at this office.

All proposals received under this advertisement will be opened and examined at this office on Wednesday and Saturday of each week, at 12 M. Bidders are respectfully invited to be present at the opening of bids, if they desire.
D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier-General and Quartermaster.

ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, April 6, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned until WEDNESDAY, April 20, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for furnishing this Department (by contract) with—

Blankets, Woolen—Army Standard.
Camp Kettles—Army Standard.
Color Belts—Army Standard.
Drums, complete—Army Standard.
Felling Axes (first quality only, and to weigh from 4¾ to 5¼ pounds)—Army Standard.
Felling Axe Handles—Army Standard.
Guidons (Cavalry)—Army Standard.
Kersey, Sky Blue—Army Standard.
Pick Axes—Army Standard.
Pick Axe Handles—Army Standard.
Spades—Army Standard.
Shelter Tents—Army Standard.

Samples of which may be seen at the office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered, free of charge, at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must in all cases furnish samples, marked and numbered to correspond with their proposal, and distinctly state in their bids the quantity of goods they propose to furnish, the price, and the time of delivery.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Wednesday, April 20, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Thursday, April 21.

Bonds will be required that the contracts will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to Proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

By order of Col. THOMAS SWORDS, A. Q. M. G.
C. W. MOULTON,
Captain and A. Q. M.

PROPOSALS FOR HATS, CAPS, SHOES, DRY GOODS, SEWING MATERIALS, &c.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON,
OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, March 26, 1864.

WRITTEN PROPOSALS will be received at this office until further notice for furnishing the following articles for use of contraband men, women and children in this department. Brogans (russet, &c.,) and other serviceable boots and shoes for men, women and children's wear.

Chip, felt and woollen hats, and cloth caps.
Kerseys, linseys, ginghams, blankets, and other woollen and cotton goods.
Hickory stripes (for shirts,) bed-ticking, unbleached muslin, and woolen socks.
Spool cotton, black and white linen thread.
Bone suspender-buttons, large buttons for coats.
White porcelain buttons, yarn, needles, and other sewing materials and trimmings.

Samples should be sent with each bid, at the expense of the party forwarding the same.

An oath of allegiance should accompany each bid.

No verbal propositions will be entertained, but every bid or modification of the same must be in writing.

Purchases will be made from time to time as the goods are needed, under contract or otherwise, as the interests of the service may require.

Good security will be required for the faithful fulfillment of any contract made under this advertisement.

Proposals should be sealed and addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Furnishing Dry Goods, &c."
ELIAS M. GREENE,
Lieutenant-Colonel and Chief Quartermaster,
Department of Washington.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
No. 502 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, April 7, 1864.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on THURSDAY, the 14th inst., for furnishing by contract at the depot of Army Clothing and Equipage in this City, six mule wagon Harness complete.

Specifications for which can be seen at this office. Bidders will state the quantity they wish to supply and the shortest time in which they can deliver it.

All proposals must be accompanied by a proper guaranty for the faithful performance of a contract.

The United States reserves the right to reject all bids deemed objectionable.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for furnishing Harness," and addressed to
Lieut.-Col. D. H. VINTON,
Dy. Quartermaster-Gen.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 36 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily, for the FREIGHTING OF FORAGE for the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, and other ports on Coast of Maine, to Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C., and New-Orleans, La.

PROPOSITIONS must state name, standing, and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to
S. L. BROWN,
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster

OFFICE CROTON AQUEDUCT BOARD,
April 4, 1864.

TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until FRIDAY, the 15th day of April inst., at 12 o'clock at noon, when they will be publicly opened, for furnishing and cutting about twenty-five hundred (2500) square feet of bluestone flagging, required for the terraces of the gate-houses of the new reservoir. Plans and specifications for the same can be seen on application at this office.
THOMAS STEPHENS, ROBT. L. DARRAGH, A. W. CRAVEN. } Croton Aqueduct Board.

FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 36 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK CITY.

WANTED—HAY, STRAW, CORN AND OATS, for which cash will be paid on delivery.
S. L. BROWN, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

PROPOSALS.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until WEDNESDAY, April 27, at 4 P. M., for 100,000 sets of Infantry Accoutrements, calibre 58, to be delivered in the following quantities at the under-named Arsenals, viz.:

30,000 sets at the New-York Arsenal, Governor's Island.
20,000 sets at the Frankfort Arsenal, Bridesburgh, Pa.
30,000 sets at the Alleghany Arsenal, Pittsburgh, Pa.
20,000 sets at the St. Louis Arsenal, St. Louis, Mo.

These accoutrements are to be made in strict conformity with the new pattern sets to be seen at the Alleghany, New-York, Frankford, St. Louis, Watervliet, Watertown and Washington Arsenals, and the Springfield Armory. It is to be distinctly understood that this department is to have the privilege of inspecting the work done under any contract it may award, in all stages of its progress, at the shops of the contractor, especially to examine the stock before cutting. They are to be subject to inspection at the Arsenal where delivered, before being received for the Government. None are to be accepted or paid for but such as are approved upon inspection. The belts to be of grained leather, and all the stock to be the best oak tanned. The shoulder belt will be included in the set.

Deliveries must be made in lots of not less than one-fifteenth (1-15) per week of the whole number contracted for; the first delivery to be made on the 21st day of May.

Failure to make deliveries at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the number he may fail to deliver at that time.

The accoutrements must be boxed in the usual manner; the boxes to be charged at cost, to be determined by the inspector.

Bidders will state explicitly the Arsenal, or Arsenals, where they propose to deliver, and the number of sets they propose to deliver at each place, if for more than one.

No bids will be considered from parties other than regular manufacturers, and such as are known to this Department to be fully competent to execute in their own shops the work proposed for. Should any party obtaining a contract offer accoutrements other than those made in his own shops, they will be rejected, and the contract rendered null and void. The name and place of manufacture of each party obtaining a contract must be stamped on each part of each set of accoutrements.

Bidders will inclose with their bids the written acknowledgments of their sureties, over their own signatures.

Each party obtaining a contract will be obliged to enter into bond, with approved sureties, for its faithful execution.

Upon the award being made, successful bidders will be notified, and furnished with forms of contract and bond.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if not deemed satisfactory.

Proposals will be addressed to "Brigadier-General George D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.," indorsed "Proposals for Infantry Accoutrements."
GEORGE D. RAMSAY,
Brig.-Gen., Chief of Ordnance.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Minnesota Central Railway Company, in Minneapolis, Minnesota, until the 5th day of May, 1864, at 12 o'clock noon, for the grading, masonry and bridging on the branch line of said road from Mendota to St. Paul.

The work comprises a large amount of sand-rock excavation, and the masonry and superstructure of a bridge across the Mississippi River.

Notice is hereby given that on or about the same date, the work of completing the grading, masonry and bridging on the main line of said road, from Farribault to the Iowa State line, (57) fifty-seven miles, will be contracted for.

The work upon the branch line is of a very heavy character, and is worthy the attention of responsible contractors.

Payments will be made monthly, in cash, and bids received for the work in small or large quantities, the company reserving the right to reject any bids not satisfactory as to price or as to the responsibility of the parties making the same.

For information with regard to said work, application may be made to the Company's Chief Engineer, at Minneapolis, Minnesota.
S. CHAMBERLAIN, President.
D. C. SHEPARD, Chief Engineer.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st. Call, send, or write.

$1,000 FORFEITED AND NO CHARGE UNLESS CURED.—Dr. Hunter's Red Drop cures venereal diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury; but possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known that scientific men, in every department of medical knowledge, begin to appreciate it; for hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians in regard to some pitiful patient who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Eight separate rooms and a private entrance. A ten cent bill will secure the Monitor of Health by return mail.

NATURE'S SOVEREIGN REMEDIALS FROM PLANTS.—Spotted Fever Specific, a positive remedial. Scrofularia, eradicates all scrofulous and other inherited diseases, all liver, mercurial, syphilitic, and skin diseases, tumors, ulcers, &c. Veronica Quinquefolia, purifies the blood and system from every taint. Neumonica cures consumption and other lung diseases, catarrh, bronchitis, asthma, gout, rheumatism, diphtheria, dropsy and dyspepsia. Urinaria, cures all kidney and uterine and other organic maladies, prolapsus uteri, gravel and chronic diarrhœa. Small Pox Specific, an unfailing remedy. Cancer and Cancerous Humors, a new Specific remedial will be sent on special application, with full advice. All are in bottles at $3 and $5. Sent by express. A Treatise on Diseases gratis. Apply to WM. R. PRINCE, Flushing, or HEGEMAN & CO., Broadway, New-York.

ADVICE TO MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions, by addressing Box No. 2,350 N. Y. Post-office. N. B.—Those who prefer an infallible, certain and safe mode of treatment, without the use of medicine or instruments, can avail themselves of it by one interview, and be attended by one of their own sex.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 100th edition of the valuable book entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 18 Ann-st.
FEDERHEN & CO., No. 13 Court-st., Boston

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 50 Lispenard-st. N. Y.

DR. LARMONT, AUTHOR OF THE PARIS, LONDON AND NEW-YORK MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE, 80th edition, over 400 pages, nearly 100 illustrations, continues to relieve patients incompetent to fulfill the duties of life from indiscretion, excesses, nervous and general debility, &c., at No. 173 Broadway, up stairs, from 10 to 5 o'clock. Published by E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House, for $1. "We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work."—*Courrier des Etats Unis, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages, and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage-stamps. Address Dr. LA'CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

ON A NEW AND SUCCESSFUL METHOD FOR THE CURE OF SPERMATORRHEA AND ITS RESULTS. Fourth Edition. Intended for Popular Use. By C. D. HAMMOND, M.D., formerly Professor of Special Anatomy in the Syracuse Medical College, N. Y. Price $1. WARNER, Publisher, No. 1 Vesey-st., N. Y. The author may be consulted from 9 to 10, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 31 East 27th-st.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases. Thirty years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—Those who may have been misled by quack advertisements, nostrums, &c., can call on Dr. J., with the certainty of a cure.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the SCALPEL, attends exclusively to operative surgery and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera, hernia, hemorrhoids, varicocele and fistula. No. 42 5th-av., between 10th and 11th-sts. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 2, and 7 to 9 evenings.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1864.

TEN PAGES.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Robert le Diable.

WALLACK'S—Rosedale.

WINTER GARDEN—Fazio.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—Our Wife—Loyalina.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—The Fool's Revenge.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Great Arabian Giant, French Giant, Giant Girl, Giant Boy, Two Dwarfs, Moving Wax Figures, Infant Drummer, &c., at all hours Saphosa; Or, The Spirit of Beauty; Harrison, Comic Singer and Tyrolean Whistler, at 3 and 7½ P. M.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—Moral Exhibition and Egyptian Caravan.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—Hippothatronic Performances.

HOPE CHAPEL—The Stereoscopticon.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the Times (Daily) is Three Cents, except of the Sunday morning issue, which is Four Cents.

To Mail Subscribers per annum.....$8 00
Including Sunday morning edition, $10.

The Semi-Weekly Times.

One copy 1 year ....$3 00 | Five copies 1 year...12 00
Two copies 1 year... 5 00 | Ten copies 1 year....22 50

The Weekly Times.

One copy 1 year.....$2 00 | Five copies 1 year.. 8 00
Three copies 1 year 5 00 | Ten copies 1 year....15 00
And an Extra Copy to any Club of Ten.
Twenty copies 1 year.....25 00

To Clergymen.—Weekly, $1 50; Semi-Weekly, $2 25.

Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the Weekly and Semi-Weekly, at Club Rates.

Payments invariably in advance.

We have no authorized traveling Agents.

To any person sending us a Club of Twenty, the Semi-Weekly Times will be sent gratuitously for one year. To any one sending us a Club of Fifty, the Daily Times will be sent gratis for one year. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

We have important news from Kentucky this morning. The rebel forces under the ubiquitous Forrest have again turned up, and yesterday made a simultaneous attack on Fort Halleck, at Columbus, Ky., and on Fort Pillow, some distance below on the river, in Tennessee. The attack on Columbus was by the rebel Gen. Buford, who first sent a demand for a surrender, which was refused by Col. Lawrence, of the Thirty-fourth New-Jersey, in command of the post. The women and children had all been sent away. Buford, in his demand for a surrender, said he could guarantee no quarter to the black troops, even after they got in his possession. The fortunate arrival of three thousand veterans going home on furlough, however, would somewhat interfere with the rebel arrangements. The attack on Fort Pillow was going on all day during the 12th; and when the steamer passed a flag of truce was visible, though fighting was afterward resumed.

Dispatches from Knoxville report the assembling at that place, on the 12th inst., of the Knoxville-Greenville Convention, for the purpose of taking into consideration the separation of East Tennessee from the rest of the State. Gov. Johnson was present, and is reported as having made a strongly radical speech. The prospects of effectiag the separation were not flattering.

The Baltimore steamer *Georgiana*, on the morning of the 12th, off New Point Comfort, picked up three deserters in a small skiff from Yorktown, making for the Eastern shore. Capt. Pearson hailed them three times, but they did not stop till the guard fired at them and brought them back. They were delivered over to the Provost-Marshal at Fortress Monroe.

Advices from the Army of the Potomac state that scouts bring the information that Longstreet, with the greater portion of his army, has arrived at Richmond, probably for the purpose of reinforcing Lee.

The latest reports from Chattanooga represent everything as very quiet in front of that place.

FROM EUROPE.

The Inman steamer *Etna*, from Liverpool March 30, and Queenstown, March 31, arrived at this port yesterday. The steamer *Peruvian*, from Liverpool March 31 and Londonderry April 1, was reported at Portland, thus bringing two days' later news. The latest dispatches via Queenstown concerning the steamship *City of New-York*, are to the effect that she will undoubtedly prove a total wreck. But the Captain of the *Etna* reports that the ship was lying easy and being lighted, and would undoubtedly be floated off. There had been no further fighting before Duppel. The loss in the terrible fight reported by the previous steamer are contemptibly small, and prove it to have been a very small affair. The Conference was certainly to be opened in London on the 12th of April. It was reported that Austria, Russia, France, Prussia and Denmark had accepted it. The Court of Assize of the Seine, France, sitting without a jury, has condemned Mazzini by contumacy to transportation, for participating in the conspiracy against the life of the Emperor. The latest dispatches report that it was asserted that negotiations between the Archduke Maximilian and the Emperor of Austria had terminated favorably. The health of His Holiness, the Pope, was much improved.

LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate yesterday the following bills were passed: Amending the charter of the Port Morris Land Improvement Company; extending the time for the completion of the South Side Railroad; authorizing the construction of storage reservoirs in Croton River; the Soldier's Voting Bill was passed by 29 yeas, no nays; empowering the New-York Infirmary for Indigent Women to confer the title of M. D. A communication was received from Gen. Dix, relative to the imprisonment of Hawley D. Clapp, stating that Clapp is under arrest for being implicated in the most atrocious frauds upon recruits at Lafayette Hall, he being the chief bounty-broker. Gen. Dix states the amount of such frauds to be $400,000. The Supply Bill was considered during the afternoon session.

In the Assembly the following bills were passed: To repeal the act to facilitate the closing up of insolvent Insurance Companies; to incorporate the Seventh Ward Savings Bank; relative to statistical records in New-York. The Senate's amendments to the Soldiers' Voting Bill were non-concurred in, and a Committee of Conference was appointed on the same. The amended Metropolitan Police Act was passed, by a vote of ayes 66, noes 19. In the evening, the Assembly was mainly occupied with the consideration of claim bills. The Albany Bridge Bill was made the special order for Monday afternoon next.

GENERAL NEWS.

The trial of Daniel Brooks, the negro indicted for the murder of William Smith, a barkeeper in McKinley's saloon on South-street, was continued yesterday. The entire day was occupied in examining the witnesses for the defence. Several of these who were with Brooks when the shooting took place, testified that Smith, the deceased, threw three tumblers at Brooks and his friends, one of which hit the prisoner; that Smith then tried to push prisoner out of the room, and kicked him several times. Smith had an ice-pick in his hand when he struck Brooks.

In the case of John W. Hunter, now under examination before the United States Commissioner, no evidence was taken yesterday owing to the absence of the senior counsel for the defence. Judge Pierrepont's remarks upon Mr. Cisco's evidence and the means taken by counsel to test his reliability as an expert in handwriting will be found in full in the law column to-day. The result of this test offers one of the most remarkable instances on record of the liability of a witness to be mistaken even when his intentions to tell the truth are undoubted.

A man named Peter McArdle was stabbed with a dirk-knife in the hands of Peter Gibson, last evening, at No. 172 Elizabeth-street. He died almost instantly, the weapon having penetrated his heart. Gibson was immediately arrested by a Fourteenth Ward Policeman, and held to await the result of the Coroner's inquest, which will be held this morning.

Mr. A. A. Lovett, the Superintendent of the People's Line of Telegraph, died last evening, of apoplexy, at his office, No. 21 Wall-street. Mr. Lovett had long been identified with the telegraphic interests of the country, and was highly esteemed. His remains will be taken to Beverly, Mass., for interment.

Hugh Minick and one Johnson were yesterday arrested, as being two of the desperadoes who were engaged in the murderous attack on Sergt. Polley Monday evening. They were committed in default of $2,000 bail each.

The Stock market closed firm yesterday, though not generally buoyant. The price of Gold, 177¾ ₱ cent. Government Stocks in continued large demand. Money, 7 ₱ cent., and in good supply. Subscriptions to the New Loan, nearly a million of dollars.

An active speculative demand prevailed yesterday for the principal kinds of Breadstuffs, Provisions, Cotton, Tallow and Whisky at higher and rising prices. Groceries, Hay, Hops, Oils, Spices, Wool and Tobacco were in good request and held with much more firmness. The Freight market was quite dull and heavy.

The Pretexts for Retrenching Freedom of Debate.

We are ashamed of the shifts of the supporters of the Speaker's resolution.

They cite the votes of the Democratic party twenty years ago, expelling Mr. Giddings. The action of slave-masters and their lackeys, the basest and meanest combination that ever cursed a free country, is held up as a fit rule of conduct for loyal men in these times. It is an insult. Sir Matthew Hale did not quote Jeffreys, nor does Garibaldi Bomba.

They point to the expulsion of Bright and Reid and Burnett in the last Congress. These men were not expelled for their opinions, but for their acts—Bright for correspondence with Jeff. Davis, then a rebel; the other two for having taken up arms in the rebel service. No expulsion was made in that Congress but for overt acts. It was precisely because no such act could be proved upon Senator Powell that the attempt to deprive him of his seat failed.

They pour virtuous indignation upon the false and ruinous doctrines of Long's speech, just as if it was only necessary to make a speech odious to make it punishable. All this piling up of patriotic agony has nothing to do with the real issue. The question is, whether the freedom of debate is or is not under any other restriction than that against "disorderly behavior," which is designated in the Constitution as an offence for which members may be punished. It is not pretended that Mr. Long was guilty of "disorderly behavior." His speech was perfectly calm and decorous, and from the beginning to the end he was not once called to order by the Speaker, whose duty, under the rules, it would have been to call him to order, had there been any breach of it. The offence was not in the behaviour, but in the doctrine. Can obnoxious doctrine justify expulsion? That is the vital point. It has not been met. It has been evaded.

Every man who reflects for a moment, sees that there is a momentous principle involved here. If two-thirds of either branch of Congress have a right to expel the remaining third, or any member of the remaining third, for opinions urged in debate, and that is henceforth to stand as the parliamentary law of the Republic, it is high time the thing were understood, and all further cant be stopped about our glorious institutions. Our claim to be considered a representative Government is a falsehood, if our Representatives are thus personally accountable to each other for the sentiments they express and the arguments they employ. There can be no security of representation without security of perfect freedom of utterance. Both securities stand on the same constitutional ground, and are alike unlimited. If the Second District of Ohio have chosen to send Alexander Long to the National Congress as their Representative, he has a right to be heard as such without intimidation or constraint of any kind whatsoever. His representative character is at an end the instant that freedom is interfered with. It is useless to say that he has abused his representative trust. That is a matter of opinion, and of it his constituents are the only lawful judges.

A great deal is said about the treasonable character of the speech, and particularly of its words: "I believe there are but two alternatives, and these are, either an acknowledgment of the independence of the South as an independent nation, or their complete subjugation and extermination as a people; and of these alternatives, I prefer the former." There is no more treason in that utterance, than in the other utterance made again and again in the House, directly and indirectly, that disunion would be preferable to a restoration of the slave power. We accord with neither. Our Unionism knows no alternative. It is exclusive, supreme, inevitable. We hold that if it were necessary—which, thank heaven, it is not—for the crushing of this rebellion, that every individual rebel within its limits should be crushed out of existence, it would be both the right and the duty of the Government to keep to this war until that thing were done. It would be its right, because its cause is just. It would be obligatory because the vital interests of untold generations are at stake—because the life of a nation is of greater consequence than the lives of any number of life—because if this Republican experiment is to go down in that endless strife and anarchy which must follow the disruption of the bonds holding these States, the world will take it as conclusive proof that civil freedom is but a delusion and a snare, and the dial of human progress will be put back for centuries. So, too, dreadful as will be the necessity, we would take again Slavery sooner than the death of the Republic—finding our consolation that there is no evil institution which must not crumble sooner or later before the Christian spirit of modern civilization. Yet far be it from us to say that it is necessarily treasonable to express different views upon either of these subjects—least of all, that it is treasonable for a Representative of the people to do this in the National Capitol, with all the sanctities of his oath upon him, and in the full consciouness of his accountability to his constituents. We would fling our pen from us forever sooner than it should defend for an instant such an application of constructive treason in the citadel of American liberty.

For Mr. Long personally we care nothing. Individuals *are* nothing in the presence of principles like this in issue. We suppose Mr. Long to be an honest man; but whether he is so or not, he has rights as a Representative which are sacred. Wilkes was the vilest wretch who ever sat in the British Parliament; yet when a parliamentary majority used arbitrary power toward him, the wrong shook the kingdom. What is Mr. Long's case to-day may, next year, be Mr. Stevens' case, or Mr. Conway's case, or Mr. Grinnell's case, or some other Representative's case, whose language two-thirds of the body may choose to put down as treasonable. No debater in that body can in future be safe, if this precedent is established. The vital concerns of the nation have been and never will be discussed without an enunciation of sentiments from some quarter which in some other quarter are deemed pregnant with disorganization and ruin. There was not a prominent Anti-Slavery man in the House, or in the Senate, in the time of the old Pro-Slavery *régime*, who was not some day or other denounced to his face as an enemy of his country; and for much of the time at least, two-thirds of the body would have been glad so to vote him, and thereupon expel him, had there been the slightest foundation for any such assumption of a two-thirds prerogative.

As a precedent, this resolution is infinitely more dangerous than the abuse of speech it seeks to punish. It is idle to declare that it will not be used wrongfully hereafter. That would depend on the greater or less extent of party violence, and this is no dependence at all. When representative rights have no other security than that, we may better renounce them altogether.

The Lieutenant-General's Report of His Last Great Victory.

Gen. Grant's later official reports differ from his earlier ones in somewhat the same kind and degree that his later operations differ from his earlier ones. Those who have in mind his first essays in military chronicling will remember in them something of the same crudity that marked his first battles. The report which we to-day present of the grand series of operations in Tennessee exhibits, on the contrary, the same calm, incisive, mature manipulation that characterized the combinations that drove Bragg, broken and routed, from before Chattanooga.

This fact signalizes the prominent quality in Gen. Grant's character. We mean his *growth*. Gen. Grant is not a great original military genius: his early career showed none of that flush and outflashing of the divine fire which marked the opening career of Napoleon, of Gustavus, and even of Charles XII. He began, as Frederick the Great began, by a series of operations that were so far from being brilliant, that even his successes, when he began to be successful, were commonly ascribed to "luck." He is a practical, energetic working man—failing in one plan trying another, but learning something always both from victories and defeats, and ending by snatching the laurels of first-class generalship. Napoleon remarked of Turenne that he was the only captain on record who grew bolder in proportion as he grew older. Grant justifies the parallel so far that his military career exhibits a steady development of audacity, skill and power.

The present report covers the series of highly important military events from the time Gen. Grant assumed command of the consolidated armies of the West, and established his headquarters at Chattanooga, down to the retreat of Bragg, after the actions of the 24th and 25th of November. It bears date Dec. 23, less than a month after the transactions recorded, and is a model of military promptitude. In this respect Gen. Grant resembles those Generals who take a year to write their reports, as little as their campaigns resemble his.

Gen. Grant's first act on assuming command has the interest of a dramatic situation. Learning that Gen. Rosecrans entertained fears of being compelled to fall back from Chattanooga on account of the impossibility of supplying the army, he telegraphed to Gen. Thomas to hold on till he arrived. The reply—characteristic of the sturdy old hero of Chickamauga—was: "I will hold the town till we starve." This was not even a distant contingency, for the garrisen was at that time starving; and it became the first duty of Gen. Grant, on reaching Chattanooga, to relieve the position from the rebel investment. The enemy's lines extended from the Tennessee River above Chattanooga to the river at and below the point of Lookout Mountain below Chattanooga. True, we held possession of the country north of the river, but the communications were from sixty to seventy miles, over the most impracticable roads. Already more than ten thousand animals had perished in supplying half rations to the troops. "They could not," adds Gen. Grant, "have been supplied another week." This frightful condition and the still more frightful consequences it must have entailed, were removed from the Army of Chattanooga by the brilliant operation by which possession was obtained of Lookout Valley and the river opened for supplies, the details of which are fully given in the present report. Its immediate and historical importance can only be appreciated by the reflection of the unspeakable disaster that would have attended a compulsory retreat from Chattanooga; and retreat was inevitable, had not Grant done what he did.

The succeeding operations, the real purpose of which is now for the first time fully known, were of equal, if not greater importance. It will be remembered that Jeff. Davis, on the heels of the battle of Chickamauga, declared his purpose to "drive the Yankees out of Tennessee, if it took every man in the Southern Confederacy to do it." With the view of carrying this purpose into execution, Longstreet was detached from Bragg's army, and went into East Tennessee to destroy Burnside and recover Knoxville. To make the thing sure, several other divisions of the rebel army were to be secretly detached and sent to join Longstreet. One division of Buckner's corps actually went, and another was under way. Bragg's expectation was to hold Grant in check while the great design in East Tennessee should be executed; and the wily rebel went so far as to send a message to Grant, the text of which is given in the report, to the effect that "prudence would dictate the early removal of non-combatants from Chattanooga." Grant, however, read "between the lines" of this note, the real meaning of which he rightly divined, and in place of following this piece of gratuitous advice, and moving his *non*-combatants from Chattanooga, he moved his *combatants*, and in such style that Bragg was forced, after being thoroughly whipped at every point, to beat a hasty and demoralized retreat, which, by a vigorous pursuit was converted into a complete rout, in which the braggart rebel chief lost over six thousand prisoners, seven thousand stand of arms and nearly all his artillery. The strategic combinations and the maze of tactical operations by which these great results were wrought out, are fully set forth in the present report, which now takes its place among the historical archives of the war.

Great as was the immediate effect of the actions above indicated, their ulterior results have been undoubtedly still vaster. They utterly killed all possibility of an offensive movement by the rebels in Tennessee, and gave us secure hold of the great central mountain citadel of the South, which now insured to us as a possession forever, Gen. Grant has been able to leave in other hands, and take the field in Virginia, in whose restricted areas we hope to see him find another Vicksburgh. If he is able to make such a report of his campaign in Virginia as he has just made of his campaign in Tennessee, he will deserve even a deeper gratitude than he now commands.

A Peremptory Opinion.—Confidence in one's own judgment is a very excellent thing, in spite of the fact that it sometimes leads to a degree of dogmatism that seems very much like arrogance. Our excellent Sub-Treasurer, Mr. Cisco, in some testimony which he gave the other day as to the genuineness of the signature to a check which had been paid at his office, carried this confidence to an extent that would seem, to say the least, a little dangerous. He swore that the signature was genuine—that it was impossible for him to be deceived as to the handwriting of Mr. Hunter, whose name was signed to the check—that the opinions of any number of experts on the subject would not in the least shake his confidence in his own—that Mr. Hunter's sworn statement would not affect it,—and that if a man should turn State's evidence and swear that *he* forged the signature, Mr. Cisco would not believe him. This certainly is a very strong statement,—so strong as inevitably to suggest a suspicion that Mr. Cisco must have some very strong motive for proclaiming, under oath and with such extraordinary emphasis, his belief in the absolute infallibility of his own judgment in a matter concerning which, as everybody knows, the most skillful men in the world are constantly misled.

The action of Mr. Cisco in this instance seems the more remarkable, when it is remembered that the character of a man, who has hitherto stood quite as well as Mr. Cisco, (and more could not be said,) in this community, is to be blasted forever by this testimony, if it carries the weight Mr. Cisco thinks it deserves. Mr. Hunter's name has either been forged, or else Mr. Hunter has deliberately robbed the Government of three or four thousand dollars. For thirty years Mr. Hunter has held a place of high responsibility and trust in this City,—he has had opportunities to take hundreds of thousands of dollars from the public treasury, but no human being ever before uttered a syllable of suspicion as to his integrity. It certainly, on the face of the case, is quite as likely that his name has been forged as that he has turned dishonest suddenly on so small a temptation: and he is entitled to the fullest and fairest investigation of the whole affair before he is adjudged guilty,—even if Mr. Cisco's estimate of his own preternatural sagacity should be somewhat damaged thereby. Some remarks made by Judge Pierrepont, Mr. Hunter's counsel in this case, which will be found in another column, deserve and will repay attention in this connection.

Salaries of our Policemen.—We hope the Legislature will not overlook the bill now before them authorizing an increase in the salaries of the members of the police force in this City. They are entitled to it by every consideration of justice, and they certainly need it quite as much as any other portion of our fellow-citizens. We know that the increase, though not large for each person, still amounts to a large sum in the aggregate; but the City is willing to pay liberally those who really serve and protect its interests with fidelity and success. We hope the bill will receive the prompt and favorable action of the Legislature.

The Park.—Why will not the City authorities pull up the hideous little posts stuck up over the Park, like pins on a cribbage board? They are neither useful nor ornamental, and only help to disfigure still further what is quite ugly enough for all practical purposes already. Besides, they divert the attention of strangers who are admirers of art from the statue of Washington. Let the poor have them for firewood.

Amusements.

Last Day of the Menagerie.—This is the last day of Van Amburgh's slendid menagerie, the finest exhibition of the kind ever opened in this City. It will be open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.

COMMERCE WITH JAPAN.

Conclusion of a New Commercial Convention with the Japanese Government.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Kanagawa, Japan, Sunday, Jan. 31, 1864.

We are happy to be able to forward to you by this mail a copy of a convention "for the purpose of encouraging and facilitating the commerce of citizens of the United States in Japan."

In the original treaty made by our Ex-Minister, Mr. Harris, with this country for commercial purposes, a duty of five per cent. was agreed upon for *all* exports. Imports, however, were classified, and a duty of five per cent. fixed on most articles then thought likely to find a market in this country, such as manufactured cotton and woolen goods, materials for building and repairing ships and houses, &c. All those things not therein enumerated, without distinction, however, to pay twenty per cent., excepting wines and liquors, on which a tariff of thirty-five per cent. was fixed.

Five years' intercourse with Western nations has, however, not been without its effect in creating wants with this people, and our merchants to-day find themselves paying twenty per cent. duty on quite a long list of articles, which were overlooked by the framers of the treaty at the beginning. The necessity for an amendment in this respect has for some time been felt by all. It will be seen in the annexed copy, that this was attempted by our Minister a year ago, but which, in consequence of unavoidable circumstances, could not then be completed. This concession on the part of the Japanese has not been made at this time, as it may well be imagined, without its equivalents. Though not named in the convention, they are *understood*, and without which we very much doubt whether it ever would have been attained. The equivalents are *temporary closure of Osaca and Yeddo*, both of which should have been to-day ports of trade, according to the stipulations of the treaty of Mr. Harris.

The Japanese, we can assure your readers, have in this matter *by far the best of the bargain*. Of this, however, we shall speak at length in our next. For the present, suffice it to say, as far as our Minister is concerned, he virtually had no other alternative, without our Government was ready to force the Japanese into a compliance with that portion of the treaty. This it would have been obliged to undertake alone, as the European Powers had already consented to the closing of the above-named ports. We cannot pass, however, without giving Mr. Pruyn the credit due him for his sagacity in the matter, and for having obtained, in fact, signed, sealed and delivered, what the representatives of the other treaty Powers, up to this time, had failed to do, though promised to the Home Governments by the Embassy visiting Europe a year ago.

The date of the departure of the Second Japanese Embassy to Europe and America is now fixed for the 2d of February.

CONVENTION.

For the purpose of encouraging and facilitating the commerce of citizens of the United States in Japan, and after due deliberation, His Excellency Robert H. Pruyn, Minister Resident of the United States in Japan, and His Excellency Sabata Sabataro, Governor of Foreign Affairs, both having full powers from their respective Governments, have agreed on the the following articles, viz.:

Article I.—The following articles used in the preparation and packing of teas shall be free of duty: sheet lead, solder, matting, rattan, oil for painting, indigo, gipsum, firing-pans, baskets.

Art. II.—The following articles shall be admitted at the reduced duty of five per cent.: Machines and machinery, drugs and medicines, * iron, in pigs or bars; sheet iron and iron wire, tin plates, white sugars, in loaves or crushed; glass and glassware, clocks and watches, watch-chains, wines, malted and spirituous liquors.

Art. II.—The citizens of the United States importing or exporting goods shall always pay the duty fixed thereon whether such goods are intended for their own use or not.

Art. IV.—This convention having been agreed upon a year ago, and its signature delayed through unavoidable circumstances, it is hereby agreed that the same shall go into effect at Kanagawa on the 8th of February next, corresponding to the first day of the first month of the fourth Japanese year of Bunkiu-Ne, had at Nagasaki and Hakodate, on the 9th day of March next, corresponding to the first day of the second month of the fourth year of Bunkiu-Ne.

Done in Quadruplicate, each copy being written in the English, Japanese and Dutch languages, all the versions having the same meaning, but the Dutch version shall be considered as the original.

In Witness whereof the above named Plenipotentiaries have hereunto set their hands and seals at the City of Yeddo, the 28th day of January, of the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty-eighth corresponding to the twentieth day of the twelfth month of the third year of Bunkiu-Ne of the Japanese era.

[L. S.] ROBT. H. PRUYN.
SIBATA SADATARO.

*The prohibition of the importation of Opium according to the existing treaty, remains in full force.

FROM MEXICO AND ST. DOMINGO.

Intelligence is received in this City from Havana to the 9th instant.

The Government authorities at Havana have made a formal inspection of the Canal of Vento, and have expressed their approbation of the enterprise.

Troops continue to arrive for the St. Domingo expedition.

The trouble between Juarez and Vidaurri is much commented on by the Havana press, and it is alleged that the recent vote taken in the States of New-Leon and Coahuila proves the disposition of the people of those districts to submit to the Government instituted by the French invaders.

An effort is on foot in Havana to establish a university, which, both from its architectural appearance and the course of studies, will be worthy of the Cuban Capital. A site has been selected in the immediate vicinity of the city, and the Government will probably take an active interest in the enterprise.

The Progress of Civilization in New-Jersey.

Trenton, Wednesday, April 13.

A concurrent resolution was introduced in the House to-day, proposing amendments to the Constitution, that the Legislature shall not hereafter grant exclusive privileges to any incorporated company, or deny to any persons or corporations franchises enjoyed by others; nor to extend any exclusive privilege now held by any incorporated company. The resolutions were laid on the table.

The Pirate Retribution.

Newark, N. J., Wednesday, April 13.

In the case of the pirate *Retribution*, two witnesses were sworn on the part of the Government, and testified that the vessel entered Nassau fully armed. The further consideration of the case was postponed two weeks.

The Iron-Clad Catawaba Launched.

Cincinnati, Wednesday, April 13.

The ocean iron-clad steamer *Catawaba* was successfully launched here at noon to-day.

THE METROPOLITAN FAIR.

Continued Large Attendance—The Autographs and Holographs—The Fairies and the Fair—Receipts Yesterday $26,000.

NINTH DAY.

Yesterday, the ninth day of the fair, was the most unpleasant since its opening. The attendance, however, was fully as good as usual.

THE AUTOGRAPHS AND HOLOGRAPHS.

We alluded yesterday to a large and rare collection of autographs and holographs which is on exhibition and for sale at the Fair, having been contributed for the noble charity, in many instances at the cost of that keen regret which we are all prone to feel at parting with cherished heir-looms. The collection contains many letters of great historical and private interest, and it is doubtful if so splendid an opportunity was ever before offered for persons who are afflicted with the wild mania of possessing chirographic mementoes of earth's distinguished children, to indulge their innocent desires. Yet this very interesting department of the fair, it seems to us, does not attract attention according to its merits. "Located" in the Art Gallery, its modest glories are totally eclipsed by the superior splendors of the brilliant pictures which cover the walls. We expect, then, due expressions of gratitude from those of our readers who are curious in these matters, for guiding them to this hidden corner, where these written relics of renowned folk, of the present and past ages, may be seen. Mindful of the hardness of the times, which even puts a check upon too extravagant an indulgence in the commendable luxury of benevolence, the presiding genii of the autograph table have marked their prices very low—surprisingly low. There is here, however, more danger of fiscal ruin to enthusiastic autograph collectors, on account of this very *cheapness*, than if the disastrous plan of high prices, adopted in other departments of the fair, found favor. For instance, the least enthusiastic person having a weakness for treasures of this kind, would scarcely be able to resist the temptation of purchasing for $3 a card picture of the hero Garibaldi, with autograph, which was not discovered until after sundry dollars had been been handed over for mementoes of other great folk, and lacking which no collection would be considered complete. And so enthusiasts are ruined by the very cheapness of the precious things their hearts desire. Purses are exhausted, and the treasures of the catalogue still remain, luring fresh victims to the shrine of hero-worship. From such a vast and comprehensive collection it is difficult to select a tithe of the most notable for mention. In our examination we discovered hundreds of famous names, around which cluster all that is memorable in history, in science, in literature, in art—kings, poets, historians, philanthropists and priests—men whose lives are remarkable. Let us at random note a few. Probably among the most valuable is an original draft, in pencil, of a poem by Goethe, scarred with erasures, and also a holograph of the good German, with his name wonderfully distinct. Kossuth and Garibaldi have each sent card photographs with signatures, expressely in aid of the Fair. Kossuth's picture shows that Time has laid his hand heavily upon him since his visit here. He looks very old and care-worn. In addition to Garibaldi's autograph there is exhibited the dagger which he wore during his Italian campaigns, marked with his initials. This was presented by Hon. George P. Marsh, our Consul at Rome, and is marked at $100. Such a reminder of the noble and patriotic Italian, deftly hung on a library wall would be a constant source of inspiration to any student. The distinguished of our own land, both living and dead, are fully represented. Three letters of Washington, an official order bearing in three places the emphatic and unmistakable signature of John Hancock, a note from Robert Fulton, with a copy of the *Evening Post* of 1807, containing an advertisement of *the* steamboat running between New-York and Albany, and a variety of other letters from men not less famous. Probably the most valuable single letter in the collection was one under date of 1800, which sold on Tuesday for $60, being a familiar epistle from Sir Walter Scott to Washington Irving, speaking of a review of the *Sketch Book* in *Blackwood*, of Lockhart's approaching marriage, and other personal topics. A relic of Irving himself is to be seen, in part of a leaf from the original MS. of "St. Mark's Eve," in *Bracebridge Hall*. All know how seldom the historian Prescott used a pen—his injured sight compelling the employment of an amanuensis—but one of his rare holographs is to be found in the collection. The Bonaparte collection is unequaled, comprising letters and orders from the Emperor and his prominent Generals, of high historic interest. The musical collection includes the MSS. of Beethoven, Mendelssohn, Weber, Rossini, Meyerbeer, and others. Contemporaneous celebrities are well represented, and not a few have made their autographical contributions specially for the fair, among them being the names of the Crown Princess of Prussia, Cardinal Antonelli, and Ristori, the actress. Military heroes can be had for a song—picture and autograph. (Only think of Lieut.-Gen. Grant's card photograph and signature selling for a one-dollar greenback. McClellan's bring fifty cents in postal currency. Longfellow's and Whittier's autographs are in good demand. One of Whittier's is put with the signature of Barbara Frietchie, the glorious old woman of Fredrick, who has been immortalized in the Quaker-poet's verse. Powers has presented a large number of excellent card photographs of all his works, taken by his son, and bearing the sculptor's own signature. We regret that our limited space prevents further allusion at present to this curious and interesting collection, but advise all who are interested to examine it themselves, assuring them of all needful attention at the hands of the ladies and gentlemen who are in charge. We append the names of the contributors: Hon. George P. March, through Mrs. John Sherwood; the Count and Countess Giglineci, (Clara Novello,) of Turin; Joseph Antoni, Esq., attaché of the United States Legation at Turin; Gen. Avezzana, of Turin; Dr. Achille Migliaraces, of Milan; Dr. Cogswell, through Miss Hamilton; Washington Irving's collection, by Pierre M. Irving, through Miss Hamilton; Mr. George L. Schuyler, selected from family papers; Miss Mary H. Hamilton, Mrs. Morris Ketchum, Mrs. John Sherwood, Mr. John W. Ehninger, Mr. J. T. Fields, Boston; Mrs. R. G. White, Mrs. Little, Portland; Dr. Lieber; Right Rev. Bishop Potter, of Pennsylvania; Mrs. Fanny Kemble, and Mrs. Charles King.

RECEIPTS.

The receipts up to 3 o'clock were as follows:

Sales to 3 P. M.	$9,501 68
Admissions to Fourteenth-street	10,843 25
Admissions to Union-square	2,177 25
Donations	3,673 00
Total	$26,195 18

The total amount received at Union-square to date is $32,137 46.

The ninth day of the Great Fair was the most unpleasant since its opening, rain and snow fell by hours during the entire day and evening, still the crowd was as large as usual, and the enthusiasm fully as great. The receipts were not quite so large as on previous days, doubtless owing to the weather, still they were very satisfactory.

THE SWORDS.

The excitement regarding the swords has not abated in the least, though the number of votes cast was not quite as large as on previous days. The vote at the Fourteenth-street Building yesterday, was as follows:

Total number of votes cast	7,718
Of which	
Gen. McClellan has received	3,934
Gen. Grant has received	3,741
Scattering	43
Gen. McClellan ahead	193

The Union Square Departments—Entertainments in the Concert Hall, &c.

THE CHILDRENS' DEPARTMENT.

The reduced price of admission, or the hope of avoiding a crowd, or the desire to pass away a dull evening pleasantly, were evidently sufficient inducements to brave the rain and visit Concert Hall last night in the opinions of the 2,500 ladies and gentlemen who crowded in there. The performance was given by Mr. Robert Heller, in the double character of magician and musician.

The programme consisted of illusions adapted to the parlor or drawing-room, depending entirely upon the skill and adroitness of the performer, together with selections from the operas by the orchestra, and Thalberg's grand fantasia upon airs from "Somnambula," played by Mr. Heller on one of Chickering's grand pianos. The audience were evidently delighted with the evening's entertainment, manifesting their astonishment and delight at each new illusion by loud applause.

THE KNICKERBOCKER KITCHEN.

The kitchen was well attended last evening. Many people prefer eating here to the restaurant on Fourteenth-street. One thing is certainly in its favor—the table is exclusively supplied with home-made edibles. The milk sold here is cow's milk, and no water runs into it even in this rainy weather.

FAIRIES WORKING FOR THE FAIR.

One of the prettiest devices to swell the receipts of the Metropolitan Fair, while it gives innocent pleasure to thousands of children, is a representation of the story of "Cinderella, or the Little Glass Slipper," acted wholly by children from five to thirteen years of age. Mr. Wheatley has kindly offered the use of Niblo's Garden for the purpose, and Mr. Fitz Hugh Ludlow has lent his skillful pen to put the story into proper shape, while the labor of getting up the performance, and the expense of putting a host of children into "court dresses," has been cheerfully assumed by Mrs. Gen. Fremont. The result will be a fairy-like spectacle. Over a hundred children will appear upon the stage, and to through their parts to the delight of many grown folks as well as little people. We are glad to see that there are no parties or cliques among the performers. A son of Gen. Fremont plays the part of *Prince*, while a son of Prof. Morse is the herald—a fit office for the inventor of the world-speaking electric telegraph. The part of *Cinderella* will be performed by a daughter of the well-known artist, J. F. Cropsey, who shows a skill beyond her years. The Queen's minstrel is a little fellow of only seven years of age, who is said to show a marvelous genius on the violin. Mr. Donworth (of the famous band) kindly takes charge of the orchestra, while his brother will direct the dances of the fairies. The representation will be given at Niblo's on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Tickets may be obtained at the Fair building in Fourteenth-street, also at Niblo's Garden, the Book and Music stores.

Impure Breath.—Among all the disagreeable consequences that follow fast the decay of the teeth, an impure breath must be the most unpleasant and mortifying to its possessor, as it is the most inexcusable and offensive in society. How often its possessor experiences a distant coldness shown even from the best of friends, or perhaps the one most fondly cherished, from this source. You are ignorant of the cause yourself, the subject is so delicate—your most intimate friend will not mention it. Why not remove this one great barrier to your *health, beauty and happiness*, at once, by using that justly popular Dentifrice, Fragrant SOZODONT, the most convenient, pleasant and efficacious gem for the toilet the world has ever produced.

Sold by Druggists everywhere at 75 cents per bottle.

A costive habit of body will eventually undermine the health, and violent purgatives afford only temporary relief; but Dr. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS, taken as directed, will soon remove it and all billiousness, and effectually cure Disordered Stomach, Liver Complaint and Sick Headache. Sold by KITCHEN, TYLER & CO., No. 141 Chambers and No. 1 Hudson-st., and by druggists generally.

D. Barnum's Self-sewer for all Sewing-machines, preserves the eyes, avoids bending, no basting. "No machine is complete without it." Price $1 50, with directions. Sent by mail free. Donated to and for sale at the Fair, Fourteenth-street, in the sewing-machine room, and at the inventor's headquarters, WILCOX & GIBB'S sewing-machine office, No. 508 Broadway, New-York.

Ladies who are in Want of a Nice Cologne should try BURNETT'S. It is said to be the ne plus ultra. One test is sufficient. Druggists who would rather sell a good article than a poorer one which affords larger profits, all have this exquisite odor for sale.

All First-class Sewing-Machines
FOR SALE AND TO RENT, BY
HICKS & COMPANY, 480 BROADWAY.
Three doors below Broome-st.

Hernia or Rupture Certainly Cured!
Since the fact has been established that this dangerous disease can be CURED by using
WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS,
the demand upon us has been so great that we have been obliged to increase our manufactory; consequently, this has made some delay in filling orders, but hereafter all orders will be promptly attended to. This truss is LIGHT, CLEAN and EASY—NO PRESSURE on the BACK or SPERMATIC CORD—pressure INWARD and UPWARD, and perfectly controllable. A CURE WARRANTED. FEMALE SUPPORTERS on the same principle. SHOULDER BRACES superior to all others. A stamp inclose for a pamphlet.
GREGORY & CO., No. 609 Broadway.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from Which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by druggists generally.

Demulcent, DEMULCENT, Demulcent,
DEMULCENT, DEMULCENT, DEMULCENT.
This entirely new soap, for chapped and tender hands, is made only by
J. C. HULL'S SON, No. 32 Park-row, N. Y.
To be had of all druggists and grocers.

Prof. Alex. C. Barry's Tricopherous, or Medicated Compound, for preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair, eradicating scurf and dandruff, preventing baldness and gray hairs, curing diseases of the skin, glands and muscles, (such as salt rheum, pimples, chilblains, &c.,) chaps, rheumatism, swellings, sore throat, &c., and giving instant relief in cases of cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, &c. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Principal office, No. 374 Pearl-st., New-York.

Armless Soldiers!—The Board of Surgeons and the Surgeon-General U. S. A. have given special honorary commendation to the Palmer Arm, and authorized its manufacture. Full information given by the inventor. Offices, Philadelphia, New-York and Boston. Palmer's Legs, also.
B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon Artist.

Spring "Feet Coverings."—To gratify the laudable desire of cultivated people to do honor to the season by appearing in handsome boots, CANTRELL has prepared an extensive stock, from which the wants of all can be promptly and cheaply supplied. His spring gaiters for the ladies are especially beautiful. Make your purchases at his store, No. 813 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts.

Safes.
The celebrated Alum Patent Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.
VALENTINE & BUTLER.
Patentees and sole Manufacturers,
Nos. 78 and 80 Walker-st., three doors from Broadway.

Artificial Limbs by E. D. Hudson, M. D., New-York, Astor-place, Clinton Hall, up stairs. United States soldiers and marines furnished without charge, by order of Surgeon-Gen. U.S.A., Surgeon Whelan, U. S. N.

Ruptured Persons are invited to examine Dr. RIGGS' method of treating this disease. Trusses, Supporters, Varicocele Trusses, etc. No. 2 Barclay-st., New-York.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

G. Saunders' Metallic Tablet Razor Strop
—The oldest and most approved Strop now in use, having been before the public for the last forty years. Can be had, wholesale and retail, of the subscribers.
J. & S. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House.

Gold Pens.
FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine
GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory, No. 169 Broadway.

Gentlemen's Fine Dress Boots
and shoes, buckle and Balmoral boots, in great variety of our own manufacture.
SLATER'S, No. 2 Cortlandt-st., near Broadway.

Fair, fair Ladies, if you wish for yourselves and families handsome Boots and Shoes of all the various styles, patronize
MILLER & CO., No. 387 Canal-st.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stich Sewing Machines.
SALESROOMS NO. 495 BROADWAY.

Dyspepsia Tablets for Indigestion. Heart-burn, &c., prepared only by S. G. WELLING, No. 207 Centre-st. Sold by druggists generally. 50c. a box.

Congress.—The most reliable stimulants extant, are undoubtedly, STERNE'S Congress Bourbon, Punch, Bitters and Cordial. Grocers and Druggists have them.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium Lock-stitch Sewing Machines.
No. 505 BROADWAY.

DRAWING OF THE
SHELBY COLLEGE LOTTERY, OF KENTUCKY.
EXTRA CLASS 177—April 13, 1864.
54, 25, 68, 33, 35, 50, 29, 64, 26, 16, 61, 66.
CLASS 178—April 13, 1864.
37, 77, 14, 22, 46, 53, 74, 6, 78, 31, 10, 62.
Z. E. SIMMONS & CO., Managers.
Covington, Ky.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S
KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY.
KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 273.—April 13, 1864.
3, 71, 55, 28, 74, 26, 60, 57, 41, 10, 50, 67.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 274.—April 13, 1864.
30, 1, 28, 42, 16, 43, 21, 31, 44, 71, 73, 12.
Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

LOTTERY TICKETS CASHED IN ALL legalized Lotteries, and information given, by
JOSEPH BATES, Broker,
No. 11 Wall-st., Room No. 1.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—THIRTY per cent. premium paid for prizes; information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO.,
Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

RHEUMATIC PAINS.
Wear the Electric Metallic Insoles, they are an infallible remedy for all rheumatic and nervous diseases.
METTAM & CO., No. 429 Broadway.
Price, $1 50; per mail, $1 80. Send for circular.

CHURCH MUSIC.—MR. A. P. PECK WILL ACcept an engagement from 1st of May as precentor or tenor in a quartet or promiscuous choir. Address A. P. PECK, Brooklyn Post-office.

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

These Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 8, 1864, which provides that in lieu of so much of the loan authorized by the Act of March 3, 1863, to which this is supplementary, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to borrow from time to time, on the credit of the United States, not exceeding TWO HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS, during the current fiscal year, and to prepare and issue therefor Coupon and Registered Bonds of the United States; and all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any State or municipal authority.

Subscriptions to these bonds are received in United States notes or notes of National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually, and on all other bonds semi-annually.

The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year. The semi-annual Coupons are payable at those dates, and the annual Coupons on the 50 and 100 dollar Bonds are payable on the first of March.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds, as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the books of the U. S. Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to bearer, and are more convenient for commercial uses.

Registered Bonds will be issued of the denominations of fifty dollars ($50), one hundred dollars ($100), five hundred dollars ($500), one thousand dollars ($1,000), five thousand dollars ($5,000), and ten thousand dollars ($10,000), and Coupon Bonds of the denominations of fifty dollars ($50), one hundred dollars ($100), five hundred dollars ($500), and one thousand dollars ($1,000).

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their bonds draw interest from March 1, by paying the accrued interest in coin—(or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium), or receive them drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposit.

As these Bonds are exempt from municipal or State taxation, their value is increased from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levies in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay over eight per cent. interest in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of United States Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

The fact that all duties on imports are payable in specie, furnishes a fund for like payment of interest on all Government Bonds, largely in excess of the wants of the treasury for this purpose.

Upon the receipt of subscriptions a certificate of deposit therefor, in duplicate, will be issued, the original of which will be forwarded by the subscriber to the Secretary of the Treasury, at Washington, with a letter stating the kind (registered or coupon) and the denominations of bonds required.

Upon the receipt of the original certificates at the Treasury Department, the Bonds subscribed for will be transmitted to the subscribers respectively.

Subscriptions will be received by the *Treasurer of the United States* at Washington, and the *Assistant Treasurers* at New-York, Boston, and Philadelphia, and by the

First National Bank of New-York, No. 4 Wall-st.
Second National Bank of New-York, 23d-st. and Broadway.
Fourth National Bank of New-York, Pine-st.
Sixth National Bank of New-York, 6th-av. and Broadway.
Tenth National Bank of New-York, No. 240 Broadway.
New-York Exchange Bank, No. 184 Greenwich-st.
First National Bank of Boston, Massachusetts.
Second National Bank of Boston, Massachusetts.
First National Bank of Fall River, Massachusetts.
First National Bank of New-Bedford, Massachusetts.
First National Bank of Springfield, Massachusetts.
Second National Bank of Springfield, Massachusetts.
First National Bank of Worcester, Massachusetts.
First National Bank of Providence, Rhode Island.
First National Bank of Hartford, Connecticut.
First National Bank of New-Haven, Connecticut.
Second National Bank of New-Haven, Connecticut.
First National Bank of New-London, Connecticut.
First National Bank of Stamford, Connecticut.
First National Bank of Bangor, Maine.
First National Bank of Portland, Maine.
First National Bank of Portsmouth, New-Hampshire.
First National Bank of Bennington, Vermont.
First National Bank of Albany, New-York.
First National Bank of Buffalo, New-York.
First National Bank of Binghamton, New-York.
First National Bank of Elmira, New-York.
Second National Bank of Elmira, New-York.
First National Bank of Fishkill Landing, New-York.
First National Bank of Lockport, New-York.
First National Bank of Rondout, New York.
First National Bank of Syracuse, New-York.
Third National Bank of Syracuse, New-York.
Second National Bank of Utica, New-York.
First National Bank of Watertown, New-York.
First National Bank of Troy, New-York.
First National Bank of Newark, New-Jersey.
First National Bank of Marietta, Pennsylvania.
First National Bank of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
First National Bank of Scranton, Pennsylvania.
Second National Bank of Scranton, Pennsylvania.
First National Bank of York, Pennsylvania.
First National Bank of Parkersburgh, W. Virginia.
First National Bank of Baltimore, Maryland.
First National Bank of Washington, District Columbia.
First National Bank of Cincinnati, Ohio.
Third National Bank of Cincinnati, Ohio.
First National Bank of Cleveland, Ohio.
Second National Bank of Cleveland, Ohio.
First National Bank of Columbus, Ohio.
Second National Bank of Dayton, Ohio.
First National Bank of Hamilton, Ohio.
First National Bank of Oberlin, Ohio.
First National Bank of Portsmouth, Ohio.
First National Bank of Sandusky, Ohio.
Second National Bank of Sandusky, Ohio.
First National Bank of Toledo, Ohio.
First National Bank of Zanesville, Ohio.
First National Bank of Evansville, Indiana.
First National Bank of Fort Wayne, Indiana.
First National Bank of Indianapolis, Indiana.
First National Bank of Lafayette, Indiana.
First National Bank of Madison, Indiana.
First National Bank of Terre Haute, Indiana.
First National Bank of Cairo, Illinois.
First National Bank of Chicago, Illinois.
Second National Bank of Chicago, Illinois.
Third National Bank of Chicago, Illinois.
First National Bank of Peoria, Illinois.
First National Bank of Janesville, Wisconsin.
First National Bank of Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
First National Bank of Madison, Wisconsin.
First National Bank of Davenport, Iowa.
First National Bank of Keokuk, Iowa.
First National Bank of St. Louis, Missouri.
Second National Bank of St. Louis, Missouri.
First National Bank of New-Orleans, Louisiana.
First National Bank of Louisville, Kentucky.
First National Bank of Nashville, Tennessee.
First National Bank of St. Paul, Minnesota.

and by all National Banks which are depositaries of public money. All respectable banks and bankers throughout the country will furnish further information on application, and afford every facility to subscribers.

"IN HOC VINCES."

ROMAINE'S CRIMEAN BITTERS.

This invaluable preparation was first used, in a modified form, in French army hospitals during the late Crimean war (hence its name), when its efficacy was fully demonstrated, not only as a preventive of several diseases incident to camp life, but as an efficient Tonic and Alterative; and, notwithstanding testimonials of an undoubted character were furnished us that it had been subjected to severe tests, and to a considerable degree in private practice also, the proprietors deemed it prudent, before its general introduction to the American public, to test it by the same ordeals here as those to which it had been subjected abroad. Previous to this, however, it was submitted for examination as well as recombination to two of our most distinguished analytical chemists, viz.: Dr. James R. Chilton and Julius G. Pohle, both long and well known residents of New-York, whose joint certificate is annexed, which, at a glance, will assure the most sceptical of its great medicinal virtues.

This certificate is of more than ordinary significance, from the fact that the late Dr. Chilton was a graduate many years since of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, then in Barclay-st., New-York, practiced medicine for a brief time, after which gave his attention almost exclusively to Analytical Chemistry, and was a member of the New-York State Medical Society up to the time of his decease. Dr. Pohle is of German birth, of large attainments in General Science, and well known in this City for his skill in Chemical Analysis.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 14, 1862.

From a knowledge of the ingredients and their proportions entering into the composition known as "Romaine's Crimean Bitters," we are enabled to speak of it in terms of high commendation. Peruvian Bark being one of its principal constituents, together with Herbs, Roots and Extracts having decidedly medicinal properties, we have no hesitation in recommending it to physicians and the public generally as an invigorating Tonic, intended to stimulate the digestive organs.

From its alterative properties, it is calculated to prevent as well as cure by its daily use, in moderate quantities, constipation, fever and ague, mild forms of neuralgia and rheumatism. It is an antidote to the effects produced by change of water and diet, correcting diarrhœa, curing dyspepsia, colic, sick and nervous headache, nausea, sea sickness. It is expressly adapted to females of delicate constitutions, and the infirmities of age.

This preparation is composed exclusively of vegetable materials, containing no metallic or mineral substances whatever. Its taste is aromatic, warming and acceptable to the palate and stomach.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M.D.
JULIUS G. POHLE, M.D.

The next step was to introduce it to the Assistant Surgeon of the United States Hospital at Newark, N. J., with a simple request to administer it to invalid soldiers in order to test more particularly its tonic and restorative properties. Its continued use for several months has resulted in justifying all that we have anticipated. In addition to this, it effected a cure, in a brief time, of many inveterate cases of fever and ague, which had defied the usual remedy of quinine.

Simultaneously with its introduction to the United States Hospital by ourselves and through friends, it was brought to the notice and used by many invalids connected with some of the most respectable families in New-York, Brooklyn, and other adjacent cities, afflicted with diseases some of which were of a chronic character, others who were convalescents only, and responses from all of the most favorable character were received.

Some time since the formula or list of ingredients was submitted to

SURGEON-GEN. HAMMOND, U. S. A.,

who expressed his unqualified approbation of the combination. In addition to which

SURGEONS OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY

in various localities, with many others, from personal trials, have rendered written testimonials, confirming, beyond any doubt, its Tonic and Restorative properties.

Our Compound is pronounced of

INCALCULABLE VALUE

in the following Diseases:

FEVER AND AGUE,	COSTIVENESS,
INDIGESTION,	DIARRHŒA,
NAUSEA,	SICK HEADACHE,
LOSS OF APPETITE,	LASSITUDE,
LOWNESS OF SPIRITS,	GENERAL DEBILITY,
FLATULENCE,	PURIFIES THE BREATH,
COLIC,	SALLOW COMPLEXION,

CHOLERA MORBUS,
REGULATES THE BOWELS,
AND CURES LIGHT FORMS OF
NEURALGIA AND RHEUMATISM.
CORRECTS MORBID SECRETIONS, THEREFORE
TENDS TO
PURIFY THE BLOOD.
AS AN EXHILARANT TONIC,

Our Compound is the perfection of

CHEMICAL AND MEDICAL ART,

from the fact that, although it highly exhilarates, no DROWSY or STUPIFYING REACTION follows. In this regard we

CHALLENGE THE WORLD

to equal it. Here lies the objection, even if there were no others, against the use of other exhilarant bitters known to us, that they, one and all, excite the brain for a brief time, then a dull, sleepy state ensues, thus rendering them unfit for the sick and convalescent, the student and those of all other sedentary occupations, as well as exciting an inordinate appetite for ardent spirits. Those who have used Crimean Bitters for months, uniformly declare the above to be true; and among them are

CLERGYMEN, LAWYERS AND STUDENTS,

whose names and post-office address will be given to any who will call at our office.

Our Mr. Chilton has had long experience in the purchase and sale of drugs in this City, and from his thorough knowledge of Chemical Science and the art of compounding, the public is assured that none but the purest and best materials will be used, as well as skill in the combination of our Bitters. The present high standard will not, in any event, be departed from.

We have many written testimonials, which will be published hereafter.

Put up in quart bottles, securely packed in cases of one dozen each. All orders promptly executed.

W. CHILTON & CO.,
Marble Store, No. 22 Walker-st., N. Y.
Sold by Druggists generally.

MENDUM'S NEW BRANCH
FOR THE
SALE OF PURE WINES, ALES, &c.,
now opening at No. 75 Chambers-st., one door west of Delmonico's.
N. B.—Sample room in the rear.

5,000,000 OF CIGARS,
ALL GRADES AND SIZES.
JOHN J. REIMER,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN IMPORTED HAVANA AND MANUFACTURER OF DOMESTIC CIGARS,
NO. 253 WASHINGTON-STREET.
Merchants and the trade are respectfully informed that I have got on hand, and am constantly receiving from my branch house in Havana, the best brands and most salable sizes of every grade of
GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS,
which I am offering at very moderate prices. My connections with said port enable me to defy all competition.
MY STOCK OF DOMESTIC CIGARS, which is constantly supplied by my own factory in this City, the tobacco being imported by myself, or selected under my own supervision, FOR CASH, consists of most all sizes and qualities, FROM $16 TO $70 PER 1,000.
I can in this branch also offer greater bargains than any other house in the City.
IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS FROM $45 TO $200.
TO THE TRADE.
My stock of LEAF TOBACCO is well worth your attention, and I invite you to inspect it.
To my customers and the public, the information that I keep, as usual, a supply of
Choice Imported and Domestic Liquors on hand, which, together with my Wood and Willow Ware, I offer at low figures.
JOHN J. REIMER,
NO. 253 WASHINGTON-ST., NEAR MURRAY.

TO WROUGHT IRON MANUFACTURERS.—Wanted, by a man who has had years of experience in forging heavy work, a situation as practical manager or foreman of a wrought iron works. Particulars and references given on addressing W. H. A., Box No. 4,422 City Post-office.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

DERBY & MILLER,
will publish, in a few days,
MR. RAYMOND'S HISTORY
OF THE
ADMINISTRATION
OF
PRESIDENT LINCOLN,

Including his Speeches, Addresses, Letters, Messages and Proclamations, with a preliminary Sketch of his Life. A glance at the chapter heads will show the scope of the work, and it is confidently believed by the Publishers, that this volume, prepared with the usual care and ability of its well-known author,

THE EDITOR OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES,

will not only prove very acceptable to the

AMERICAN PUBLIC,

but will also take its place at once as an IMPARTIAL, AUTHENTIC and TRUTHFUL work, and become a STANDARD

HISTORY
OF
PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S
ADMINISTRATION.

CONTENTS OF THE WORK.

PRELIMINARY.—Sketch of the Life of Abraham Lincoln—His Political Career—Debate with Douglas—Election to the Presidency.

CHAPTER I.—Condition of the Country at the time of the Election—Closing of Buchanan's Administration—Peace Congress—Incipient Steps of the Rebellion.

CHAPTER II.—From Springfield to Washington—Mr. Lincoln's Speeches on the Way—Conspiracy to Assassinate him—Arrival at Washington.

CHAPTER III.—From the Inauguration to the Meeting of Congress, July 4, 1861—Action of the Border States.

CHAPTER IV.—Extra Session of Congress and the Military Events of the Summer of 1861.

CHAPTER V.—Regular Session of Congress December 1861—Messages and Debates.

CHAPTER VI.—The Military Administration of 1862—The President and Gen. McClellan, with a critical history of McClellan's Campaigns.

CHAPTER VII.—Military Movements in other Sections of the Country—Our Foreign Relations—Letters—The Emancipation Proclamations.

CHAPTER VIII.—The Congressional Session of 1862-'63—Message of the President and General Action of the Session.

CHAPTER IX.—Military Arrests and the Suspension of Habeas Corpus—The Draft—New-York Riots, &c.

CHAPTER X.—The Session of 1863—Message and Debates—The Elections.

CHAPTER XI.—Movements of Reconstruction—The Missouri Question—Colonization—Employment of Negro Troops—General Review of the Policy and Character of the Administration.

APPENDIX—Containing interesting Letters and Documents never before published.

In this work every Message, Proclamation, Speech, Letter, &c., of President Lincoln is given, each under its appropriate head. It is believed that everything he has said or written during his Administration which has been given to the public, is included in this collection.

One 12mo volume, with a fine steel Portrait; price $1 50.

It will be sold by all booksellers and by the publishers,
DERBY & MILLER,
No. 3 Park-row, New-York.
After May 1 No. 5 Spruce-st.

NEW BOOKS ON SATURDAY,
I.
RENAN'S NEW BOOK,
STUDIES IN RELIGIOUS HISTORY AND CRITICISM. By Ernest Renan, author of "The Life of Jesus." Translated from the latest French edition by Rev. O. B. Frothingham, of the Third Unitarian Church, N. Y. With an interesting biographical introduction. Large octavo, cloth bound. Price $2 50.
II.
A NEW NOVEL,
NEPHENTE. A capital new novel. By the author of "Olie." 12mo. cloth. $1 50.

Also, just published,

The Art of Conversation—Tinted paper. Price	$1 25
Tales from the Operas; an attractive book	1 25
Red Tape and Pigeon-Hole Generals	1 25
Private Miles O'Rielly. His Book, (Illustrated)	1 25
Peculiar. Epes Sargent's great novel	1 50
Was he Successful? Kimball's new novel	1 50
The Life of Jesus. By Ernest Renan	1 50
Louie. By the Author of "Rutledge"	1 25
Lyrics of a Day. By a U. S. Volunteer	1 00
My Southern Friends. By Edmund Kirke	1 00
Light on Shadowed Paths. By T. S. Arthur	1 25
Gurowski's Diary for 1863	1 25
Alice of Monmouth. Stedman's new Poem	1 00
The Old Merchants of New-York. Two series	1 50
Marian Grey. Mrs. Holmes' new novel	1 25
The Great Consummation. Two series	1 00
The Life of Victor Hugo. An Autobiography	1 25
Frank Warrington. By the author of "Rutledge"	1 50
A. S. Roe's Works. Elegant new editions	1 25
Orpheus C. Kerr Papers. Two series	1 25
Artemus Ward. His Comic Illustrated Book	1 25
The Habits of Good Society. Sells splendidly	1 50
Beulah. A very powerful American novel	1 50
Verdant Green. An amusing illustrated work	1 25
A Book about Doctors. A capital book	1 50

_ These books are found on the counters of every live bookseller, and will be sent by mail FREE on receipt of price, by
CARLETON, Publisher,
New-York.

TO FRIENDS OF THE ARMY.
CHOICE READING FOR THE ARMY.
INTERESTING AND INSTRUCTIVE FOR THE ARMY—VERY CHEAP READING FOR THE ARMY.
OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS NEED GOOD READING.
The ECLECTIC MAGAZINE contains many good articles in rich variety. We will send to any address, postage paid, five different numbers of the Eclectic previous to the present year—144 pages double columns each, equal to five volumes of 300 pages of moderate size, with their beautiful portrait embellishments, on receipt of one dollar—less than half price; or, we will send to address of any one who may wish to take out and retain the portraits, worth more than the $1, and send the package—postage two cents a number—to his friend, brother, son, or father in the army. This is the cheapest and best supply of reading for many in the army. Try it, and you will say so. Address
W. H. BIDWELL, No. 5 Beekman-st., New-York.

FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS.
100 HANDSOME WHITE FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS,
SECOND SELECTION,
which we offer at **35** PER CENT. DISCOUNT from the prices charged for best selected goods. For use, they are as good as the best, AND ARE A BARGAIN as regards the price.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, cor. of Broome-st.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS ARE UNRIVALED as a cure for disease, because they purify the blood through the organs of the stomach and the bowels. They are warranted vegetable and safe for every period of life. Sold by all druggists.

BOOKS AND LIBRARIES
PURCHASED FOR CASH
By JOHN PYNE, Bookseller,
No. 109 Nassau-st.

"HER MAJESTY" CHAMPAGNE.
THE ROYAL WINE OF ENGLAND.
One thousand cans of this exquisite wine for sale at TWENTY DOLLARS PER CAN OF QUARTS.
WM. HENRY WARD, No. 7 Broad-st., New-York.

CABINET FURNITURE.
$125,000 worth of furniture at manufacturers' prices, consisting of rosewood and walnut parlor suites, library and chamber suites, oak and walnut dining-room suites, all made under the superintendence of J. E. Braunsdorf, in the latest style, and warranted, both as to material and workmanship.
WEIL & BRAUNSDORF,
Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., New-York.
Factories Nos. 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105 Suffolk-st.
N. B.—The Broadway and 14th-st. (gridiron) railroad cars pass within two blocks of the warehouse.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

LIFE OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN
IS PUBLISHED THIS DAY.
EVERYBODY WANTS A COPY.
Paper, 50 cents; Cloth, 75 cents.
By T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
No. 306 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
THE
LIFE, SPEECHES,
PROCLAMATIONS, LETTERS, MESSAGES,
AND
PUBLIC SERVICES
OF
PRESIDENT LINCOLN,
Sixteenth President of the United States,
WITH HIS PORTRAIT.

It is published at the Cheapest Book-House in the world to buy or send for a stock of books, which is at
T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
No. 306 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia, Penn.

THE LIFE, SPEECHES, PROCLAMATIONS, LETTERS, MESSAGES AND PUBLIC SERVICES OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN, SIXTEENTH PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES. With a full history of his life; his career as a lawyer and politician; his services in Congress; with his speeches, proclamations, letters, messages, acts and public services as President of the United States, and Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy of the United States, up to the present time. Complete in one large volume of 200 pages, with a portrait of President Lincoln. Price, fifty cents in paper, or seventy-five cents in cloth, and copies will be sent free of postage everywhere on receipt of remittances, at these rates.

READ THE TABLE OF CONTENTS.

	Page.
Birth of President Abraham Lincoln, and his ancestors	21
His grandfather killed by the Indians and scalped—Description of his parents	22
"Abe" goes to school—The Lincoln Family remove to Indiana	23
Death of Mrs. Lincoln—"Abe" learns to write—His father marries again—"Abe" finishes his education	26
He becomes a hired hand on a flatboat, and goes to New-Orleans	27
The family remove to Illinois—"Abe" seeks his fortune among strangers	28
He takes another trip to New-Orleans—Becomes a miller and salesman—His services in the Black Hawk War	29
Is nominated for the Legislature and is defeated—Becomes a merchant and surveyor—Is elected to the Legislature—Studies law	30
A thrilling incident in his legal career	31
A protest against slavery—Is a candidate for Presidential Elector—Mr. Lincoln is elected to Congress—His votes and speeches during his Congressional term	32
Becomess delegate to the National Convention of 1848—He is nominated for United States Senator, but withdraws	40
He is again nominated for the Senate—His speeches in the celebrated Lincoln-Douglas campaign—His Tribute to the Declaration of Independence	41
Pen-Portraits of Abraham Lincoln	43
Mr. Lincoln is defeated by Mr. Douglas—Is then named for the Presidency—Evidence of his skill as a Rail-splitter	47
His great speech at the Cooper Institute, New-York	48
Is nominated for President of the United States by the Republican Convention	64
He is notified of his nomination by a Committee appointed by the Convention	65
Speech of the President of the Convention—Reply of Mr. Lincoln—Correspondence between the Convention and Mr. Lincoln	66
Is elected President of the United States	67
He leaves Springfield for Washington—Ovations on the route	68
His arrival at Toledo and Indianapolis—His speeches at each place	69
He arrives at Cincinnati, and addresses the citizens from the Burnett House	70
His arrival at Columbus, with his speech	71
His arrival at Steubenville, and his address to the people—Arrives at Pittsburgh, and makes a speech to the citizens	72
Proceeds to Cleveland, and from thence to Buffalo, with his speeches at each place	74
Goes next to Albany—His arrival there, and speeches at the Capitol and to the members of the Legislature	76
Proceeds to New-York, and on his way makes a speech at Poughkeepsie—Arrival in New-York, with his speech, on being welcomed by the Mayor of the City to that place	78
Goes next to Trenton—His speeches to the Senate and to the Chambers of the Assembly of the State of New-Jersey	79
Proceeds to Philadelphia—Is welcomed by the Mayor of that city—Mr. Lincoln's speech in reply	81
He visits "Old Independence Hall"—His speech there	82
He raises the National Flag of the country to the top of the flag-staff on "Old Independence Hall," on Washington's Birth-day	83
He leaves for Harrisburgh—His arrival there—Is welcomed by both Houses of the Legislature, and his speech on that occasion	84
A plot is made to assassinate him—How it was thwarted	85
Returns to Philadelphia in a special train, and proceeds to Washington in disguise—His arrival there—is welcomed to Washington by the authorities—His speech in reply	86
Addresses the Republican Association	87
He is inaugurated President of the United States—Inaugural Address of Abraham Lincoln	88
President Lincoln's interview with the Virginia Commissioners, with his Address to them on that occasion	95
The first Proclamation for troops—Congress summoned to assemble on the Fourth of July	97
A blockade of Southern ports ordered	98
The President's communication with the Maryland Authorities	99
Blockading of Virginia and North Carolina	101
A call for additional troops	102
Has an interview with the Maryland Legislature	103
A special order for Florida—President Lincoln's first Message to Congress	104
A day of Fasting and Prayer appointed	117
Commercial intercourse with the Rebellious States prohibited	118
He modifies an order of Gen. Fremont's—His second Message to Congress	119
The President's Message recommending Gradual Emancipation	120
He assumes active command of the Army and Navy of the United States	122
He orders Thanksgiving for signal victories—Slavery abolished in the District of Columbia	123
Reopening of some of the Southern ports—Repudiates an emancipation order of Maj.-Gen. Hunter	124
The President's conference with the Loyal Governors—His interview with the Border Congressmen—He reads to them a powerful Appeal	125
Instructions to Military and Naval Commanders	128
A draft for Three Hundred Thousand Men ordered—The President speaks at a War Meeting in Washington	129
The Emancipation Proclamation of Sept 22, 1862	131
The Emancipation Proclamation of Jan. 1, 1863	133
Suspension of the Writ of Habeas Corpus	135
He issues an order for the observance of the Sabbath	136
His Annual Message of December, 1862—Important recommendations to Congress	137
Receives a Complimentary Address from Manchester, England	138
The President visits the Army of the Potomac—Reviews the troops, etc	140
The Enrollment Act and the rights of Aliens	142
A National Thanksgiving ordered	143
Letter from the President on the Emancipation Proclamation to the Union men of Illinois	145
Suspension of the Writ of Habeas Corpus in certain cases	148
A Proclamation for a National Thanksgiving	149
Three Hundred Thousand more men called for	151
The President's Dedicatory Address at the Consecration of the National Cemetery at Gettysburgh	152
He issues another Thanksgiving Proclamation—His Annual Message of December, 1863—Full pardon offered to the Rebels	163
Issues a Proclamation for Seven Hundred Thousand more men	156
Explanatory Proclamation of one issued Dec. 8, 1863	157
An Impartial Review of the President's Policy	158
Address of President Lincoln at a Fair Held at the Patent Office at Washington, on March 18, 1864	174
His Address to the Committee of the Workingman's Democratic Republican Association of New-York, on March 21, 1864	175
He is the choice of the Legislature of Fifteen States, and of the American people, for another term	177
Resolutions of the Union League of Philadelphia	179
Editorials from Leading Loyal Papers in the Union, recommending the renomination and reelection of Abraham Lincoln for the next President of the United States	180

WANTED,
AGENTS, CANVASSERS, and PEDDLERS, in every town and village in the United States, who can easily make TEN DOLLARS A DAY at it, to engage in selling "THE LIFE, SPEECHES, PROCLAMATIONS, LETTERS, MESSAGES AND PUBLIC SERVICES OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN," and "THE LIFE, CAMPAIGNS AND REPORTS OF GEN. McCLELLAN," both of which are just published and for sale in paper cover at fifty cents a copy each, who will be supplied with them, assorted, at Three Dollars and a half a dozen, or Twenty-five Dollars a hundred; or the cloth edition, which retails at Seventy-five cents each, will be supplied at Six Dollars a dozen; or Forty-five Dollars a hundred. Apply in person, or address your orders, with cash inclosed, for whatever quantity you may wish to start with, to T. B. PETERSON & BROS., No. 306 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia, and your orders will be filled at once, and the books sent you per first express after receipt of order. We have agents now making $15 and $20 a day selling them. All in search of work or money should engage in selling these books at once, and give them a trial.

OTHER BIOGRAPHIES NOW READY.

Life and Campaigns of Gen. U. S. Grant.
Life and Services of Gen. G. G. Meade.
Life and Orders of Gen. B. F. Butler.
Life of the late Archbishop Hughes, of New-York.
Price 25 cents each. $1 75 a dozen, or $12 50 a hundred.

Life, Campaigns, Services and Reports of Gen. G. B. McClellan. Price 50 cents in paper, or 75 cents in cloth. Paper edition $3 50 per dozen, or $25 a hundred. Cloth edition $6 a dozen, or $45 a hundred.

Canvassers, booksellers, news agents, sutlers, peddlers and all others, will please send on their orders at once for what they may want of either or all of the above books, which will be packed and sent to them within an hour after receipt of the order.

Copies of either or all of the above books will be sent to any one, free of postage, on remitting the price of the ones wanted to T. B. Peterson & Brothers in a letter.

Address all orders and letters to the publishers.

Published and for sale at the cheapest book house in the world to buy or send for a stock of books, which is to
T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
No. 306 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia, Penn.
For sale in New-York by F. A. Brady, No. 24 Ann-st.; Dick & Fitzgerald; the American News Company; W. J. Pooley & Co., and by all other booksellers and news agents everywhere.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A BOOK FOR A MAY DAY.
MY FARM OF EDGEWOOD. By DONALD G. MITCHELL. 1 vol., 12mo., on laid tinted paper. Price $1 50.
A new issue now coming from the press for the Spring Trade.

"The cultivation of the scholarly gentleman shows itself in every page, and a sunny geniality of soul throws a softening tint over the ordinarily unpoetical and angular characteristics of agriculture."—*Evening Post.*

"The instruction which it embodies will be none the less valued because of the desultory method which the author has followed, or the many digressions into which he has been beguiled. By the great mass of readers, these very features will be considered as an additional charm. The light and easy movement of the author's style, the graceful and delicate transitions which he makes, the quiet humor in which he so naturally indulges, the sly but good-natured satire which seems to drop so naturally from his pen, and the unaffected yet chastened pathos into which he rises for a moment, are all exquisitely wrought into a varied and beautiful tissue which is fitted to give perpetual delight to the cultivated reader, and to be itself an instrument of culture to the unrefined."—*New-Englander.*

From the Springfield Republican.
The book should go everywhere among our rural population on an æsthetic mission, teaching how much of the beautiful may be secured without the sacrifice of thrifs.

From the Atlantic Monthly.
It is a book whose merit can hardly be over-praised. It should be in every farmer's library as a volume full of practical advice to aid his daily work, and full of ennobling suggestions to lift his calling into a kind of epic dignity.

From the Chicago Journal.
He tells his experience in the business as any off-hand Western farmer will do when he gets your ear, and gives you valuable suggestions, such as any farmer needs.

From the Rochester Union.
A book about the life and practical duties of a farmer, which so interests one residing in town as to keep him up after bedtime to read it.

From the New-York Observer.
Far more instruction than in many a professional book on agriculture, and the delight of reading a book glowing with genial thoughts is thrown into the bargain.

From the Portland Transcript.
He is no believer in gentleman farming; he insists on practical results, yet keeps an open eye for all that will beautify and elevate the farmer's life.

From the Cleveland Herald.
A book alike for the practical farmer, in which he will find very many hints of great value, and for the reader of the belles lettres, with whom its style will be the great attraction.

From the Ohio Farmer.
The narrative is a charming one, the advice founded upon experimental labors, wholesome, and "My Farm" may be taken up by any agriculturist, be he young or old, as not only a pleasant but profitable companion.

From the New-England Farmer.
It is full of practical suggestions, and has many pages, and even chapters which would not be out of place in the most practical part of the most practical cultivator's library.

From the New-York Tribune.
The busiest farmers may devote their Winter evenings to its perusal with profit as well as pleasure.

From the Pittsburgh Gazette.
Almost worth a rural library in itself.

From the Maine Farmer.
One of the most readable additions to agricultural literature that has been made for many months. Its practical suggestions will give it a place in the most practical farmer's library.

From a Writer in Boston Transcript.
There may be fuller, truer, better pictures and descriptions of a farmer's life than Mr. Marvel's, but I have never seen them or heard of them.

From the North American Review.
"Mr. Mitchell has unusual skill in putting his experience, his culture, his taste, his delicate perceptions, into such literary forms as to make them of use to others. This work has the vitality which springs from love of and acquaintance with nature, and will long be read as one of the best and pleasantest pictures of a New-England farm, and of the charms and drawbacks of our New-England country life."

ALSO,
in neat cabinet editions—bound in dark green vellum, with rich gilt label, (new style)—those favorite books:
REVERIES OF A BACHELOR
AND
DREAM-LIFE.
Copies sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price.
SCRIBNER, Publisher,
No. 124 Grand-st., corner of Broadway, New-York.
For sale by all booksellers.

THE NEW ROMANCE
IN THE
NEW-YORK MERCURY,
NELLIE;
OR,
THE COMPANIONS OF THE CHAIR.
BY
FAIRFAX BALFOUR.
PUBLISHED FROM
ADVANCE PROOF SHEETS FROM LONDON.

This story, in the intensity and depth of its plot, and the startling developments and extraordinary adventures which occur in the course of the narrative, is ahead of all the romances which have been issued from the press during the last five years. It opens with FIVE STRIKING CHAPTERS in the
NEW-YORK MERCURY,
OF
SATURDAY, APRIL 23.

Just published and now ready at every news depot, and will be continued in installments of from two to three pages of the paper every week until completed.

There is a general complaint among the readers of periodicals of all classes, that they give such brief slices of their continuous stories as to mutilate the sense of the letter press, and deprive the scenes depicted of all the interest which depends upon connection. NELLIE, OR THE COMPANIONS OF THE CHAIR, will be given in the NEW-YORK MERCURY in larger installments than any other romance heretofore printed in its columns, and in the character of the story will be found the best justification for assigning to it so large a space.

The flimsy sensation stories of the day shrink into insignificance as compared with the grandeur, the power, the intense and emotional interest combined in this wonderful work of fiction.

No human being can read it without feeling that its author is a master in the art of portraying human passions and exciting the sympathies of the reading world.

A large sum has been paid for the EXCLUSIVE USE of the advance sheets of the work, and the NEW-YORK MERCURY is the only channel through which it can reach the public in this country.

THOSE EXQUISITE BOOKS WITH EXQUISITE ENGRAVINGS.—Send your address on a stamped envelope and get a catalogue with particulars.
C. BLANCHARD, Publisher, No. 39 Ann-st., N.Y.

ESTABLISHED 1809.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,
Manufacturers of
SOAP AND CANDLES.
Pearl Mottled, Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other Soaps constantly on hand.
Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory No. 440 West-st.

CHINA, GLASS, PLATED WARE AND CUTLERY, GAS FIXTURES, &c., &c.
FINE DECORATIVE DINNER SETS, from $75 upward.; Plain, $45.
TOILET SETS, 11 Pieces, from $3 upward.
CUT AND ENGRAVED TABLE GLASSWARE.
SILVER-PLATED ICE PITCHERS, CASTERS, &c.
TABLE CUTLERY.
Also new styles and low price
CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, PENDANTS, PORTABLES, HALL LIGHTS, &c.
LAMPS, CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, &c., for Kerosene Oil.
GEO. H. KITCHEN & CO., No. 561 Broadway.

SPRING.
My new stock of SPRING CLOTHING is now ready, and is not surpassed as to assortment, style or price in this City. The Custom Room, Furnishing and Children's Department not equaled. Satisfaction given.
F. B. BALDWIN,
Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery.
The largest store in the City.

TREES AND PLANTS.
FOR CATALOGUES OF
FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS, ROSES, VINES, &c.,
Apply to
PARSONS & CO., Flushing, N. Y.

"ECONOMY IS WEALTH."
FRANKLIN, THE GREATEST OF MODERN PHILOSOPHERS, remarks that "a penny saved is a penny earned." Instead of destroying your waste paper, preserve it, and receive its equivalent in cash, which we will pay for old newspapers of every description, whole or torn; old pamphlets of all kinds, old circulars, handbills, tickets, cards, catalogues and old scrap-paper, in all its varieties, in quantities large or small. Also, old writing paper and school-books, old blank-books, ledgers, &c., of any size, it matters not how much they may be written on or mutilated.
STOCKWELL & EMERSON, No. 25 Ann-st.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY
of all descriptions
FOR SALE BY
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

REAL ESTATE.

VALUABLE HOTEL.—FOR SALE OR TO LET, a valuable hotel, beautifully situated on the west bank of the Passaic River, on the main street in the village of Belleville, N. J., only nine miles from New-York, and three from Newark, to which place a railroad is nearly completed, and will be running in a short time, and connecting there with the railroad to New-York, thus making this a very desirable location for a hotel or a Summer boarding-house. The buildings are commodious, having 25 furnished rooms, besides office and large public hall, kitchen and excellent garden; also barns, stables, sheds, &c. All have lately been thoroughly repaired and painted, and are in good order. They will be sold low on accommodating terms, or let to a good tenant for one or more years. Also for sale, several valuable building lots in the village, and a farm of about 50 acres, near the above premises. Inquire of T. B. CODDINGTON, No. 80 Broad-st., New-York, or of JOHN W. DOW, Belleville, near the premises.

$600 ONLY FOR A BEAUTIFUL LOT of ground, 25x100 feet, on Marcy-avenue, near Kosciusko-st., in the City of Brooklyn; no incumbrance and title perfect. Apply to E. A. BUNCE, No. 2 City Hall-place.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—TWO HOUSES, near Rye depot, one furnished; houses 30x40; contain 12 rooms each; pleasantly situated; have good stable, fine garden, pleenty of fruit, &c. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey Court.

FOR SALE FURNISHED—A FIRST-CLASS brown-stone house on 38th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—FOUR CYPRESS HILL BURIAL plots, beautifully located; will sell them cheap. Apply to P. N. MORGAN, Nos. 233 and 235 Washington-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE AT WESTPORT, CONN.

A furnished cottage and beautiful site of about five acres, lawn, garden and pasture, for sale at Westport, Conn., 2½ hours from New-York by New-Haven Railroad. The house has four rooms on parlor floor, five or six on second floor, and attic rooms; bath, water-closet &c. The shades are large and fine, fruit rare and abundant; delightfully situated on high ground, near churches, schools, &c.; possession 1st May next. Price $12,000. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN.

FOR SALE,
A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE
AT SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

The homestead estate of Rev. Francis Tiffany situated on Central-st., consisting of a first-class brick dwelling-house, barn and about two acres of highly cultivated land, laid out as garden and shrubbery. The house was designed by G. J. Bryant, Esq., of Boston, and contains all modern improvements. It is situated in one of the pleasantest parts of the town, and commands a wide and beautiful prospect. Apply to THIRD NATIONAL BANK, Springfield.

FOR SALE—THE SPLENDID MANSION AND and farm of George Bradish, on Little Neck Bay, near Flushing, 100 acres of first-class land; pear orchard of 600 trees; fruit of all kinds, of first quality. The Bay is famous for shell and other fish in season; boat and bath houses at foot of lawn; two dwelling houses; the new one a first-class residence, complete in every particular; buildings on premises could not be replaced for $50,000. Views over Bay and Sound unsurpassed. Inquire of
R. C. EMBREE, No. 37 Wall-st.,
GEORGE BRADISH, No. 27 Cortlandt-st.

COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM, COMPLETELY furnished, for sale or exchange.—Nearly 200 acres on the Sound, within 9 miles of Harlem. The improvements on the shore front alone cost over $100,000. There are several beautiful building sites lying back, which will be in great request when the Shore Line Railroad is built. Enough can be realized from this source to repay the whole amount now asked for the property, leaving the entire front, with all the valuable improvements, free of cost to the purchaser. Apply to WARD McLEAN (late Field & McLean,) No. 19 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—AT BRIDGEPORT, CONN., A handsome country residence, with eight acres of ground, 1½ miles from railroad depot. On the premises are a double house, with kitchen wing attached, furnished with hot-air furnace, bath-room, range, &c.; a large barn, with cellar, hen-house, tool-house, and other outbuildings, all nearly new and in good order; fine garden, fruit and shade trees, evergreens and shrubbery, grounds bounded by water on one side. Apply on the premises, to J. N. IRELAND, or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st., New-York.

TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE, nine miles from the City; access twenty times a day. Large mansion, three stories in front, with observatory and extensive outbuildings; 7 or 8 acres in lawn, shade trees, &c.; land descending on all sides. Magnificent view of the ocean in front and in the rear, of the Sound and adjacent country for many miles. Eighty acres more land, if desired. Cool and healthy; near churches, schools, &c.; provision carts to the door. Inquire of A. G. ROGERS, No. 4 Pine-st., Room No. 22, or No. 58 East 23d-st.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED COUNTRY-PLACE, belonging to the late James S. Petrie, situated on the North Shrewsbury River, N. J., 25 miles from the City and one mile from Red Bank; beautifully located for boating, fishing and bathing. Grounds covered with fruit trees and house well furnished; oyster bed on the shore. A view of the place can be seen and full particulars obtained by applying to G. H. PETRIE, No. 44 Park-place, or WM. SLOANE, No. 591 Broadway.

HOUSE, &C., IN MORRISANIA, TO LET. —A commodious house and outbuildings, with good garden, situated on the main road, about one mile above Harlem wharf of the 8th-st. and Peck slip hourly boats. Harlem Bridge and Ford am horse-rail cars pass the door every few minutes. Also convenient to the City by two other routes. Address M. P., Box No. 117 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—A handsome country residence, situated in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., partly within the city limits, containing between three and four acres of land, beautifully diversified and ornamented with shrubbery and lofty fruit trees. Abundance of choice fruit. House modern built, containing ten rooms, with every convenience. Apply to JOHN S. CROUSE, at Bank of Poughkeepsie.

ALLENDALE.—TO LET, THE RESIDENCE OF the late George L. Allen, consisting of dwelling-house containing 14 rooms, lawn, locust grove, garden with variety of fruit, carriage-house and stable for two horses, situated at Shrewsbury, within a few minutes' walk of the railroad depot. Rent $200. Possession immediately. Address BENJ. C. PARKER, Shrewsbury.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE PROPERTY NEAR Newark, N. J., consisting of 62½ acres. The buildings are first-class, and in first-rate order. There is plenty of good water on the place, and a fine freestone quarry underlies the farm. Will be sold low and on easy terms, to close an estate. Apply to
J. H. SUYDAM, No. 51 Cortlandt-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

A FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—near Sing Sing, with every requisite for a genteel Summer or Winter residence; fine buildings; beautiful views; good fruit, &c. Apply for particulars, at No. 376 Washington-st. Furniture, if desired, can be had also.

FOR SALE—AT HASTINGS-UPON-HUDSON, a country seat and building sites, belonging to the estate of the late Alex. Birnie, deceased. The house will be sold, with the whole or a part of the grounds. Inquire on the premises, or of R. S. ROWLEY, No. 197 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET—A COUNTRY SEAT, FURNISHED with stable for five horses; garden, with fruit of the best kind; good bathing within one hundred feet of the house, and one mile from Rye Depot. For particulars apply at No. 159 East 15th-st., or at No. 1 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT WHITE PLAINS, a commodious dwelling-house and three acres of land; rent low. Inquire of C. B. DUTCHER, No. 61 Broad-st., New-York, or H. W. TIBBITS, near the premises.

AT SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE, $8,500; or to let $500, a first-class country house, contains 11 rooms; is situated on high ground, commanding a fine view of Orange Mountain. Barn and 6 acres of land; good water. Inquire of D. J. SPRAGUE, 37 Park-row.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT AT IRVINGTON, N. J., with 30 acres; location unequaled for health; good neighborhood and prospective value; improvements good; access to the City hourly by cars all the way. Address JERSEY, Box No. 1,557 Post-office.

SAYVILLE COTTAGE, WITH 11 ROOMS, beautifully papered and painted, and 1½ acres of land, barn, milk and carriage-house, for sale or exchange by Capt. WEEKS, at Sayville, or S. COCHCROFT, No. 165 Broadway. Price $3,000.

FOR SALE—IN NEWTOWN, L. I., NEAR THE Flushing Railroad, a cottage containing 12 rooms, ¼ acre of land, plenty of small fruit, &c., 45 minutes from City Hall. Apply to H. WORTHINGTON, near the premises.

COUNTRY PLACE AT PELHAM.—FOR sale, 33 acres, directly on Eastchester Bay, and near Pelham Bridge, on the road to New-Rochelle. Apply for price to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

CORNWALL—FOR SALE OR TO LET FOR THE Summer or year, several beautiful places, with from five to thirty acres. Inquire of JAMES G. ROE, Cornwall, N. Y.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—FOR ONE OR THREE YEARS, A cottage, furnished or unfurnished, with stable attached and one or two acres of land, suitable for summer and winter residences, on the Hudson River or Harlem Railroad, not over one hour from New-York.
J. H. DRAPER, No. 36 Pine-st.

WANTED TO RENT—A THREE OR FOUR story, high-stoop, dwelling house, with modern improvements. Not English basement; situation pleasant, between 3d and 7th avs., and 14th and 50th sts; rent not to exceed $1,000. Address D. H. A., Box No. 3,078 Post-office.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—TO PURCHASE or lease factory buildings, with large grounds, suitable for the manufacture of fertilizers; must be located in the suburbs of City and on a good wharf. Address Box No. 238 Philadelphia Post-office.

HOUSE WANTED.—A SMALL BUT NICE house wanted for purchase in the upper part of the City; must be well located, well built and well arranged; Address, with full description, J. M. W., Box No. 82 General Post-office.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—IN THE country, within forty miles of New-York, with plenty of fruit and shade, and good stable accommodations. Address W. P., Box No. 403 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A SMALL PLACE, WITH GOOD buildings, from 3 to 5 acres, fronting the Sound, either on Westchester or Long Island side. Address J. [illegible] Box No. [illegible] Post-office.

REAL ESTATE.

WHARF PROPERTY.

Valuable wharf property and water right for sale, together with half the block of land between Horatio and Gansevoort sts., being the block of land next to the proposed City market. Terms easy. Apply to EDWARD GREEN, Executor, No. 521 West-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A GOOD TWO-story house, with carriage-house, &c., in Fairmount, Westchester County, 12 miles from the City Hall, 10 minutes' walk from Harlem Railroad; will be sold cheap. Apply to ISAAC McGAY, No. 219 Forsyth-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone front house No. 26 East 38th-st. Inquire of P. D. ROBINS.

TO LET.

STEADY POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS.
Also,
A STORE AND BASEMENT,
with or without power, No. 250 Canal-st., near Broadway.
Inquire at the Engineer's office, No. 102 Walker-st.

TO LET—FIRST STORY AND BASEMENT OF five-story building No. 206 8th av., 25 by 100 feet deep, occupied as an ice-cream saloon and restaurant the past eight years; location central for first-class billiard and restaurant business. Also, four-story store No. 166 West st., near Murray. Also, three-story brick stable No. 282 West 18th-st., now occupied by Gen. Fremont. Apply to S. WRAY, No. 356 West 23d-st.

TO LET—ON 111TH-ST., BETWEEN 3D AND 4TH avs., near Central Park, two well-finished cottage houses; 8 rooms, fine yard and outbuildings; facilities good for getting down town; rent $200. Inquire at No. 254 Pearl-st., or on the premises. Also, on 90th-st., between Avs. A and B, a well-finished two-story basement and counter-cellar brick house, with water and gas; rent, $250.

TO LET—FULL FURNISHED COTTAGE RESIDENCE to let or for sale, at Great Neck, L. I., 1½ hours from the City; 10 rooms; 6 acres land; ice-house filled; garden; carriage-house, &c.; fine bathing; unsurpassed land and water view; to a responsible private family only. Apply to S. T. SKIDMORE, Esq., No. 66 Wall-st., or on the premises to E. L. TREDWELL.

FLUSHING, L. I.—TO LET, IN THE VILLAGE of Flushing, L. I., five minutes' walk from the Railroad depot, a handsome, modern-built cottage, containing ten well furnished rooms, six lots of ground, nicely laid out, good garden, &c.; stable attached. Apply on the premises to WM. HEALY, Franklin-place, or to Brady's Gallery, No. 785 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET—BROOKSIDE COTTAGE, LLEWELLYN Park, Orange, N. J. House has 11 rooms, besides kitchen, laundry, &c. There is upward of half an acre of ground, with stable and the usual outbuildings of a well-ordered country seat. Apply to B. D. PENFIELD, No. 55 Liberty-st., New-York.

TO LET—FOR FIVE OR SIX MONTHS, A FURnished house in Newburgh, located in the most desirable part of Grand-st., within five minutes' walk of the ferry. Possession given the 1st of May. For particulars address WM. K. BROWN, No. 82 Front-st.,
Newburgh, N. Y.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A LARGE DOUBLE house, with a two-acre lawn, garden, carriage-house, stable, &c., 1½ miles from Williams' Bridge Depot, Harlem Railroad; more land if required. Apply to S. M. VALENTINE, No. 165 Front-st.

TO LET—IN THIRTY-FIFTH-ST., BETWEEN 5th and 6th avs., a blacksmith's shop, which can be converted into a private stable. Possession 1st May. For further particulars, apply to L. M. HOFFMAN, No. 35 Pearl-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—FOR ONE or more years, in 17th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; house 33 feet wide, with 4 large rooms on each floor, dining-room, &c. House is well furnished, and in good order. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

HOTEL TO LET—FURNISHED, AT CLIFFWOOD; accommodates 100. Also, two cottages, unfurnished; fine rides, fishing, bathing, &c.; 1½ hours' from New-York by steamboat.
H. L. CLARK, No. 24 William-st.

TO LET—ONE MILE FROM SCARBOROUGH depot, on Hudson River Railroad, a cottage, with 12 rooms, carriage-house, 7 acres of land, variety of fruit, fine river view, &c., &c. Rent $400 per year, or $600 furnished. Apply to ALLEN NEWMAN, 25 Wall-st.

GREENWICH, CONN.—TO LET, A MODERN built house, with stable and one acre of land, convenient to New-Haven Railroad depot and steamboat landing. Apply to owner, TITUS MEAD, Greenwich, or to JOHN GINTY, No. 125 4th-av., N. Y.

TO LET.—BY MAY 1, A HANDSOMELY FURnished third floor to two or three gentlemen, with or without breakfast, in a first-class house in 46th-st., near Broadway. Address, for one week, Box No. 4,747 Post-office.

TO LET AT BLOOMINGDALE—A COTTAGE residence, with eight lots of ground, finely shaded, with stable, vegetable garden, fruit, &c., on 86th-st., near the Hudson River; rent $500. Apply on the premises, or to JAMES SOMERVILLE, No. 45 Centre-st.

LOFT TO LET.—FIRST LOFT OF NO 35 PARK-st., near Centre and Duane sts., suitable for any mechanical or manufacturing business or storage, being now used for a book bindery. Apply to W. H. SCOFIELD, No. 102 Broadway, third floor.

TO LET—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, houses on Staten Island, at rents ranging from $300 to $1,000 per annum. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 8 Pine-st.

TO LET—IMMEDIATELY, SEPARATE OR TOgether, a fifty-acre farm and cottage, one mile north of Belleville, N. J., on the Passaic River. Price $350 and $200. B. FRAZEE or P. MANN, No. 23 West 41st-st.

TO LET AT TARRYTOWN—NEAR DEPOT, a neat cottage, with ten rooms, marble mantles, gas and fixtures; carriage house, large gardens, &c. Apply to ALLEN NEWMAN, No. 25 Wall-st.

BUILDINGS AND LOTS TO RENT—SUITable for manufacturing purposes, convenient to Hamilton-av. Ferry, Brooklyn. Inquire of C. KELSEY, office on Sedgwick-st., or at his residence, 19 Strong-place.

TO LET—THE WHOLE UPPER PART OF THE white marble front store on Duane-st., near Broadway, running through to Manhattan-place. Apply to
ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

TO LET—FOR MANUFACTURING PURPOSES, the building Nos. 9 and 11 Hoyt-st., Brooklyn; two stories and basement. Inquire of J. VAN RIPER, No. 264 Pacific-st.

TO LET.—A FURNISHED HOUSE, FOR SIX months from May 1. Inquire at No. 54 East 29th-st., from 12 to 2 o'clock, P. M.

TO LET—LOFTS FOR STORAGE OF FURNITURE. Apply at No. 18 FOURTH-AVENUE.
CONKLINS & BAYLES.

TO LET—TWO STORES IN THE BIBLE HOUSE, Astor-place; one on Astor-place and the other on 4th-av. Apply in the Treasurer's Office, 4th-av. entrance.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

HARDWARE.—FOR SALE, IN BROOKLYN, an old established hardware and house-furnishing business, located on one of the best streets, fitted up complete with shelf, boxes, drawers, &c.; good front, with large and handsome show windows. The books shown as to business done, and good and genuine reasons given for selling. None but a responsible business man, with about $6,000 cash, need apply. Address HARDWARE, Box No. 586 New-York Post-office.

TO PRINTERS.—A PRACTICAL PRINTER, who has a few thousand dollars in money or available property, may acquire an interest in a large job office in this City, that will bring him a return of $5,000 per annum. None but a practical man, capable of managing the entire mechanical portion of the business, will suit. Address, with references, TYPO, care John Hooper & Co., Advertising Agents, *Times* Building.

STOCK OF LIVERY STABLE FOR SALE. —All the bretts, carriages, wagons, sleighs, horses, harness, robes, blankets, &c., &c., belonging to the livery stable of the late Daniel W. Norris, is offered for sale in lots to suit purchasers. Also, a colt, sired by the celebrated stallion *Beppo*, now in training. For terms apply at the office of stable, No. 6 East Houston-st., to
J. S. NORRIS, Sr.

$20,000.—TO A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD character, energy and business capacity, having $20,000 cash at command, an opportunity is offered to engage in a mechanical and commission business on equal terms with the party who has had the principal charge of it for the past ten years. Address M. W., Box No. 5,571 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE AND FURNITURE OF a saloon in the central part of the City, doing a profitable business; the present proprietor leaving the country is the reason for selling; it can be had either with or without the furniture. Apply to THOMAS GRAY, No. 182 Grand-st., basement.

OYSTER SALOON FOR SALE—WITH FIXtures and dwelling attached, No. 99 Henry-st., New-York.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

TO GROCERS AND TEA DEALERS.
PAPER BAGS, PAPER BAGS.

We are now manufacturing and prepared to furnish all sizes of paper bags, made of the best stock, and designed especially for grocers and tea dealers. Also, paper flour bags, to hold 12½, 25 and 50 pounds, made of the best Manila paper, and suitable for grocers and millers, neatly printed to order, in various designs. All descriptions of bags constantly on hand and for sale at the
CORN EXCHANGE BAG MANUFACTORY.
B. E. CLARK & CO.,
Nos. 123, 125 and 127 Broad-st.

TEAS, TEAS, TEAS!

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY will open on the 9th, at 2 cents per pound profit, a large invoice of the finest grades of Mogune Teas imported; comprising Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson and Young Hyson. The trade will notice that this is said to be the only invoice of Mogune Teas in this market.
GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
Importers and Jobbers.
No. 51 Vesey-st.

THE AMERICAN
JAVA COFFEE COMPANY.
Nos. 233, 235 and 237 Washington-st., New-York.
The Company have established the price of their Coffee at 25 cents per pound. Put up in one-pound packages 48 lbs. in a case. Usual discount.

SUMMER RESORTS.

PAVILION HOTEL—ISLIP, L. I.—THIS ELEgant and well-known Summer hotel will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th of May, 1864. It is reached by the Long Island Railroad three times a day. Apply for rooms to IRA A. LIBBY, Proprietor, Islip, L. I., or Union-place Hotel, New-York, or to Dr. J. F. BRIDGE, No. 139 William-st., New-York.

REAL ESTATE.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY—FOR SAFE INVESTment of money in real estate rapidly growing in value. For sale, 16½ acres of land, eligibly situated in the Village of Newburgh, N. Y., on which are a good and convenient dwelling-house, tenant-house, two barns, and a quantity of fruit trees and grapevines. But this land is chiefly valuable for building lots, for which there is a great demand in our rapidly growing town. Owner is so occupied in mercantile business that he cannot attend to division of premises and sale thereof in parcels, and is willing to sell same in bulk, at a low price, and on favorable terms as to payment. For particulars inquire of HASBROUCK & TAYLOR, Attorneys, Newburgh, N. Y.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT DWELLING IN 15th-st., near 5th-av.—The house is a double one, and contains library, dining-room, drawing-rooms and boudoir on first floor; stairs in side hall at right angles with main entrance, five rooms and large bath room on second floor, five rooms (three large) on the third floor; light and roomy kitchen and separate laundry, coal cellar, furnace-room, &c., in basement. The house is furnished in a very costly and tasteful manner, and is, indeed, an unusually fine residence. House and furniture are offered for sale, and possession can be had at a fortnight's notice.
A large amount can remain on bond and mortgage, at six per cent. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

DOCK PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—Situated at Williamsburgh, two blocks south of the ferries to Roosevelt and Grand sts., between South 9th and South 10th sts., being 150 feet on 1st-st., running down to the East River over 360 feet, with wharf 150 feet front, of 20 feet depth at low water, and return dock of 175 feet, containing about 22 lots of ground; is well calculated for a sugar refinery, or any other manufacturing business. Inquire of
EVANDER BERRY, No. 40 1st-st., opposite.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FURNISHED, AT Newburgh, a brick house, gothic style, 40 feet square, containing about 20 rooms; with barn, coach-house, stable, &c., fine garden, evergreens, fruit trees and small berries in abundance; beautiful views of the Hudson. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOUR EXTRA LARGE, FINELY LOCATED lots, on the grade on 1st-av., in the Red House plot, will be sold at a great sacrifice. Brokers can receive diagram and price from CARPENTER & CO., No. 455 Broadway.

A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE FRONT house in Brooklyn, on Elliot-place, between Fulton-st. and Hanson-place; a most desirable and accessible location; has all the latest and richest improvements; must be sold. Inquire on the premises of RICHARD CLAFFY.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.—One lot, 100x25 feet, on south side of 65th-st., 125 feet west of 8th-av. Two lots, 100x25 feet each, on south side of 99th-st., commencing 125 feet west of 8th-av., by JACKSON & PURDY, No. 647 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON CENTRAL PARK, 8TH-AV., BElow 100th-st., two lots very finely located. Price, $10,000 each. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE BROWN-STONE ENGLISH basement house, No. 27 East 31st-st., near Madison-av. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FARMS.

A FARM OF 40 ACRES ON SOUTH SIDE of Staten Island, near Gifford's depot, one-half in fine state of cultivation, remainder consists of beautiful building sites, commanding a fine view of Lower and Prince's Bay, with plenty of forest trees and evergreens; quarter of a mile from shore, where there is good fishing and bathing. S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st.

PLANTATION WANTED.—TO LEASE OR purchase, a cotton or sugar plantation in Louisiana, Mississippi, the Carolinas, or Florida, or an interest in such, where a few thousand dollars would be profitably invested. The advertiser is a thorough business man, and understands something of farming. Address PLANTER, Box No. 4,739 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—Stock farm containing 300 acres, with houses and barns and stream of water, situated in the town of Bloomington, Ill. Two railroads running through the entire State pass through the town. For terms, etc., address STANLEY, Box No. 1,598 P. O.

FOR SALE—A FARM, 42 ACRES, NINE MILES from New-York; price $10,000. Also, 45 acres on the Passaic River, New-Jersey; price $6,500. Apply to R. FURMAN, No. 26 Cortlandt-st.

AUCTION SALES.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, CARVED ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, DRESDEN CHINA, MUSICAL CLOCKS, FINE SHEFFIELD PLATE, HORSES, CARRIAGES, HARNESS, BILLIARD TABLE, OIL-PAINTINGS, &c.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, April 19, 1864, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 56 West 34th-st., near 5th av., the entire elegant furniture, &c., contained in said house, made to order by Messrs. Meeks, Roux, Rochefort & Skarren, &c., consisting in part of

DRAWING-ROOMS.

Superbly carved rosewood parlor suites in satin, ebony and gilt, arm and reception chairs, elegantly carved rosewood etageres with mirrors, marble-top centre and fancy tables, fine French plate pier and mantel mirrors, heavily carved rosewood 7-octave piano-forte, full round corners made by Lighte, Newton & Bradbury; superb real Dresden china mantel vases decorated with raised fruit and flowers, elegant musical clocks with birds, very rich satin and lace curtains, parian and bisquet groups, medallion velvet carpets.

DINING-ROOM.

Heavily carved walnut extension-table, marble-top buffet, lounge and dining chairs in morocco, rosewood card tables, marble and gilt clock, reps and lace curtains, large assortment of French china and cut glassware, very rich best quality Sheffield plate, viz.: chafing-dishes, side dishes, coffee and tea urns, waiters, ice and sugar bowls, pitchers, &c.

BED CHAMBERS

Elegantly carved rosewood and mahogany French bedsteads, armoire a glace, dressing bureaus, washstands, commodes, Turkish easy chairs, lounges, arm and side chairs, etageres, paillasses, curled hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, lace and reps curtains, mantle clocks and ornaments, mahogany wardrobes, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets.

ALSO,

all the elegant bronze and ormolu chandeliers, gas brackets, &c., rosewood billiard table, made by Sharp, with balls, cues, &c., complete, together with a large assortment of kitchen and laundry furniture, with which the sale will commence.

AT 4 O'CLOCK,

a number of very choice oil-paintings, by Rondel, Ingram, Watteau, Berrier, Paul Ritter, Ernest Lattachios, Miss Stevens, and others.

ALSO,

pair blood bay horses, four and five years old, sixteen and three-quarters hands high, switch tails, sound and kind in all harness, fine coupé and one family carriage, made by Wood Brothers, calèche by Lawrence, double and single harness, blankets, &c.

The furniture will be on exhibition on MONDAY, 18th instant, by permit, which with catalogue, may be seen at the office of the auctioneers.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

WILL SELL AT AUCTION ON TUESDAY, April 19, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, N. Y., valuable Brooklyn residence. A two-story and attic frame house, filled in with brick, and 10 lots of ground, on Pacific-st., running through to Dean-st., and commencing 200 feet west of Nostrand-av. The house is about 32 feet square, with an extension, all in good order. Coach-house and stable on the premises. The grounds are handsomely laid out in gardens, containing grapevines, summer-house, &c. In all respects suitable for a gentleman's residence. For maps, &c., apply to the auctioneers, No. 77 Cedar-st., N. Y.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE VILLAGE PROPERTY FOR sale in the village of Sing Sing, containing about 12 acres; a stream of water through the place, with every advantage for a good water power; also an easily-worked marble quarry; abundance of good fruit; on the premises is a dwelling-house containing nine rooms. If not sold before the 20th of April it will then be offered at public auction on the premises, between 10 and 12 M. For particulars inquire of STEPHEN YALE on the premises, EDGAR FORMAN, Niagara Insurance Company, No. 67 Wall-st., or ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

FRIDAY, APRIL 15—AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., AT the Central Salesroom, Willoughby-st., corner Pearl, Brooklyn: Handsome rosewood piano, 7 octave, cottage do., oak secretary bedstead, Plympton's patent.
ALSO—A large and general assortment of rosewood, mahogany and walnut parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, book-cases, hair mattresses, China, glassware, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, &c., &c.
At 12 o'clock noon,
3 good horses, 3 covered bakers' wagons, 1 butcher's cart, 4 sets harness, &c., &c.

D. S. HOUGH, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—D. S. HOUGH, AUCTIONeer, will sell at auction this day, THURSDAY, April 14, at 10½ A. M., the entire contents of the private residence, No. 208 East 18th-st., near 2d-av., consisting of rich velvet, Brussells and ingrain carpets, elegant rosewood parlor furniture, two fine pier mirrors, with gilt cornices and base; tables to match; richly embroidered lace curtains, walnut and oak dining-room furniture, good chamber suites, fine mattresses and beds, mahogany desk, a lot of books and pamphlets. Also, a good assortment of kitchen utensils, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues on morning of sale. No postponement on account of the weather.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

ELEVENTH-AVENUE CORNER LOTS AT AUCTION.—A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction, to close a concern, on THURSDAY, April 21, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
ELEVENTH-AV. LOTS—Two lots beautifully situated at the northeasterly corner of 11th-av. and 100th-st., each lot 25 feet 5½ inches on the 11th-av., by 100 feet in depth.
ELEVENTH-AV.—Two lots on the southeast corner of 11th-av. and 100th-st., each 25 feet 5½ inches on the avenue, by from 105 to 109 feet 9½ inches. The soil is very fine, being a choice garden spot. The title is perfect. $400 on each lot can remain on mortgage two years from last January. Maps at No. 77 Cedar-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 68 CROSBY-ST., AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell on THURSDAY, April 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
CROSBY-ST.—The three-story house and lot situate on the westerly side of Crosby-st., about 47 feet 5½ inches south of Spring-st., and known as No. 68. The house is 20 feet 7 inches by 36 feet 5 inches; is partly frame and partly brick.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT NO. 518 5TH-ST., AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell on THURSDAY, April 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the three-story and basement mastic front house and lot, known as No. 518 5th-st., between Avs. C. and D. The house is 22.6 by 46 feet, with an extension on first floor 22.6 by 8 feet; has gas, hot and cold water, good range, &c. The lot is 22.6 by 96 feet.

AUCTION SALES.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, AUCTIONEER.
REGULAR SALE OF STOCKS & BONDS
ALBERT H. NICOLAY
WILL SELL THIS DAY
(THURSDAY,) APRIL 14,
AT 12½ O'CLOCK AT THE
STOCK SALESROOM No 52 WILLIAM ST

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Shares.			Shares.		
528	Mech. & Trad. Bank	$25	50	Phenix Bank	$20
10	Shoe & Leath. Bank	100	20	American Ex. Bank	100
10	N. Y. Fire & M. Ins.	100	75	Inter Fire. Ins.	100
30	Firemen's Trust Ins.	10	10	Continental Fire Ins	100
10	Metropolitan F. Ins.	100	40	Beekman Fire Ins.	25
20	Second-av. R.	100	20	Security Fire Ins.	50
40	Adriatic Fire Ins.	25	10	Stuyvesant Fire Ins.	25
75	Ind. Telegraph Co.	100	16	Eagle Fire Ins.	40
5	Long Island Fire Ins	50	200	Saginaw L. & M Co.	25
300	Brooklyn Cen. R.	50			

$5,000 6 per cent. Michigan State Bonds.
$4,000 6 per cent. Sacramento City Bonds, interest paid in gold.
$1,000 8 per cent. Keokuk City Bonds.
$5,000 7 per cent. Niagara Falls Hydraulic Co. Bonds.
$11,000 7 per cent. Lyons (Iowa) Central R. Co. Bonds.
$18,000 6 per cent. Williamsburgh Water Works Bonds.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
AUCTIONEER AND STOCK BROKER.

D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer, (late with Adrian H. Muller.)

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF BROOME AND HENRY STS. PROPERTY.—D. M. SEAMAN will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 14, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
HENRY-ST.—Two-story, attic and basement brick house and lot No. 245 Henry-st., near Montgomery; house 23x40; lot 23x80.
BROOME-ST.—Frame buildings and lot No. 111 Broome-st., near Willet, 25x75 feet.
Possession May 1. Terms liberal.
For maps, &c., apply to the auctioneer, No. 14 Pine-st.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

BY BURDETT, JONES, & CO.

BY VIRTUE OF ORDERS OF SALE TO ME DIrected by the Honorable District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell at
PUBLIC AUCTION,
FROM STORE NO. 6 BARCLAY-ST.,
TUESDAY, APRIL 19, 1864,
AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.,
THE CARGO OF PRIZE STEAMER
CUMBERLAND,
CONSISTING IN PART OF
87 Bales Cloths and Clothing.
67 Cases Dry Goods.
22 Cases Hardware.
18 Cases Paper.
10 Bales Paper.
130 Coils Rope.
82 Chests Tea.
2 Suites Drawing-room Furniture.
5 Bales Sole Leather.
100 Cases Can Meats.
140 Boxes Candles.
15 Cases muskets.
10 Cases Boots.
&c., &c., &c.
CARGO PRIZE STEAMER LAURA.
29 Cases Dry Goods.
2 Bales Blankets.
CARGO PRIZE STEAMER ROSITA.
8 Bales Bagging.
9 Cases Dry Goods.
CARGO PRIZE SCHOONER ROEBUCK.
50 Cases Dry Goods.
20 Bales Oakum.
200 Pigs Lead.
25 Boxes Shot.
FROM PRIZE SCHOONER SUSAN.
8 Cases Sundries.
FROM PRIZE SLOOP CAROLINE.
1 Case Sundries.
Catalogues three days before sale, when goods may be examined.
Terms at Sale.
JAMES C. CLAPP, U. S. Marshal,
Southern District Florida.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

PRIZE STEAMSHIP CUMBERLAND.

BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

Adjourned Sale, by order of Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of Navy,
ON WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20.
From the Atlantic Docks, Brooklyn, at 12 M.
By order of Hon. THOMAS J. BOYNTON, Judge District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell at public auction the prize
STEAMSHIP CUMBERLAND,
as she now lies, with all on board. The CUMBERLAND is an iron ship, 248 feet long, 26 feet beam, 11 feet hold; side-wheels, double oscillating engines; boilers one year old; has elegant cabins; is in perfect order and ready for sea. Tonnage, about 750 Aw.
She can be examined every day before the sale, by obtaining cards of admission from BENNER & BROWN, No. 113 Wall-st.
JAMES C. CLAPP,
United States Marshal,
Southern District Florida.

AUCTION SALE OF NAVAL STORES, AT NAVY-YARD, NEW-YORK.

By order of the Commandant of this Yard, I shall offer for sale at public auction, on THURSDAY, April 21, at 12 o'clock M., the following articles, viz.:
About 2,000 bbls. of Soft Turpentine.
About 300 bbls. Am. Spirits Turpentine.
About 35,000 lbs. Oakum Shakings.
About 11,000 lbs. old Manilla Rope.
About 10,000 lbs. Oakum Dust, in bales.
About 6,000 lbs. old Raw Hide Rope.
About 150,000 lbs. Brady's Compressed Hair in bales.
Twenty per cent. of the purchase-money must be deposited at the time of sale, and ten days will be allowed to remove the goods from the Yard; and, if not so removed, the deposit will be forfeited to the Government. All payments to be made in Government currency, and before the goods are removed from the Yard.
NAVY-YARD, NEW-YORK, April 5, 1864.
D. D. T. MARSHALL, U. S. Naval Storekeeper.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, CHANDELIERS, CARPETS, &c.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 14, 1864, at 11 o'clock, at No. 9 East 22d-st., near 5th-av.
The entire contents of said house, consisting in part of richly carved rosewood parlor suites in crimson, brocatel and plush, heavily carved rosewood etagere with mirrors, fine French plate pier glasses, rosewood centre and fancy tables, marble-tops; arm and reception chairs, richly carved oak buffet, marble top; extension dining-table, dining chairs in plush, mahogany French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, pailasses, hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, lounges, rockers, easy chairs, French china and glassware, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, rich chandeliers and fixtures, together with an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

M. DOUGHTY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, APRIL 14, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 260 West 42d-st., near 8th-av., Herring's fire-proof iron safe, mahogany parlor furniture, tête-à-têtes, arm and parlor chairs, gilt frame French plate pier glasses, Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpets, mahogany dining tables, crockery, glassware, dressing bureaus, washstands, bedsteads, hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, blankets, sheets, comforters, quilts, together with a general assortment of basement and kitchen furniture. Also, immediately after the above sale, at No. 262 West 42d-st., (next door,) pier glass, with marble top, consoles, parlor suites, gas chandeliers and brackets, tapestry, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-paintings, bureaus, bedsteads, mattresses, &c.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

OSGOOD & COOK, WILL SELL THIS DAY, (Thursday,) April 14, at 12 o'clock, in front of their store, No. 83 Cedar-st., near Broadway, one bay horse, 15½ hands high, 9 years old, sound and kind in single or double harness; also,
Shifting top buggies.
Four seat rockaways.
Jump seat top wagon.
Shifting top phaeton.
City made coal box buggy.
Four-seat depot wagons.
Six-seat coach, very light and handsome.
Piano body buggies.
New and second-hand double and single harness, blankets, &c., &c.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

REFEREE'S SALE, IN PARTITION, OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON GREENWICH AND PERRY STS.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 14, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of John T. Hoffman, Esq., Referee:
GREENWICH-ST.—The three four-story brick stores and lots, Nos. 191, 193 and 195 Greenwich-st., east side, between Dey and Fulton sts.
PERRY-ST.—The house and lot known as No. 117 Perry-st., near Greenwich-st. Dimensions as per diagram.
For further particulars apply at the office of
GOODMAN, JESSUP & KENNADAY,
No. 112 Broadway.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 14, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 79 East 12th-st., household furniture, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, carved mahogany sofas and chairs, tete-a-tetes and rockers in hair-cloth, gilt frame mirrors, rosewood marble-top side and centre-tables, mahogany French bedsteads, bolsters and pillows, pailliasses, brocade window-curtains, extension dining-table, hair mattresses, Turkey-red window-curtains, gilt cornices, washstands, china, crockery, and glassware.

H. H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL AT AUCTION on FRIDAY, April 15, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 28 Varick-st., opposite St. John's Park, Brussels and ingrain carpets, mahogany high-post bedsteads, black walnut bedsteads, iron do., straw paillasses, mahogany dressing bureaus, mahogany and black walnut bedsteads, gilt frame looking glasses, brocatel window curtains, broadcloth window curtains, gilt cornices, window shades, toilet sets, China, crockery, glassware, &c.

FRIDAY, APRIL 15, AT 10 O'CLOCK, at the yard corner of Jay and John sts., Brooklyn—sewer drain pipe, for account of whom it may concern, to pay charges. A large quantity of clay sewer drain pipe, assorted sizes, with rings and branches; also, Scotch fire cement. Sale positive.

AUCTION SALES

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

SALE OF CHOICE OLD WINES, BRANDIES, LIQUORS AND SEGARS.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., WILL SELL at auction on THURSDAY, (this day,) April 14, at 10 o'clock, at our salesroom, No. 23 Nassau-st.:
Positive and peremptory sale of a large and valuable stock of high grade wines, liquors and segars, to be sold to close an insolvent concern late in the importing and jobbing business, including very old London Dock brandies, viz., Otard, Hennessey, Vine Growers, Martell, Duff Gordon, Pemartin, J. J. Griarte, Domecq, Topaz, and other favorite Sherries; pale Brown and Golden Sandanan, and other choice Ports, in cases and demijohns; a small lot of very choice old South-side Madeira, guaranteed over twenty years old; Hock, Claret, Catawba and Champaigne wines; several lines of very fine old Bourbon Whisky, Irish and Scotch Whisky, Holland and English Gin, Jamaica and Grenada Rums. The public may implicitly rely on the quality of the goods offered at this sale, every article being warranted precisely like sample and description. No other goods admitted.
Also, a balance of an invoice of about 15,000 Havana segars, remaining from the stock of a well-known importer and jobber of this City, now retiring from business, consisting of Brevas Regalia, Britannica, Concha, Gauxaelos, Flor de Pensados, Concha, Hillirdrodos, Operas, Londres de Carte, and other styles of the best brands imported for this market, viz.: Cubanos, Figaro, Punch, Winfield Scott, Rosa La Flor de Albrome, El Sol de Santiago, El Monumento Corona, Ducal, La Turca, El Peru, El Sena, and other favorites. Dealers and private buyers wishing to obtain samples, can do so early on the morning of the sale.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON FIRST-PLACE AND IMLAY-ST., BROOKLYN, AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 15, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:
FIRST-PLACE—The valuable first-class three-story and basement high-stoop brown-stone house and lot No. 91 First-place, on the north side, between Court and Smith sts., 108 feet east of Court-st. The house has gas, hot and cold water, bath and stationary tubs, portable furnace, &c. The house is 25 feet front and rear, by about 45 feet deep, with extension of one story about 10 feet. There is a court-yard of about 33 feet. The lot is 25 feet front and rear by 133 feet 5½ inches deep.
IMLAY-ST.—The two desirable three-story brick houses and lots on the east side of Imlay-st., between Ewer and William sts., 226 feet north of William-st. Water in the yards of each house. Houses 17 feet front and rear, by about 36 feet deep. Lots 17 feet front and rear by 90 feet deep.
Maps and further particulars apply to the office of the auctioneers, E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

LITHAUER & CRISTALAR, Auctioneers,
NO. 10 PARK-PLACE.

LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE SALE.

DIAMOND AND GOLD JEWELRY, GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
SILVER-PLATED WARE,
FINE FRENCH BRONZE AND GILT CLOCKS, &c.,
On THURSDAY, April 14, 1864, at 10 o'clock.
Fine gold hunting and open face, full jeweled, straight line, double time, and Mickle duplex, anchor and chronometer watches.
Ladies' diamond and enameled watches.
A large line of silver hunting patent lever, cylinder, and verge watches.
Diamond jewelry in every variety, consisting of brooches, single stone and cluster rings, studs, buttons, ear-rings, and necklaces.
Gold guard, fob, and vest chains.
Gold 18 carat jewelry.
A very costly line of fine French gilt, bronze and marble 30-hour and 8-day clocks.
Also, a large line of silver-plated ware: dessert, tea and table forks, spoons, and knives, cups, goblets, casters, salt stands, &c.
Also, ivory balanced handle table knives and forks, and a general assortment of pocket cutlery.
Catalogues at sale.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. WILL sell at auction, on TUESDAY, April 19, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, VALUABLE LOTS ON 11TH-AV. AND 97TH-ST.
ON 11TH-AV.—3 desirable lots on the east side, commencing at the southeast corner of 97th-st.; size of corner lot 25.2x100; inside lots, 25.3x100.
ON 97TH-ST.—10 lots on south side, immediately in the rear of the avenue lots; size, 25x100.4 each.
A portion of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, at 6 per cent.
Maps, terms, &c., at auctioneer's office, No. 77 Cedar-st.

P. C. BULKLEY, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE ON LEXINGTON-AV. AND WEST 46TH-ST.—P. C. BULKLEY will sell on TUESDAY, April 19, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, by order of the executors of GEORGE YAULE, deceased, the three-story brick house and lot known as No. 158 Lexington-av. (in fee,) and the leasehold property known as No. 175 West 46th-st.
Maps at the office, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

GERARD, BETTS & CO., Auctioneers.

FRENCH PEAR TREES, ROSES, &c.—GERARD, BETTS & CO. will sell at auction, SATURDAY next, 16th inst., in front of their store, No. 103 Wall-st., a lot of French pear trees, roses, &c., just landed in prime order ex steamer *Hecla*.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—WANTED, A SITUAtion as housekeeper in a respectable family, by an American lady who has had some experience in housekeeping, and understands dressmaking thoroughly; is fond of children, and prefers the country. References given and required. Address T., Box No. 1,234 New-York Post-office.

AS EXPERIENCED COOKS, WASHERS AND IRONERS, WAITRESSES AND CHILDREN'S NURSES.—Gentlemen's families in Brooklyn and the country may be immediately supplied with the most efficient and highly recommended servants, at MANNING'S Select Agency, No. 15 Court-st., (Hamilton Building,) Brooklyn.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as good cook; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; can give the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 111 West 16th-st., rear, second floor.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman wishes a situation as cook; understands cooking in all its branches—boning and larding—and has no objection to assist in washing. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 218 East 14th-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman a situation as professed cook; understands game and soups, baking and pastry, and all kinds of desserts; the best of City reference given. Call at No. 193 7th-av., first floor, front room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY AN EXPERIENCED cook a situation in a private family or boarding-house; is an excellent baker; makes pastry, soups and jellies; good reference. Call or address No. 192 East 21st-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK in a private family, by a middle-aged woman, lately arrived from London, that has been in that capacity for the last 20 years. Apply for ROSE CONNELIA, No. 150 East 41st-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, a situation as a good cook; is a good baker; is willing to assist with plain washing; has the best City reference. Can be seen at No. 109 25th-st., near 7th-av.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED BY AN EXperienced cook, who thoroughly understands her business; best of City references. Call for two days at No. 73 West 20th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable woman, a situation as chambermaid or waitress. Can be seen at No. 9 East 22d-st., the house of her present employer, the rest of the week. Best of City reference.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—SITUATIONS wanted by two respectable Scotch girls; one for chamberwork and washing, and one for chamberwork and sewing. Call for two days in the shoe store, No. 78 West 24th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A RESPECTABLE young girl wishes a good situation as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family; can give good City references. Can be seen at No. 61 Douglas-st., Brooklyn.

AS SEAMSTRESS, CHAMBERMAID AND LAUNDRESS.—Wanted, two Protestant girls; one as seamstress and chambermaid, and one as laundress. Apply, with City references, between 9 and 12 o'clock Thursday and Friday mornings, at No. 9 West 16th-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—SITUATION WANTED by a colored seamstress; has a machine of her own, and would go out to do family sewing. Can be seen for one week at No. 201 Church-st., between Walker and White sts.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—A YOUNG GIRL wishes a situation as seamstress and take care of grown children, or assist in chamberwork if required. Call or address No. 132 West 27th-st., Room No. 9.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A RESPECtable young woman, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; is willing to make herself generally useful; can be seen for two days at No. 141 East 38th-st.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT Protestant young woman, a situation as infant's nurse; will do chamberwork if required. Best of City reference. Can be seen for two days after 11 A. M., at No. 121 East 19th-st.

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTable Protestant woman a situation as nurse and seamstress, or nurse and chambermaid, in a private family; no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 38 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS NURSE.—A PROTESTANT GIRL WANTS A situation as nurse and seamstress. Apply at No. 114 West 19th-st.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY AN EXperienced girl, with excellent City references, a situation as waitress and chambermaid; can do fine washing; is a thorough servant. Call at or address No. 192 East 21st-st.

AS GENERAL HOUSEMAID.—WANTED, A situation, by a respectable girl, to do general housework; is a good cook, washer and ironer; has no objection to go a short distance in the country; has good City references. Call at No. 239 East 19th-st.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, BY AN EXperienced woman, a situation as laundress in a first-class family; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 402 6th-av., over the French woman's.

AS LADY'S MAID.—WANTED, BY A REspectable (colored) woman, a situation as lady's maid in a family to go to Europe or elsewhere. To be seen for 3 days at No. 111 West 21st-st.

A LADY WISHES TO PROCURE A situation for an excellent Protestant woman, with a family going to Europe, either to take care of children or to wait upon a lady. Apply at No. 59 5th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ON DEMANDE UNE FEMME DE CHAMBRE Française sachant coiffer et faire les robes. S'adresser, entre 10 et 1 heure, au No. 10 East 16th-st. Elle doit fournier de bonnes recommandations.

MALES.

TO HARDWARE MERCHANTS.—A LAD, between 15 and 16 years of age, who has just left school, desires a situation in a respectable hardware store where he can learn the business. He resides with his parents, writes a handsome hand, is quick at figures, and has some knowledge of book-keeping. Address L. A. D., Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

TO ARCHITECTS AND OTHERS.—PLANS, elevations, perspective views, landscapes inserted, &c., on moderate terms. Also, plans, views and planting lists for improvements of rural grounds. Situation desired. Also, position desired by a reliable man as D. E. or bank book-keeper or assistant. Address G., No. 143 Grand-st.

A YOUNG MAN DESIRES EMPLOYMENT IN any business except liquor-dealing, or occupations of that nature. Is a good penman, and has a good knowledge of figures and of book-keeping, with a good general education, but has had no experience in business. Could give best references for character. Address M. L. T., Box No. 167 *Times* Office.

AS HEAD GARDENER.—A PRACTICAL Scotchman wants engagement as head gardener and the supervision of details on a first-class establishment; will furnish a good cook; references unexceptionable. Address SUPERINTENDENT, Box No. 192 *Times* Office.

AS ASSISTANT GARDENER.—A YOUNG man wishes a situation as assistant gardener, who understands milking and is willing to make himself useful. Address C. H., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

AS CASHIER OR TELLER.—WANTED, BY a man of experience in the banking business, a situation as cashier or teller in a City bank, or would accept of a cashiership in a good country bank; the most satisfactory references given. Address JAMES, Box No. 162 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a respectable young man as coachman and groom; understands the care and management of horses and harness; can give satisfactory reference from his last employer. Call for two days at London's saddlery-store, No. 79 Bleecker-st.

AS COACHMAN.—SITUATION WANTED AS coachman; can produce the highest City testimonies; has lived five years in his last place; is a competent four-in-hand driver and capable of taking charge of any gentleman's establishment; is a single man. Address N. P., Box No. 201 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman by a respectable single man; can give the best City reference as to honesty, sobriety and reliability from all and each of his former employers. To be seen for two days at No. 60 4th-av.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, by a competent single man, a situation as coachman and groom; is willing to make himself useful; is a good driver; good country or City reference. Address M. J. C., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A SITUation wanted by a competent single man as coachman and groom; is willing to make himself useful; is a good driver; good country or City reference. Address D. N., Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED AS coachman, by a man of long experience in the care and treatment of horses; is a competent groom and good driver; has good City references. Address E. L., No. 79 Bleecker-st., or Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN OR COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—Situation wanted by a married man, (no family;) can show the best of City and country reference. Address D. K., Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—A SITuation wanted by a respectable young man as coachman and gardener; good reference from his last place. Address P. G., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG man, a situation as coachman; is a first-class groom and an experienced reinsman. Call at the private stable, No. 49 East 18th-st., for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a young man, as coachman; no objection to go in the country; understands the care of horses thoroughly. Apply, for two days, at No. 79 Bleecker-st.

AS COACHMAN OR GENERAL MANAGER. —Wanted, by a smart active man of experience, a situation as coachman or general manager of a place. Refer to E. TERRY, No. 27 Wall-st.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS COOK and laundress; one who thoroughly understands her business, with first-class City reference, where parties may be seen with whom she has lived; none other need apply. Call at No. 17 East 13th-st., between 9 and 11 o'clock this day.

A BUTLER OR HEAD WAITER.—WANTed, as butler or head waiter, in a private family, a man of experience, who can produce the very best testimonials of character and ability; any other need not apply. Address Box No. 493 Post-office.

WANTED—A SALESMAN AND DELIVERY clerk in a coal office; one acquainted with the business and with the City of New-York. Address M. S., Box No. 3,255 Post-office, New-York, with real name and reference.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS WANTED—Both to understand their business thoroughly. The laundress must be willing to assist the waiter. None need apply without the best of City references. Apply between the hours of 9 and 11 A. M. at 161 West 25th-st.

WANTED—A COUPLE TO TAKE CHARGE OF a small farm in the country; the man must be a good farmer, and able to raise vegetables, and the wife a good dairy woman. Apply, by letter, to Box No. 734 Post-office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO WORK IN A grocery-store; one who understands the business preferred, and can come well recommended. Apply to THOMAS McCORMICK, No. 671 8th-av.

WANTED—A WOMAN AS LAUNDRESS AND chambermaid; must be willing to go to the country in the Summer; good references required. Apply at No. 177 Madison-av., between 9 and 1 o'clock.

GARDENER AND GROOM WANTED.—A single man, well qualified and well recommended, will receive good wages. Apply to D. L. STONE, No. 45 Wall-st.

WANTED—A SMART ACTIVE LAD OR YOUNG man, with good recommendation as to honesty, &c. Applications may be made until the 16th inst. to LANDSDOWN, the hatter, No. 234 Greenwich-st., near Murray.

A COOK.—WANTED A GOOD COOK, WITH CITY reference, or one lately arrived from the old country; a German or English preferred. Apply from 10 to 12 o'clock, at No. 424 5th-av., side door, corner of 38th-st.

DRUG CLERK WANTED—AN EXPERIenced man, capable to take entire charge of a working room in a large establishment. Address DRUGGIST, Box 110 *Times* Office, with full address and references.

A CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A girl wanted in a private family as chambermaid and waitress, and to be useful generally. Call at No. 58 7th-av., from 9 to 12 A. M.

BOY WANTED IN AN OFFICE.—MUST BE able to write well, and not under 15 years of age, and bring good references. Address H. K. S., Box No 130 *Times* Office.

A CLERK.—WANTED, A CLERK WHO writes an elegant plain engrossing hand. Address, in handwriting of applicant, Box No. 500 Brooklyn, with references, and stating salary expected.

WANTED—A BOOK-KEEPER, IN THE STAtionery business. Address Box No. 4,578 New-York Post-office.

TRADES.—WANTED, AT GIMBREDE & SON'S, No. 872 Broadway, experienced girls to black border paper and envelopes; good wages and steady work.

BOOK-KEEPER WANTED—IN A BANK; one who is fully competent. Address Box No. 823 Post-office.

ERRAND BOY WANTED—14 TO 16 YEARS old; one who can bring good recommendations. Address Box No. 4,616 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—A BOY, ABOUT 14 YEARS OF AGE, to make himself generally useful in an office. Apply, with good references, at No. 11 Gold-st., up stairs.

LOST AND FOUND.

$25 REWARD.—LOST, SATURDAY, 9TH inst., a gold hunting-case WATCH, made by T. F. Cooper, London, No. 2,740, with initials G. S. F. in German text on the outside, together with a gold chain, key and agate-stone seal, with letters G. S. F. cut in the stone. The above reward will be paid to any one leaving the same at No. 61 Wall-st., office of City Fire Insurance Company, or No. 6 East 37th-st.

LOST IN BROOKLYN.—IF THE LADY WHO was seen to pick up a pocket-book, corner of Fulton-av. and Fort Green-place, on Wednesday, between 3 and 4 o'clock P. M., will return the same to J. H. SIMONDS, No. 52 Cliff-st., New-York, or Hanson-place, second door west of Fort Green-place, Brooklyn, she will receive ten dollars and the thanks of the owner.

$5 REWARD.—STRAYED FROM THE STAble, No. 132 West 16th-st., a grayish mouse colored TERRIER DOG, on Tuesday morning, the 12th of April; long tail, large ears, top of the snout black. Answers to the name of *Prince*. Whoever will return the same dog to the said premises will receive the reward.

$20 REWARD.—LOST IN JOHN-ST., A small SILVER HORSE, with a ring on its back, of no great value except to the owner as a keepsake. The honest finder will receive the reward by leaving the same at No. 6 John-st. T. J. KALDENBERG.

$10 REWARD—WILL BE PAID FOR INFORmation of the recovery of a large black scow, which got adrift from Ward's Island, on the 6th or 6th instant. JAMES P. FAGAN, Superintendent, 110th-st. and East River.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.
TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, AN ENVELOPE CUTTING press; price $150; will exchange for paper.
GIMBREDE & SON, No. 872 Broadway.

SHADE TREES.—GRAPE-VINES, STANDARD roses, and all other plants, for sale, and sod mould and manure furnished, and gardens laid out, by
WM. FITZPATRICK, Florist,
29th-st. and Broadway.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 30.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 6.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 13.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 20.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 27.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, May 4.
ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 11.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 18.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

The undersigned will dispatch one of the undermentioned or other first-class full powered British built steamers from NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL, calling at Queenstown to land passengers and latest TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Ship.		Commander	To sail.
VIRGINIA		Grace.	Saturday, April 23.
PENNSYLVANIA		Brooking.	Saturday, May 7.
LOUISIANA	2,876	Smellie.	Saturday, May 21.
WESTMINSTER			Saturday, June 4.

These steamers have been all built under the inspection of the Chief Surveyor to the Liverpool Underwriters' Registry of Iron Ships, they have extra water-tight compartments, and classed first-class for 22 years.

They are fitted up for first, second, and third-class passengers, which are charged at the following rates:

First Cabin..... $100 / 85 } Payable in Currency.
Steerage..... 35

Dietary and accommodation unsurpassed by any other line of steamers.

For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF LONDON.....Saturday.....April 16
ETNA.....Saturday.....April 23
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....Saturday.....April 30

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105; Steerage, $35. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE
TO
SAN FRANCISCO AND OREGON,
VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.

The steamship
ILLINOIS,
2,500 tons,
SATURDAY, April 23, at NOON.

The finest, fastest and strongest steamship in the California trade will sail as above, from pier foot of Warren-st., North River.

For freight or passage apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON,
Corner of Warren and West sts.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS VIA HAVANA.

To sail on SATURDAY, April 16, at 3 o'clock P. M.
The U. S. M. side wheel steamship
MORNING STAR,
HENRY L. HEPBURN, Commander,
will sail as above, from Pier No. 46 N. R., foot of King-st. For freight or passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR,
No. 161 Broadway.

N. B.—The EVENING STAR will follow and sail on SATURDAY, April 30, 1864.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The fast and elegant United States mail steamship
CREOLE,
JOHN THOMPSON, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 13, North River, for New-Orleans direct, on WEDNESDAY, April 20, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.

No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.

For freight or passage apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO.,
No. 115 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United States Mail Side-wheel Steamship
EAGLE,
RICHARD ADAMS, Commander,
Will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, April 20, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, for Havana direct. No freight received, or bills lading signed on the day of sailing. All letters must pass through the Post-office.

For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.—THE NEW U. S. mail steamship GEORGE WASHINGTON, Capt. Gager, will leave Pier No. 9 North River on SATURDAY, April 23, at 3 P. M. Passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $60. Apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,

NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This Road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.

Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7¼.

Leave Flushing at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7¼ P. M.

N. B.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE TO THE WEST

is 90 miles shorter to Cincinnati; one change of cars.
is 21 miles shorter to Cleveland; one change of cars.
is 56 miles shorter to Chicago; one change of cars.
is 55 miles shorter to St. Louis; two changes of cars.
Office No. 271 Broadway, corner Chambers-st.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, commencing Nov. 12, 1863.—Leave James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M., and on FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 P. M. Also, for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Hamptons, &c., stopping at all stations. For Yaphank at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Syosset, at 9 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Jamaica and Hempstead, at 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 5 P. M.

Sunday excursion trains to Yaphank, at 9:15 A. M., from 34th-st., stopping at all stations.

Fare for this train at excursion rates.

For Syosset, (on Sundays,) at 5:45 P. M., stopping at all stations.
A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave from foot of Chambers-st.

7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo and intermediate stations.
4:15 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—The steamboat J. D. BEERS will leave the wharf foot of Murray-st. EVERY AFTERNOON, (except Sundays,) at 4 o'clock, connecting at Port Monmouth with trains for Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Tom's River and intermediate stations. Returning, leave Manchester at 6:40 A. M., and Long Branch at 7:25 A. M., arriving in New-York at 10:15 A. M. A freight train, with passenger car attached, leaves Port Monmouth every morning for Camden. Freight received foot of Murray-st. till 3:30 P. M. B. S. SEYMOUR, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 5:22 P. M., from 30th-st.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 6 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 2:15 P. M., 4:21 P. M., 6:25 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M. run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY, FOOT OF BARCLAY-STREET.—Through Mail trains for Hackettstown and intermediate stations leave New-York at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Morristown Express at 5 P. M. J. B. BASSINGER, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—For Albany, Troy, North and West, leave 26th-st depot at 10 A. M. and 4:25 P. M. Sunday train, 4:25 P. M.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR RONDOUT—LANDING AT CORNWALL, Newburgh, Marlboro, Milton, Poughkeepsie, West Park and Esopus. The steamers JAMES W. BALDWIN, Capt. J. H. TREMPER, and THOMAS CORNELL, Capt. W. H. CORNELL, will leave New-York daily, (Sundays excepted,) from foot of Jay-st., at 4½ P. M. Returning, will leave Rondout at 6 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north and east from New-Haven at 11 P. M. NIGHT LINE—Steamers leave at 11 P. M., arriving in New-Haven in time for all early morning trains

IRON WORK.

RAILROAD TIES.—WANTED, 10,000 CHESTnut, oak or pine ties, sawed or hewn, 6½ feet long, 6x7 or 8x8 inches. Address WM. D. O'BRIEN, No. 32 Schermerhorn-st., Brooklyn, N. Y., stating terms, delivered in any part of New-York harbor, and time of delivery.

FAIRS.

MARYLAND STATE FAIR

FOR
THE BENEFIT
OF THE
UNITED STATES SANITARY AND CHRISTIAN COMMISSIONS.

The Maryland State Fair will be opened with appropriate ceremonies, at the Maryland Institute, in the City of Baltimore, on MONDAY, 18th of April, at 6½ P. M., a day ever memorable for the first assault and maltreatment of the soldiers of the sister State of Pennsylvania marching over the common highway of the Republic, to the defence of the Capital of our common country, and the prelude to the atrocities committed in our streets against the patriot sons of Massachusetts on the 19th.

Although her soil has been seared and furrowed by the thread of rebel armies, the daughters of Maryland will not yield to those of any State in placing upon the altar of their beloved country a tribute to the brave defenders of their homes and firesides. Although they may not reach the brilliant results attained in the favored cities of the East and West, valued in money, they will not concede to any a greater degree of devotion to the sublime labor of love exhibited by the agents of the Sanitary Commission, and its no less zealous companion the Christian Commission, on every battle-field. Not only has the soldier, bleeding and dying in defence of the eternal right of man to self-government, been assisted and comforted, but the wind of adversity has been tempered to the misguided men who have taken up arms to effect its overthrow.

Contributions in money and goods are earnestly solicited from our merchants, manufacturers, mechanics, farmers and others, and can be addressed to any of the undersigned, or sent to the hall of the institute, on and after WEDNESDAY, April 13, where they will be received and taken charge of by the Hall Committee.

The various Express Companies will transport articles free of charge.

The programme of the ceremonies of inauguration of the Fair will be announced hereafter.

Tickets of admission to the main hall of the Institute can be had at the following places, on and after WEDNESDAY, April 13, viz.:

Messrs. Cushing & Bailey's, No. 262 W. Baltimore-st.
Messrs. Canfield, Bros. & Co.'s, corner Baltimore and Charles-st.
Mr. James S. Waters, No. 168 W. Baltimore-st.
Messrs. Chas. Reese & Co., corner Madison and Eutaw sts.
Messrs. Armstrong & Berry, No. 156 W. Baltimore-street, and at the Ticket Office of the Institute, on and after 18th April, at following prices:

Single Tickets—For the first evening.....$1.00
Single Tickets—After the first evening.....25
Season Tickets—Good for the entire week of the Fair, *after* the first evening.....1.00
Season Tickets—Issued to ladies having charge of tables, &c., and their designated assistants only, and good for the entire week, including the first evening.....1.00

No season tickets are transferable, or allowed to be used except by those to whom issued. Ladies having charge of tables, &c., will please hand in, as soon as practicable, at the store of Messrs. Cushings & Bailey, and addressed to the "Joint Executive Committee," a list of names and the number of tickets desired by them, as above.

There will be an exhibition of rare and valuable Paintings in the Rooms of the School of Design of the Institute, for which season tickets will be issued at the above places for 50 cents; single tickets 25 cents. Other exhibitions, of Tableaux, &c., will be announced, as arrangements are perfected.

Arrangements have been made with the various railroad companies and steamboat lines running into the City, by which tickets will be issued (with admission coupons attached) at greatly reduced rates of fare.

The Public School Commissioners have announced a holiday to the scholars for the afternoons of Thursday and Friday, April 21 and 22.

Articles purchased will not be removed until after the first evening of the Fair; by this feature an opportunity will be offered to all to see the rare and beautiful articles as first arranged.

A daily newspaper will be published and sold at the Fair.

Meals can be obtained at all hours at the Lunch Rooms, and also at the "New-England Kitchen," which is expected to be one of the most interesting features of the Fair.

The Music for the Fair will be under the direction of Professor Deems.

The Fair will be opened at 10 o'clock on each morning; the Drum Corps will beat the "tattoo" at 10½ P. M.—"taps" at 11, when it is expected that the Rooms will be immediately vacated.

MANAGERS:

Gentlemen's Organization.	*Ladies' Organization.*
PRESIDENT.	PRESIDENT.
WM. J. ALBERT.	MRS. GOV. BRADFORD.
JOINT EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:	
Gen. John S. Berry, Ch'n.	Mrs. Alex. Turnbull, Ch'n.
Joseph H. Meredith,	Mrs. Chas. J. Bowen,
Gerard T. Hopkins,	Mrs. Lincoln Phelps,
James Carey Coale,	Mrs. Wm. J. Albert,
Thomas J. Morris,	Mrs. Alpheus Hyatt,
George Gildersleeve,	Mrs. Camillus Kidder,
James W. Tyson,	Mrs. Jas. D. Mason,
James D. Mason,	Mrs. John S. Berry,
John W. Randolph.	Mrs. Charles Spilker.

LADIES' COMMITTEE OF RECEPTION.
MRS. ROYAL T. CHURCH, Chairman.
TREASURER.
HENRY JANES, of E. Pratt & Bro.
SECRETARY.
JAMES CAREY COALE.
FINANCE COMMITTEE.
HON. THOMAS SWANN, Chairman.
COMMITTEE ON THE FINE ARTS.
GEORGE B. COALE, Chairman.
COMMITTEE ON ROOMS AND DECORATIONS.
WOODWARD ABRAHAMS, Chairman.
COMMITTEE ON ORDER.
SEBASTIAN F. STREETER, Chairman.
COMMITTEE ON LECTURES.
Hon. HUGH L. BOND, Chairman.

[Newspapers throughout the State and elsewhere favorable to the humane cause will confer a favor upon the Managers by copying in whole or in part.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
NEW-YORK, April 4, 1864.

The Office of the Treasurer has been removed from No. 2 Great Jones-st., to the Metropolitan Fair Building, in 14th-st.

All persons desirous of contributing money are requested to pay the same to BENJ. COLLINS, Esq., Assistant Secretary of the United States Sanitary Commission, at his office, No. 823 Broadway (up stairs.)

All checks to be made payable to the order of the Treasurer.

All persons having claims against the Metropolitan Fair Association are requested to hand their bills to Mr. Collins, at the above-named office of the United States Sanitary Commission.

ELLEN R. STRONG, Treasurer.

TO MANUFACTURERS, MACHINISTS, &c.—METROPOLITAN FAIR.

The building erected for machinery at Palace Garden is now ready for the reception of all contributions of tools and machines. The entrance is on 16th-st., west of the 6th-av. Parties are requested to send in their offerings without delay, that they may be arranged and put in motion in time for the opening of the Fair.

Mr. Joseph Crampton, of the Committee on Machinery, will be at the building to receive what is sent from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M., every day, until the 28th inst.

All the principal express companies transport articles to this Fair free of charge.

ALFRED W. CRAVEN,
MARCH 19, 1864. Chairman Com. on Machinery.

NEW-YORK SANITARY FAIR.

Two splendid swords contributed by Tiffany & Co., to be awarded by the popular voice.

These swords will be presented by the fair—one to the General and the other to the naval officer—designated by the plurality of subscriptions at one dollar each. The books of registry are open to both sexes and all ages. Persons out of New-York wishing to express their preference for any one of our naval or military heroes in this charitable manner, are requested to remit to the subscribers, who will guarantee the disposition of the money and the vote—one vote for each dollar remitted.

TIFFANY & CO., N. Y. City.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

The celebrated trotting mare,
LADY WOODRUFF,
Presented by Mr. Bonner, the proprietor of the New-York *Ledger*, to the Metropolitan Fair, for the benefit of the sick and wounded soldiers, will be sold at public auction, by EDWARD SCHENCK, on
THURSDAY, April 14, at 1 o'clock,
At the Fair Grounds, Palace Garden, in 15th-st., near 7th-av. Terms cash at time of sale.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

The Chairmen of the several Committees of the Metropolitan Fair Association are respectfully requested to collect the contributions of money made to them, and forward them to the Treasurer at their earliest convenience. This request is rendered necessary from the amount of bills now being presented to this department for payment. ELLEN R. STRONG, Treasurer.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

Donations from other places should be marked "*Metropolitan Fair, New-York,*" and advice of their shipment and value sent by mail to
ELLIOTT F. SHEPARD,
Chm'n Com. on Contributions from without the City.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

MACHINERY.—The Committee will continue to receive machinery during the whole of the first week of the Fair. ALFRED W. CRAVEN,
Chairman Committee on Machinery.

U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION.

NO. 823 BROADWAY.
NEW-YORK, April 4, 1864.

With other important interests, affairs connected with the Sanitary Commission call me to California for a few months; meanwhile, Correspondents will please address all letters connected with the Commission to Dr. J. FOSTER JENKINS, General Secretary, No. 823 Broadway, New-York. Private Correspondents will address my brother F. W. G. BELLOWS, No. 88 Wall-st., Pacific Mail Company, who will forward my letters on the 3d, 13th, and 23d of each month.

(Signed,) HENRY W. BELLOWS.

THE FINANCE COMMITETE, APPOINTED on the part of the Fire Department for the Metropolitan Fair, beg leave to inform those who intend making donations in money through them for this great national object, that those authorized to receive contributions in the different companies, will be furnished with certificates from this Committee. Donations will also be received by either of the undersigned, who will duly acknowledge the same.

EDW'D D. GARESCHE, Chairman, No. 3 Broad-st.
CHAS. McDOUGALL, No. 81 Front-st.
GEORGE T. HOPE, No. 102 Broadway.
FRANCIS H. MACY, No. 189 Front-st.
JAMES F. WENMAN, No. 146 Pearl-st.
GEORGE W. LANE, No. 93 Front-st.
Z. H. JARMAN, No. 120 Fulton-st.
JOSIAH HEDDEN, No. 59 Broadway.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 20, 1864.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.—ALL PERSONS having claims against the METROPOLITAN FAIR ASSOCIATION are requested to present them to BENJAMIN COLLINS, Assistant Secretary United States Sanitary Commission, No. 823 Broadway.

All bills presented for payment must be authenticated by the signature of the Chairman of the Committee ordering the expenditure.

ELLEN R. STRONG, Treasurer.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINTERS and BLANK-BOOK DEALERS, No. 93 Fulton-st. Orders respectfully solicited.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—THE OPERA.

TO-NIGHT.
Director.....MAX MARETZEK.
ROBERT LE DIABLE.
THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, April 14, at 8, last performance but one of Meyerbeer's grand opera of ROBERT LE DIABLE.

Alice.....Mme. Josephine Medori
Isabella.....Miss Laura Harris
Robert.....Sig. Brignoli
Raimbaut.....Sig. Lotti
Bertram.....Herr Hermanns
Helene.....Mlle. Ernestine

The incidental Ballet will be executed by MLLE. ERNESTINE.
The Corps de Ballet, under the direction of Sig. Ronzani.
Conductor.....MAX MARETZEK.

TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) EVENING, April 15, positively last night but one of
FAUST. FAUST.

ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, April 16,
GRAND GALA MATINEE.

Secured seats and tickets for any of the above-named performances may now be had at the regular ticket offices.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON.
THURSDAY, April 14, 1864.
BENEFIT NIGHT OF MLLE. NATHALIE DUMAS.
LES MEMOIRES DU DIABLE.
Dramatic vaudeville, in 3 acts, by M. Arago, with a splendid cast.
Doors open at 7¼; to commence at 8 o'clock.
The Box Office, now at No. 623 Broadway, will remove to-morrow to No. 678 Broadway, opposite the Lafarge House.

INSTRUCTION.

SEWARD INSTITUTE,

FOR BOYS,
FLORIDA, ORANGE COUNTY, N. Y.

This institution will commence its semi-annual session April 18. Boys of all ages admitted. Superior advantages offered. Terms $140 per annum. Catalogues at J. P. Worstell's, No. 254 Broadway, or at the Institute.
T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M., Principal.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE,

Great Barrington, Mass. A boarding-school for twenty boys begins next session 2d May. Circulars at Randolph's No. 683 Broadway.
JAMES SEDGWICK, M. A., Principal.

CIRCULARS OF SEVERAL GOOD SCHOOLS are, for *free* use of Parents, in the Bookstore, No. 130 Grand-st., six doors E. of B'd'way. A complete record of qualifications of Teachers who want places is also kept here. This will be found *invaluable* to Principals, School Officers and Families who seek *good* teachers. J. W. SCHERMERHORN.

FAIR HAVEN SEMINARY—T. G. SLOAN, PRINCIPAL.—A family boarding school for 10 pupils; location pleasant and healthy; one mile from New-Haven; established 13 years; next term begins May 4. Circulars at GOODENOUGH'S, No. 122 Nassau-st.

THE GREENWICH INSTITUTE—AT GREENWICH, CONN.—An English and classical school for a limited number of boys, under 14 years of age. Military drill will be practiced. For circulars, address HARRY PECK, Principal.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N.Y.—A Boarding School for boys. The Fifty-third Semi-annual Session will commence on Monday, May 2d. For circulars apply to the Principal,
D. S. ROWE, M. A.

WILTON BOARDING INSTITUTE, FOR BOTH SEXES, AT WILTON, CONN.—Terms, $30 to $40 per quarter, first quarter commences May 1. ADDISON A. BETTS, Principal. Circulars can be had at George Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway.

THE REDDING INSTITUTE, REDDING, CONN.—The 34th session will commence May 4. Catalogues may be had of Benedict Bros., No. 5 Wall-st.
D. SANFORD, A. M.

COLLEGIATE AND MILITARY SCHOOL at College Hill, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., OTIS BIGBEE, Principal. Next term begins April 21. Send for a catalogue.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE AT CLAVERACK, COLUMBIA COUNTY, N. Y.—The Spring term of this popular boarding school, for both sexes, opens April 16. Address Rev. ALONZO FLACK, Prin.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS AT BEDFORD, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.—A. WILLIAMSON, A. M., Principal.—A few only received. Circulars at No. 183 Water-st., or of the Principal.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.—Circulars at W. H. ARTHUR'S, No. 39 Nassau-st., or apply to BENJAMIN MASON, Yonkers, N. Y.

WILTON INSTITUTE, WILTON, CONN., for both sexes. Six vacancies. For circulars, address LOCKWOOD & BROWN, Principals.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, New-York. O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

A LADY, AN ACCOMPLISHED MUSICIAN and teacher, would like to give lessons in some pleasant family as an equivalent for board. Highest reference given and required. Address Box No. 176 Brooklyn Post-office.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE PERSON, ONE capable to teach French and the common English branches to a little girl; she must be a good plain seamstress. Apply, with good references, from 11 to 1, at No. 37 East 15th-st.

AS PRIVATE TUTOR.—A THOROUGHLY experienced teacher of the classics, mathematics, English branches, French, Spanish, German and music, (piano or vocal,) desires an engagement. Address C. W. C., Box No. 2,561 New-York Post-office.

DRY GOODS.

LEGRAIN'S.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.
WHITE GOODS, FAMILY LINEN AND TABLE LINEN, AT COST.
WHITE SHIRTING MUSLINS, POSITIVELY UNDER COST.
Ladies will only understand the truth of this advertisement by assuring themselves of the facts.
NEW PIQUES, MARSEILLES, FRENCH AND DOMESTIC PRINTS, PRINTED LINEN, just received.
LEGRAIN, No. 729 Broadway.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

50 Cases New Styles Dress Goods.
50 Cases Hosiery and White Goods.
1,000 Cases Balmoral Skirts, new and desirable patterns.
ALSO,
a large and desirable assorted Stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods.
TRACY, IRVIN & CO., No. 400 Broadway.

TABLE COVERS,

all sizes and styles. Wine and Tea Cloths, Stand and Melodeon Covers.
PIANO COVERS,
Embroidered, Printed and Bordered in great variety.
Billiard Cloths, all colors,
AT RETAIL.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

WOOL TWINE.

CARPET WARP.
All kinds of twine, rope, cordage and lines, paper and paper bags, envelopes and writing paper.
H. A. HARVEY, No. 84 Maiden-lane.

R. H. MACY.
NOW OPEN
OUR SPRING IMPORTATION OF KID GLOVES.
ELEGANT SHADES,
BEST QUALITY,
AT LOW PRICES.
NOS. 204 AND 206 SIXTH-AV.,
TWO DOORS BELOW 14TH-ST.

MILLINERY.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STORE-KEEPERS.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
The largest assortment of STRAW GOODS, RIBBONS, and all kinds of MILLINERY SILKS, LACES, &c., in this City.
We cut Lengths cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ GRAND-ST., and No. 66 ALLEN-ST.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

FOR CHOICE PARIS FLOWERS, BRIDAL SETS, and Straw Bonnets, see TUCKER'S importations, No. 759 Broadway.

A LARGE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT of Spring and Summer Millinery and Straw Goods of the newest and most approved shapes and styles, in all the new shades and colors, at
SIMMONS', No. 637 Broadway.

CLOTHING.

ABBATT & RATHBUN,

Under St. Nicholas Hotel,
No. 507 BROADWAY,
having for many years paid particular attention to the manufacture of
BOY'S CLOTHING,
and attained a degree of excellence rarely equaled, would call the attention of parents and guardians to the large and attractive stock they are now getting up for the Spring and Summer trade. Also,
MEN'S CLOTHING,
of the latest styles and best workmanship.
☞ Particular attention paid to making Military Clothing and Uniforms for Schools.
FURNISHING GOODS
in great variety,
FOR MEN AND BOYS,
embracing
WHITE, COLORED AND NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
MERINO SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
SCARFS AND TIES,
GLOVES, HDKFS., HOSIERY, &c., &c.
COURVOISIER'S KID GLOVES.
The Custom Department comprises a full assortment of the Finest and Best Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, &c., required for Men's wear, which will be made up to order by experienced and fashionable cutters.

PEW IN ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH for sale, eligibly situated in the middle aisle. Possession 1st May. Apply to CHAS. L. JONES, No. 843 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE.

GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION
AND EGYPTIAN CARAVAN.
HYATT FROST.....Manager.
Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway.
Particular attention is respectfully directed to the fact that this
GIGANTIC COLLECTION OF
RARE AND WONDERFUL LIVING
BEASTS AND BIRDS,
from every quarter of the globe, embracing an unprecedented number of hitherto unexhibited species,
WILL MOST POSITIVELY CLOSE
WILL MOST POSITIVELY CLOSE
ON THURSDAY EVENING, April 14,
ON THURSDAY EVENING, April 14,
as in consequence of the arrangements which have been made for the approaching traveling season, its stay cannot be prolonged beyond the above-mentioned date under any circumstances whatever.
NUMEROUS RECENT ADDITIONS
render the display of animated nature at the present time more interesting than at any previous period, and
YEARS MAY ELAPSE
before another collection of equal extent and novelty will be presented to the New-York public.
THREE PERFORMANCES DAILY,
at 10½ A. M., 3 and 8½ P. M., introducing
ALL THE TRAINED ANIMALS.
Doors open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Admission, 25 cents.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

There will be an exhibition of TABLEAUX VIVANTS, in aid of the Metropolitan Fair, at Niblo's Saloon, on MONDAY EVENING, April 18, under the direction of Mr. H. W. CALYO, of the Academy of Music. Tickets one dollar each. May be had at Sibell's, No. 7 Nassau-st., and at the music-store of Wm. Hall & Son, No. 543 Broadway, and of Scharfenberg & Luis, No. 758 Broadway. Doors open at 7 P. M., performance to commence at 8 P. M. The music for the occasion will be furnished by Grafula's Seventh Regiment Band.

No tickets for sale at the door on the evening of the performance. Mrs. JAMES B. COLGATE,
Mrs. HENRY N. BEERS.

WALLACK'S.

BENEFIT
OF
MR. YOUNG,
FRIDAY, APRIL 15
TWO COMEDIES
not acted this season, and embracing the strength of the Company,
AMERICANS IN PARIS,
and
RURAL FELICITY,
Box-book now open.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

MUSIC

FOR THE SABBATH-SCHOOL.
BRADBURY'S new Sabbath-School Music Book,
THE GOLDEN CENSOR,
will be ready latter part of May, 1864. Music and hymns—new, fresh and attractive—will be a second GOLDEN CHAIN. Price, in paper covers, 25 cents; wholesale, by the hundred copies, $20 per hundred, net cash. In board covers, 30 cents. Wholesale, $25 per hundred net cash.
WM. B. BRADBURY,
IVISON, PHINNEY, BLAKEMAN & CO.
Specimen copies sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of the retail price.
WM. B. BRADBURY, No. 427 Broome-st., N. Y.
Also, THE GOLDEN CHAIN AND SHOWER, in one volume, bound in board covers, $50 per hundred.

STEINWAY & SONS'

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that the firm is composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

PIANOS! DON'T PAY THE HIGH PRICES!

New and second-hand pianos; harmoniums, melodeons, at great bargains.
Agents for Hallett & Cumston's celebrated pianos.
Smith's American Organ Harmoniums.
Stools and covers constantly on hand.
Pianos to let.
BAILEY & CO., No. 603 Broadway.

CALENBERG & VAUPEL,

Manufacturers of OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES. The very best and cheapest now in the market. Warranted in writing for five years. Please send for a circular.
Warerooms Nos. 99 and 101 Bleecker-st.,
Second block west of Broadway.

HAINES BROTHERS,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
Warerooms No. 758 Broadway.
PIANOS TO LET AND FOR SALE
ON INSTALLMENTS.

UNITED PIANO-FORTE MAKERS,

No. 86 Walker-st., New-York. All the stockholders being superior practical workmen, this Company is able to OFFER THEIR LARGE AND SPLENDID PIANOS AT LOWER PRICES THAN ANY OTHER FIRST-CLASS HOUSE.
Every instrument guaranteed for five years.
PIANOS TO RENT.

HAZLETON BROTHERS,

OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
No. 99 Prince-st., a few doors west of Broadway, N. Y.
These Pianos have always received the first premium wherever they have been exhibited. A written guarantee for five years accompanies each piano. These instruments will be sold at prices to suit the times.

SEWARD INSTITUTE

FOR BOYS.
The Principal may be seen at the Belmont Hotel, Fulton-st., every day this week, between the hours of 12½ and 2 P. M.

PIANO STOOLS AND COVERS FOR SALE.

G. G. SAXE, No. 37 Park-row, N. Y.

MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS, FOR FAMILIES, CHURCHES AND SCHOOLS—Recognized by the musical profession as greatly superior to Harmoniums, Melodeons and all other small organs. [See our illustrated catalogue for explicit testimony to their superiority, from a majority of the most eminent organists in America.] Prices, $85 to $500 each.

CAUTION TO PURCHASERS.—The great reputation which our Cabinet Organs have obtained, and the extensive demand for them, have induced dealers to advertise, in some cases, quite different instruments as Cabinet Organs, and in others to represent to purchasers that Harmoniums and other reed organs are the same thing. This is not true. The excellences of our Cabinet Organs, which have given them their high reputation, are the result not merely of the superiority of their workmanship, but also, in large measure, of essential differences in construction, which, being patented, cannot be imitated by other makers. From these arise their better quality and volume of tone and unrivaled capacity for expression. Warerooms in New-York, No. 7 Mercer-st.
MASON BROTHERS.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS, cabinet and Alexandre organs, piano stools and covers, sheet music, music books, music merchandise, and all kinds of musical instruments, at wholesale and retail; second-hand pianos and melodeons at great bargains; new pianos and melodeons to let, and rent allowed if purchased; monthly payments received for the same; pianos tuned and repaired; cash paid for second-hand pianos and melodeons. HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

PIANO-FORTES OF EVERY VARIETY OF style and pattern, warranted of the best material and workmanship, and unsurpassed in strength and delicacy of tone, or elasticity of touch. Apply at manufactory of JAS. VAN RIPER, No. 178 Wooster-st., between Houston and Bleecker sts.

AN ALEXANDRE ORGAN, IN GOOD condition, cost $400, an excellent instrument for a church, chapel or public room, will be sold for a little over half its cost. Apply at J. & D. WALKER'S pianoforte warerooms, Astor-place, New-York.

MUSIC AT ONE CENT PER PAGE.—About 5,000 pages of foreign and American sheet music, a little damaged, for one cent per page, at WATERS' Music store, No. 481 Broadway.

PRINCE & CO.'S IMPROVED PATENT MELODEONS AND ORGANS.—33,000 now in use. Price-list sent free on application.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., No. 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF SECOND-HAND pianos at low prices for cash, or will be sold on monthly installments. Pianos to let. Cabinet organs for sale. T. S. BERRY, No. 593 Broadway.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BASSO FOR EPIScopal Church quartette. Salary $300. Address BASSO, Box No. 146 *Times* Office.

A. H. GALE & CO.—PIANO-FORTES.
Manufactory and Warerooms,
No. 107 East 12th-st., New-York.

WANTED FOR CASH.—SECOND-HAND PIANOS for Southern climate. J. G. DAVIES, 467 Broome-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, board in a private family; terms $12 to $15 a week; location between Madison and 7th avs., and 34th and 46th sts., by or before May 1. Address, immediately, L. B. B., Box No. 152 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATIONS for 15 or 20 persons can be had at the Duncan House, in the healthy and beautiful town of Morristown, N. J. House very pleasantly located and convenient to railroad. Apply to Mrs. OGDEN, Morristown, N. J.

BOARDING.—SEVERAL VERY FINE SUITES of rooms to let, suitable for families or single gentlemen, with first-class board; private table if preferred. Apply at No. 27 University-place, near Broadway.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION, HEADQUARTERS OF THE NITROUS OXIDE.—Dr. COLTON has had twenty years' experience with the gas,—nineteen years more than any dentist in the United States. He administers it in person.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

SIXTY-EIGHTH REPRESENTATION
OF THE BRILLIANT SPECTACULAR DRAMA,
APHROSA; OR, THE SPIRIT OF BEAUTY;
WITH ITS ILLUMINATED FOUNTAIN OF REAL WATER,
LIVING FAIRIES,
GRAND CORPS DE BALLET,
Elegant Paraphernalia, &c., on
THURSDAY, APRIL 14,
AFTERNOON and EVENING, at 3 and 7½ o'clock.
Mr. HARRISON, the Comic and Impromptu Singer, and MR. STOEPEL, with his WOOD AND STRAW INSTRUMENTS, will appear.
To be seen at all hours of the day and evening.
COLOSSAL GIANTS,
MONSIEUR JOSEPH, ex officer of the French Army, and ANNA SWAN, the NOVA SCOTIA GIANTESS, EACH OVER EIGHT FEET HIGH.
Gen. GRANT, Jr., the smallest man living.
MAJOR WILLIE BAGLEY, the Wisconsin INFANT DRUMMER, only FOUR YEARS OLD.
PHRENOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS and CHARTS, at reduced prices, by PROF. LIVINGSTON.
The celebrated Phrenologist and Psychologist.
A JAPANESE MASKIN HOG
Three TABLEAUX OF MOVING WAX FIGURES. Bridal Group of GEN. TOM THUMB AND WIFE, COM. NUTT AND MINNIE WARREN, in the costumes worn at the General's wedding.
TWO LIVING PRAIRIE DOGS, from Colorado Territory, the only ones ever seen in this region.
THREE SPECKLED BROOK TROUT,
EACH WEIGHING OVER FOUR POUNDS.
A MONSTER SERPENT, 21 feet long.
ROBERT HOUDIN'S AUTOMATON WRITER,
THE MUSICALLY-EDUCATED SEAL,
and innumerable other curiosities.
Admission, 25 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.
ON MONDAY, CUDJO'S CAVE, POSITIVELY.

WINTER GARDEN.

THURSDAY EVENING, April 14, 1864.
TENTH APPEARANCE
OF THE
GIFTED TRAGIC ARTISTE
MISS
AVONIA
JONES,
who will appear in her celebrated impersonation
OF MEDEA,
in the great classical tragedy of that title, as performed by her for ninety consecutive nights at Drury Lane Theatre, and afterward for sixty consecutive times at the Adelphi Theatre, London.
Miss Jones will be sustained by Mr. Charles Barron and a powerful company.

MRS. J. E. THOMAS'

Annual "Concert" will take place in Irving Hall, on FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 15,
assisted by
Mr. GUSTAVUS GEARY,
Mr. JOSEPH WEINLICH,
by the kind permission of Max Maretzek,
Mr. THEODORE THOMAS,
Dr. CLARE W. BEAMES.
Tickets 50 cents; reserved seats 50 cents extra.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

C. H. RIVERS'
EXHIBITION OF FANCY DANCES,
AND SOIREE DANSANTE,
MONDAY EVENING, April 18, commencing at 7½.
TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

TERESA CARRENO,

THE CHILD PIANIST,
SO FAMED AND WONDERFUL,
reappears in Grand Concert, aided by the most efficient talent, on FRIDAY EVENING, April 15,
AT DODWORTH'S HALL.

MR. GEORGE SIMPSON'S ANNUAL CONCERT will take place in Irving Hall on THURSDAY EVENING, April 14, 1864, assisted by Mrs. J. M. Mozart, Mrs. Jennie Kempton, Mr. J. R. Thomas, Mr. Alfred H. Pease and Mr. J. G. Maeder. Tickets 50 cents, to be had at the music stores and at the door.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

U. S. NAVY.

AND
MARINE CORPS.
NEW-YORK COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE,
OFFICE NEW BUILDINGS,
CORNER CHAMBERS-ST. AND BROADWAY.

5,000 RECRUITS WANTED
FOR THE NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.
COUNTY BOUNTY OF $200 AND $100,
CASH DOWN FOR SAILORS,
AND
$300 FOR MARINES AND PRIZE MONEY.

THE UNITED STATES AUTHORITIES HAVING, in order to fill up the navy and Marine Corps, authorized the raising of recruits for that branch of the service, and guaranteed that recruits for the navy and Marine Corps shall be counted on the quotas of the places where they elect to be credited, the same as if they were recruits for the army, the County Volunteer Committee have resolved to pay recruits for the navy and Marine Corps the following bounty, cash down, upon their being duly mustered into the service:

When enlisting for one year in the navy.....$100
When enlisting for more than one year in the navy.....$200
When enlisting for Marine Corps.....$300

ANY PERSON BRINGING A RECRUIT FOR THE NAVY OR MARINE CORPS TO THIS OFFICE WILL RECEIVE A COUNTY PREMIUM OF $10.

PAY OF THE U. S. MARINE CORPS.
Grade.

First or Orderly Sergeant.....$20 per month.
All other Sergeants, each.....17 per month.
Corporals.....13 per month.
Drummers and Fifers.....12 per month.
Privates in Barracks at Navy-yard.....13 per month.
Privates at Sea.....14 50 per month.

Seamen and ordinary seamen, who will be shipped for two years, will receive, in addition to the above bounty of $200, three months' pay in advance, and three months' extra pay as Government bounty.

The rates of wages are as follows:

First-class Firemen.....$30 per month.
Second-class Firemen.....25 per month.
Coal-passers.....18 per month.
Seamen.....18 per month.
Ordinary Seamen.....14 per month.
Landsmen.....12 per month.
Boys.....10 per month.

Boys will not be taken unless they are sixteen years of age, stout, in good health, and not below four feet eight inches in height. In all cases the consent of the parents or guardians must be first obtained.

The county bounty and the three months' advance pay will be paid to all recruits, irrespective of class; and half-monthly pay can be left at home by application to the Paymasters of the vessels to which the recruits may be assigned.

All needful information can be obtained by applying at the Naval tent in the Park, and persons can be enlisted and sworn in at either of the following rendezvous, which are the only ones authorized by the Navy Department in this City.

All recruits thus enlisted, and receiving the bounties aforesaid, will be credited to the quota of the City and County of New-York.

CAPT. OSCAR BULLUS, U. S. N.,
No. 9 Cherry-st.
CAPT. EDWARD THOMSON, U. S. N.,
No. 346 Water-st.
LIEUT.-COMDG. JNO. McLEOD MURPHY, U. S. N.,
No. 14 State-st.
ACT'G-MASTER JOHN W. GOIN, U. S. N.,
No. 156 South-st.
WM. WALLACE, Lieut., U. S. Marines,
County Bounty Rooms, No. 18 Bowery.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor.
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor.
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor.
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor.
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member.
County Volunteer Committee.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.
NEW-YORK, April 8, 1864.

N. Y. COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE.

OFFICE NEW BUILDINGS,
Cor. Chambers-st. and Broadway.
Entrance on Broadway.

10,000 VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

The following are the pecuniary inducements offered:

COUNTY BOUNTY, cash down.....$300 00
STATE BOUNTY.....$75 00
UNITED STATES BOUNTY additional.....100 00
175 00
Total.....$475 00

Applications to be made *personally* at the office of the Committee.

☞ Any person bringing a recruit for the army to this office, will receive a County premium of ten dollars.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor.
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor.
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor.
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member.
County Committee.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.
NEW-YORK, April 4, 1864.

POLITICAL.

CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION OF THE XVIth WARD—Rooms No. 206 Eighth-av.

There will be a meeting of the Association on THURSDAY EVENING next, April 14th, at 8 o'clock P. M.

The Committee of ten appointed at the last meeting to visit Albany to oppose the passage by the legislature of the Tax Bill of the City and County of New-York, now before it, will report the result of their efforts.

It is for the interest of every Taxpayer, voter or citizen of the Ward to aid this Association in carrying out its objects, and all such are earnestly invited to attend this meeting.

The Executive Committee will meet at 7½ o'clock.

By order,
LE GRAND LOCKWOOD, President.
EDWARD P. CLARK, Secretary.

THE UNION LINCOLN ASSOCIATION, of the State of New-York, will hold its regular meeting, at Hope Chapel, No. 718 Broadway, next THURSDAY EVENING, April 21, 1864, instead of this evening.
SIMEON DRAPER, President.
SAMUEL J. GLASSEY, ALFRED GOODALL, } Secretaries

A MEETING OF THE TWENTIETH WARD ASSOCIATION, to discuss the question, "Should Soldiers absent from Home be Allowed to Vote?" will be held at Lincoln Hall, corner of 8th-av. and 33d-st., THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. The public are invited to attend. C. H. TUCKER,
Chairman Committee of Arrangements.

BELGIUM.

TO THE GLASS TRADE AND IMPORTERS OF GLASS.

The Company Anonyme of Herbatte-Lez, at Namur, Belgium, are patented manufacturers of crystals, half-crystals and globes for Petroleum Lamps.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON

AND NEW-YORK CIRQUE,
Fourteenth-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
IMMENSE SUCCESS OF THE
NEW TREBLE STAR COMPANY,
TRIUMPH ON TRIUMPH.
THE HIPPODROME OF THE WORLD.
CARD TO THE PUBLIC.
THE METROPOLITAN FAIR.

The proprietor has the pleasure to announce that the Executive Committee has accepted his proffer of a liberal per centage on the gross daily receipts, as his contribution, during the entire continuance of the Fair; he therefore appeals to the public to aid him in rendering that contribution as large as possible. In order that

THE FAIR PERFORMANCES MAY
ECLIPSE ALL PRECEDENT,
A PERFECT HOST OF STARS
have been engaged in every department.
EQUESTRIAN, GYMNASTIC AND ACROBATIC.
THE SEGRIST COMPANY, THE SAGRINO FAMILY.
In addition to retaining Mr. Henry Cooke's world-famed
PERFORMING DOGS AND MONKEYS.
Mr. EATON STONE. Mr. SAM LONG.
Mr. JAMES COOKE.
THE GREAT TROUPE OF
ENGLISH STEEPLE-CHASE RIDERS,
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,
ALL OF WHOM WILL APPEAR
EVERY AFTERNOON AT 2½, EVENING AT 8,
IN A BEWILDERING SERIES OF
MAMMOTH AND MATCHLESS PROGRAMMES.
NO ADVANCE IN THE PRICES.

Reserved Stalls, 75 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents, (children half price;) Amphitheatre, 25 cents. Doors open afternoon at 1½; evening at 7½.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Commences at 7½ o'clock.
Lessee and Manager.....WM. WHEATLEY
LAST TWO NIGHTS OF THE
FOOL'S REVENGE.
The distinguished American tragedian,
EDWIN BOOTH,
in his great character of
BERTUCCIO,
which has elicited the highest encomiums from the press and audiences, the most REFINED and CRITICAL.
In order to meet the wishes of many patrons
THIS SPLENDID PLAY
will be repeated THIS EVENING, and TO-MORROW and FRIDAY
FOR POSITIVELY THE LAST TIME.
The cast of characters will be sustained by
ARTISTS OF THE FIRST RANK.
The Music, under the baton of Harvey B. Dodworth, appropriate, and the Scenery, Appointments, &c., of the usual standard of this establishment.
SATURDAY—BENEFIT OF THE SANITARY COMMISSION.
Seats can be secured SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.
THE MARBLE HEART WILL SHORTLY BE PRODUCED.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Nos. 622 and 624 Broadway.
Lessee and Directress.....Mrs. JOHN WOOD
Manager.....J. H. SELWYN
THIS EVENING, THURSDAY, April 14, 1864.
The performances will commence with the comic drama in two acts, entitled
OUR WIFE.
Mrs. Winter, Mrs. Sedley Brown, Mr. J. K. Mortimer, Mr. G. H. Clarke, Mr. J. H. Stoddart, &c.
After which, with
New Scenery by.....Hayes
THE NEW OLYMPIC EXTRAVAGANZA,
entitled
LOYALINA;
or,
BRIGADIER-GENERAL FORTUNIO
and his
SEVEN GIFTED AIDES-DE-CAMP.
The New Music, composed and arranged by Thomas Baker
And the piece produced with a powerful cast, including
MRS. JOHN WOOD AS LOYALINA AND BRIG.-GEN. FORTUNIO,
with
Messrs. Frank Drew, W. Davidge, T. Owens, C. T. Parsloe, Jr., Mrs. Sedley Brown, Miss A. Harris, Miss J. Walters, Mrs. G. Browne, &c., &c.
Doors open at 7¼; Performances commence at 7¾.
Seats secured three days in advance.

WALLACK'S. THURSDAY.

ONE HUNDRED AND NINTH NIGHT OF
ROSEDALE,
In which will appear the author,
Mr. Lester Wallack; also, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Fisher, Mr. Holland, Mr. John Sefton, Mr. Daly, Mr. Browne, Mr. Parkes, Mr. Pope, Mrs. Hoey, Miss Gannon, Miss Morant, Mrs. Vernon, Mrs. John Sefton, Miss Barrett, Miss Le Brun and Miss Carman.
FRIDAY, BENEFIT OF Mr. YOUNG. Two comedies not acted here this season,
AMERICANS IN PARIS
AND
RURAL FELICITY.
SATURDAY—ROSEDALE.
MONDAY—THE CLANDESTINE MARRIAGE.
TUESDAY—ROSEDALE.
WEDNESDAY—(First time this season)—THE WONDER.
Will shortly be repeated, WILD OATS, THE RIVALS, THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL, LOVE FOR LOVE, MARRIED LIFE, and THE STRANGER.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC—THE OPERA.

Director.....MAX MARETZEK
ON TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 19, AT 8.
First time in Brooklyn of Meyerbeer's Grand Opera of
ROBERT LE DIABLE.
With its magnificent mise en scene and cast unparalleled:
Alice.....Mme. Josephine Medori
Isabella.....Miss Laura Harris
Robert.....Sig. Brignoli
Raimbault.....Sig. Lotti
Bertram.....Herr Hermanns
Helene.....Mlle. Ernestine
The incidental Ballet will be executed by
MLLE. ERNESTINE.
And the Corps de Ballet under the direction of Sig. Ronzani.
Conductor.....MAX MARETZEK
The sale of reserved seats and tickets will commence to-morrow at the box-office of the Academy, Brooklyn; and at Root & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine, New-York.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

UNION-SQUARE MUSIC HALL.
PROMENADE CONCERT EVERY EVENING,
Under the direction of Messrs Rietzel and Noll.
For sale, at the Music Room, the splendid steel church bell, presented by Messrs. Naylor & Co., valued at $1,000; also, a fine assortment of pianos and musical instruments of every variety.
WM. SCHARFENBERG, Chairman, } Committee
C. F. CHICKERING, } on
WM. A. POND. } Music.

HOPE CHAPEL—NO. 718 BROADWAY.

TWENTY-THIRD WEEK OF THE
MAMMOTH STEREOSCOPTICON.
This popular exhibition is still a brilliant success, affording to all classes a happy relaxation from the ordinary cares of routine life. It is a fairy realm of travel, history, literature and song, revealing to the delighted visitor the most enchanting scenery and the most exquisite statuary and architecture of the ancient and modern day in all lands as beheld in the reality.
METROPOLITAN FAIR.
HOLDERS OF SEASON-TICKETS
ADMITTED FREE.
Doors open at 7; Tours commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents. Matinée every day at 3 o'clock. H. B. McKEON, Manager.

LECTURES.

ANNA E. DICKINSON

will speak at the
COOPER INSTITUTE, TUESDAY EVENING, April 19,
THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE MURDER OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS IN BALTIMORE.
LEXINGTON, 1775. } APRIL NINETEEN. { BALTIMORE, 1861.
No reserved seats. Tickets 50 cents; for sale (on and after SATURDAY MORNING) at Tousey's, No. 121 Nassau-st.; Fowler & Wells', No. 308 Broadway; Miller's, No. 522 Broadway; Miller & Matthews', No. 757 Broadway; Macfarland's, corner Broadway and 23d-st.
Platform tickets sold only at the *Anti-Slavery* Office, No. 48 Beekman-st.
Doors open at 7; lecture at 8 o'clock.

"ARCHITECTURE OF THE MIDDLE AGES."—Lecture by Rev. A. H. VINTON, D. D., in the Stone Church, 28th-st., near Broadway, on THURSDAY EVENING, April 14, at 8 o'clock, for the building fund of the Free Church of St. Matthias. Admission 50 cents.

MRS. S. M. ELLIS, M. D., PROFESSOR of Anatomy in the New-York Medical College for Women, will give a Lecture to Ladies on Anatomy at Mrs. Dr. Lozier's, No. 361 West 34th-st., near 9th-av., on THURSDAY, April 14, at 4 o'clock P. M. Admission, 25 cents, for a benevolent object.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

OFFICE ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, U. S. A., }
No. 138 STATE-ST., ALBANY, N. Y., April 8, 1864. }

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Cavalry horses will be purchased in open market, at fair prices, at Albany, N. Y., until further notice be given. These horses must comply with the following specifications, viz.: to be from fifteen (15) to sixteen (16) hands high, from five (5) to nine (9) years old, well broken to the saddle, completely built, in good flesh, and free from all defects. Parties having horses agreeing with these specifications are requested to present them for sale within the next two weeks. Further information can be had at this office. GEO. H. WEEKS,
Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

FOR SALE—A THOROUGHBRED STALLION, sired by Hon. J. Minor Botts' *Revenue*, four years old, nearly 16 hands high, and unequaled for strength and symmetry. Can be seen at the stables of C. C. GRICE, No. 124 Macdougal-st. Price $2,600.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF GOOD SADDLE horses, fifteen hands high, kind and gentle in single or double harness; both young and sound. Can be seen by applying at No. 210 East 26th-st.

FOR SALE—A STYLISH BLACK MARE FROM the country; of good speed, sound and gentle. Price $300. Can be seen at J. N. KEBLER'S stable, corner of 6th-av. and 30th-st.

FOR SALE—TWO MULES IN FIRST-RATE condition; to be sold for want of use. Apply at A. McBRIDE'S office, 22d-st., below 10th-av.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

IMMENSE PRICES PAID FOR OLD BOOKS.
500 old and scarce Masonic books, cheap.
10,000 works on Architecture, Steam Engines, Dyeing, &c.
10,000 Photographic Albums, at our price.
100,000 works on History, Biography, &c., at your price.
500,000 Scrap Prints and Engravings, at any price.
LEGGAT BROTHERS,
No. 113 Nassau-st., near Beekman.

Evening Exchange.

$70,000	Am. Gold	[illegible]	400	Rock Isl. R	134⅞
10,000	do	179⅝	100	do....b3	[illegible]
200	N. Y. Cen. R....b3	143¾	100	Northwestern...b3	70⅜
300	do....b3	143⅞	1700	do	70½
200	Erie R	125⅝	200	Fort Wayne	[illegible]
100	do....b3	125⅝	200	do....b3	145⅝
[illegible]	do	125⅜	100	do....b3	145¾
[illegible]	do....b3	125¼	800	do	145½
[illegible]	Erie Pr....b10	113⅝	200	do	145⅝
[illegible]	Hud. R. R	157	100	do....b3	145⅝
[illegible]	Harlem R....b10	176	100	Pr. du Chien	86⅜
[illegible]	do....s10	174	200	Wabash....b3	75
[illegible]	Canada Cop. Co	8⅞	1200	Mar. & Cin. 1st Prf.	87
[illegible]	do....b3	9	100	Mar. & C. 2d Pr	65
[illegible]	Reading R	164⅛	350	Pac. M. S. Co	236
700	do....b3	164⅛	350	do	237
[illegible]	do	164	100	do	237⅜
1000	do....b3	164	100	Cum. Coal....b3	85
[illegible]	do	163⅞	200	do	84⅛
[illegible]	do....b3	164	100	do	84⅜
[illegible]	Mich. Cen. R	158	300	do	84
[illegible]	do	158¼	100	do	83⅞
[illegible]	do....b3	158¼	100	do....s3	[illegible]
[illegible]	do	158⅛	100	do....b in w	84
[illegible]	do....b3	158⅛	100	do....b3	84
[illegible]	Mich. So. R	115⅛	200	do....b3	83⅞
[illegible]	M. So. & N. I. G. S	156⅜	100	do....s3	83⅜
[illegible]	do	157	[illegible]	do	83
[illegible]	do....b3	157	100	do....b3	83
[illegible]	Ill. Cen	150⅛	80	do	83⅜
[illegible]	do....b3	150¾	100	Cen. Coal....b10	86
100	do	150⅝	200	Rut. Marble Co	25
[illegible]	do....b3	150⅝	300	do....s30	24½
[illegible]	do....b3	150⅛	100	do....b30	25½
[illegible]	do....s3	150¼	400	Quick. M. Co	86⅞
[illegible]	do	150¾	1000	do	86⅛
[illegible]	do	151	100	do....s3	86¼
1000	do	151⅛	700	do	86⅞
[illegible]	Pittsburgh	133	[illegible]	do	86
400	do	133¼	[illegible]	do....b3	86
100	do	[illegible]	300	Mar. Min. Co	38
100	Galena R	[illegible]	[illegible]	Bucks Co. Lead	1¾
200	Toledo....b10	[illegible]			

The five hundred Universal Wringing Machines presented by the proprietors to the Sanitary Commission, are nearly disposed of and will net $3,500. These valuable household assistants, which were almost unknown three years ago, are now selling at the rate of one hundred thousand annually. The manufacturers claim a combination, under eight different patents, of all the advantages that can be desired in a Wringing Machine. They are durable and in every way satisfactory.—*Journal of Commerce.*

To use PHALON & SON'S Extract of the "Night Blooming Cereus" is to be surrounded by a magic atmosphere. It is an entrancing perfume. The living breath of the sweetest flower the earth produces is rendered permanent in its amber drops. No foreign extract for the handkerchief will compare with it.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

TWO THOUSAND BEHIND.—The sale of the new novel, *Cudjo's Cave*, continues to be large. Edition follows edition, as fast as the books can be prnited and bound, yet the publishers inform us that to-day they are two thousand behind orders.—*Boston Transcript.*

[Advertisement.]

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD, and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, result in serious pulmonary affections, oftentimes incurable. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

[Advertisement.]

A BAD BREATH THE GREATEST CURSE THE HUMAN FAMILY IS HEIR TO.—How many lovers it has separated—how many friends forever parted! The subject is so delicate your nearest friend will not mention it, and you are ignorant of the fact yourself. To effect a radical cure use the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice, night and morning. It also beautifies the complexion, removing all tan, pimples and freckles, leaving the skin soft and white. For sale by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway New-York.

[Advertisement.]

DEMOREST'S N. Y. ILLUSTRATED NEWS.—The Indians in their performing costumes, illustrated in colors, four extra pages and three pages of music. The most graphic and valuable combination of novelties ever given in any paper yet published. Now ready. Sold everywhere.

MARRIED.

ALDEN—BENNETT.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening, April 12, by Rev. A. Elmendorf, D. D., JOHN H. ALDEN to SARAH M., daughter of the late Whitman Bennett, of Roslyn, L. I.

BROWN—CLAYTON.—On Tuesday, April 12, at Christ Church, 5th-av., by Rev. F. C. Ewer, DAVID SEYMOUR BROWN to MARY TIBBOUT TIBB, eldest daughter of Charles H. Clayton, all of this City.

HOWELL—COOPER.—In Southampton, on Tuesday, April 12, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Dr. H. N. Wilson, J. W. FLETCHER HOWELL, of California, to Miss MARIA J. R., daughter of Capt. Mercator Cooper, of Southampton, L. I.

California papers please copy.

O'CONNOR—HARDIE.—On Wednesday, April 13, at St. Ann's Church, by Rev. T. S. Preston, Mr. WM. P. O'CONNOR to Miss JANET ANNA, youngest daughter of the late Allen W. Hardie, Esq., all of this City. No cards.

TOMPKINS—CARTER.—On Thursday, April 7, at St. Paul's Church, Aurora, Cayuga Lake, by Rev. George Zabriskie Gray, of Kinderhook, Rev. ELLIOTT D. TOMKINS, former Rector of the Church, to MARY, eldest daughter of Lorenzo Carter, Esq., of Aurora.

TOMES—RANDALL.—On Tuesday, April 12, at St. George's Church, Stuyvesant-square, by Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, D. D., CHARLES HADDEN TOMES to AGNES ADELAIDE, daughter of John Randall, Esq.

DIED.

BRIGGS.—At Fordham, on Wednesday morning, April 13, of consumption, LEWIS V. BRIGGS, youngest son of Josiah and Maria Briggs, in the 22d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the Reformed Dutch Church, Fordham, Westchester County, N. Y., without further notice.

CAVANNAH.—On Tuesday, April 12, of scarlet fever, MARY EMMA, daughter of Hiram H. and Mary A. Cavannah, aged 3 years, 9 months and 27 days.

The funeral will take place from the house of her parents, near Woodbridge, N. J., this day, (Thursday,) at 11 A. M.

FLANAGAN.—At Yorkville, on Wednesday evening, April 13, HANNAH, wife of Adam C. Flanagan, in the 56th year of her age.

Due notice of the funeral will be given.

FRIEL.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Monday, April 11, after a lingering illness, CATHARINE, wife of James Friel, in the 52d year of her age.

The friends of her husband, and those of his brother, Daniel Sweeny, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Thursday, at 10 A. M., from her late residence, corner of Park and Franklin avs. A solemn Requiem Mass will be offered up at St. Patrick's Church for the repose of her soul.

GERRY.—In New-Haven, on Thursday, April 7, HELEN MARIA GERRY, daughter of the late Elbridge Gerry.

JARVIS.—On Wednesday, April 13, LORENZO JARVIS, aged 46 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Friday, the 15th inst., from his late residence, No. 793 2d-av., at 1 o'clock.

LOCKWOOD.—In Milford, Conn., on Wednesday, April 13, Mrs. EMILY B. LOCKWOOD, wife of Frank S. Lockwood, Esq., of Cincinnati, aged 32 years.

Funeral on Friday, April 15, at 3 P. M., from the residence of her mother, Mrs. Lucy Baldwin, in Milford.

LILLIENDAHL.—In Tremont, N. Y., on Wednesday, April 13, ELIZABETH FETTER, infant daughter of William A. and Elizabeth M. Lilliendahl, aged 6 months and 1 day.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, at Tremont, Westchester County, N. Y., on Friday afternoon, the 15th inst., at 3½ o'clock, without further invitation.

MORRIS.—At Bloomfield, N. J., on Tuesday, April 12, Mrs. CATHARINE MORRIS, relict of the late Stephen Morris, aged 83 years.

Funeral this day, (Thursday,) 14th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence. Access by Morris and Essex Railroad, foot of Barclay-st., at 11½ A. M.

MANN.—On Tuesday, April 12, LIZZIE WILLOUGHBY, daughter of Reuben S. and Fannie H. Mann, aged 4 years, 6 months and 7 days.

Funeral services this day, (Thursday,) at 2 P. M., from her parents residence, No. 58 Charles-st. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.

PARMLY.—On Wednesday evening, April 13, MARTHA JANE, daughter of Jahial and Ann H. Parmly, aged 17 years, 5 month and 6 days.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's papers.

ROGERS.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 12, ANNIE WEBSTER, daughter of Charles F. and Catherine E. Rogers, aged 4 years and 1 month.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from No. 33 Willoughby-st., this day, (Thursday,) the 14th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

RAWLINGS.—On Tuesday, April 12, MAUD E., daughter of Augustus and Unadilla Rawlings, aged 3 years and 5 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) morning, at 10½ o'clock, at St. Mark's Church, corner of 10th-st. and 2d-av.

SMITH.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, April 13, JAMES C. SMITH, of the City Bank of Cairo, Ill., son of William and the late Caroline Smith, of this City.

Further notice in another issue.

WINES.—In Williamsburgh, on Tuesday morning, April 12, ELIZABETH TICE, wife of Gilbert H. Wines.

Funeral service on Thursday, at 1 P. M., from No. 105 South 9th-st. The remains will be taken to Flushing, L. I., for interment.

Passengers Arrived.

APRIL 13—*In steamship Etna, from Liverpool.*—S. W. Gouldson, Miss Ada Gouldson, Miss Rachel Gouldson, Mr. Patterson, Mr. Bary, Miss A. Betham, Miss W. Condon, Mr. Taylor, lady, children and nurse, Miss Jackson, Mr. Still, Mr. Vickers, D. C. Smith, Mr. Williams, M. Upham, J. E. Scott, Mr. Williams, J. Howe, E. Bull, N. W. Nelson, Mr. Zenette, J. Zenette, Mr. Ballard, H. L. Parcelle, S. Muller, Rev. R. Bensing, Rev. W. Hecker, R. Balleani, D. Wilhaus, W. Black, H. T. Wells, Mr. Willingham and lady, and 474 in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 5 20 | Sun sets..... 6 37 | Moon sets.. 1 20

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 1 22 | Gov. Island.. 2 11 | Hell Gate.. 3 33

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK.....WEDNESDAY, April 13.

Cleared.

Steamship Ocean Queen, Tinklepaugh, Aspinwall, D. B. Allen.

Ship Star of the West, Perry, Liverpool, S. Thompson's Nephew.

Brigs John G. Johnson, (Br.,) ——, Matamoras, I. B. Gager; Lillie, (Br.,) Benson, St. Kitts, Jones & Lough.

Schooners John Nelson, Nelson, Maitland, N. S., J. F. Whitney; J. G. Baldwin, Hamilton, Hartford, H. S. Rackett & Son.

Arrived.

Steamship Etna, (Br.,) McGuigan, Liverpool March 30, and Queenstown 31st, at 7 P. M., with mdse. and passengers to John G. Dale. March 30, at 4:40 P. M., inside Bell Buoy, passed Am. ships Guy Mannering and Tuscarora, bound in. April 1, at 5:40 P. M., 85 miles west of Fastnet, passed steamship Australasian bound E. April 8, at 6:30 A. M., lat. 43 40, lon. 49 11, passed a small iceberg; at noon, lat. 43 30, lon. 50 24, Br. ship Able Seaman, for Montreal.

Steamship Eagle, Adams, Havana 9th, at 1½ P. M., with mdse. and passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Steamer Haze, Boljee, Washington, D. C., 48 hours, to U. S. Quartermaster.

Ship Arcadia, (Hol.,) Van Breeney, Liverpool 43 ds., with mdse. to order. Is bound to Boston; put in for repairs.

Ship Bazaar, (of Richmond, Me.,) Stuart, Cardiff 68 ds., with railroad iron to Nesmith & Sons.

Ship Alexander Marshall, Marshall, Liverpool March 22, with mdse. and 448 passengers to C. H. Marshall & Co.

Ship Harpswell, Rogers, Montevideo 67 ds., via St. Thomas 24 ds., in ballast to Calvin Adams.

Ship Mary Fry, (of Quebec,) Fry, Bristol 27 ds., with railroad iron to order.

Ship Miranda, (of Liverpool,) Clark, Liverpool 21 ds., with mdse. to C. C. Duncan & Co.

Ship Oceanus, (Hol.,) Dirkson, Rotterdam 47 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Meincke & Wendt. At 2 A. M. 13th, was in collision with Dan brig Marie; broke jibboom and received some slight damage.

Ship Martha, Lewen, London 75 ds., with mdse. to Wm. Salem & Co.

Ship Bissette et Pegoul, (Fr.,) Jaray, Marseilles 60 ds., with mdse. to Baetjer & De Vertu.

Ship Gunon, (Fr.,) Conau, Bordeaux 27 ds., with wine, etc., to Finch & Co.

Ship Star of Canada, Cumminger, Liverpool 64 ds., with mdse. to Daniel Starr.

Ship Vanguard, Russell, New-Orleans 17 ds., with mdse. to Howland & Frothingham.

Bark Mustang, Wells, Frontera 31 ds., with mahogany to Metcalf & Duncan. Has been 14 ds. N. of Hatteras with heavy N. E. gales.

Bark Adelaide, (Argen.,) Lanfare, Rio Janeiro Feb. 19, with coffee to E. D. Morgan & Co. April 3, passed a vessel's head-boards, with Kate in gilt letters. Has had a succession of gales from the eastward since March 23; have crossed the gulf stream three times. April 2 and 3, had a perfect tornado from N. E.; lost sails, started figure-head and received other damage; threw overboard 400 bags of coffee.

Bark Schamyl, Crosby, Palermo March 3, passed Gibraltar 15th, with mdse. to Lawrence, Giles & Co. The bark Henry Wilson sailed for New-York Feb. 19; bark Campbell, Dubell, do. do.; bark Alexander and ship Garibaldi, for do. 24th. March 25, lat. 38 49, lon. 20 20, passed a Fr. bark, with mizzenmast and maintopmast gone. Has had very bad weather during the passage, with heavy gales from N. W. to S. E.

Bark Queen of the Seas, (Br., of London,) Ross, Foochow 120 ds.; cleared the Straits of Sunda Jan. 23, passed St. Helena Feb. 17, crossed the equator March 2, in lon. 30, with teas to Frederick Spring. March 20, lat. 28 20, lon. 64, saw a war steamer heading S.; showed no colors. From the parallel of 28 N. had a succession of N. and N. W. gales.

Bark Emily & Ada, (of Belize, Hond.,) Colson, Malaga 56 ds., with fruit to Gomez, Wallis & Co. Has had very heavy gales the last weeks on the coast; hove overboard 25 tons of lead.

Bark Confucius, (Brem.,) Raschen, Amoy Dec. 16, passed Angier Jan. 12, Cape of Good Hope Feb. 10, St. Helena Feb. 21, and crossed the equator March 4, in lon. 26 24, with teas to order.

Bark Jane B. Davis, (of Philadelphia,) Hand, Matanzas 45 ds., with sugar to master. Had heavy weather; carried away jibboom, &c.

Bark Morning Light, Walter, Buenos Ayres Feb. 12, to Harbeck & Co.

Bark R. W. Griffiths, (of Turks Island,) Drummond, Havana 13 ds., with sugar to J. E. Ward.

Bark Hunter, York, Matanzas 23 ds., with molasses to Thompson & Hunter.

U. S. transport bark Voltigeur, Conroy, Hilton Head 28 ds., to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Bark Elizabeth Cann, (Br.,) Bain, Ardrossan 34 ds., with iron and coal to Edmiston Bros.

Bark Eliza Young, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Hatfield, Havre 44 ds., with mdse. to Boyd & Hincken.

Bark Jubilaum, (Brem.,) Vockler, Rotterdam 39 ds., with mdse. to master. Had heavy weather, stove bulwarks, etc.

Bark John Carver, Nichols, Matanzas 23 ds., with sugar and molasses to Walsh, Carver & Chase.

Bark Else, (Swed.,) Peterson, Rio Janeiro 52 ds., with coffee to James Patrick & Co.

Bark Walcheren, (Hol.,) Van der Heyde, Batavia 122 ds., with sugar, etc., to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Bark Chanticleer, Potter, Port-au-Prince, with coffee and logwood to H. Becker & Co.

Bark Ella Maria, (of Portland,) Merrill, Matanzas 30 ds., with sugar, etc., to order.

Bark Edwin, (of Yarmouth,) Patten, Cardiff 52 ds., with coal to Edmiston Bros.

Bark Mayflower, (of New-Haven,) Lovejoy, Anguilla 20 ds., with salt to H. Trowbridge's Sons, of New-Haven.

Bark Topeka, Sundberg, Nuevitas March 11, with sugar, etc., to James E. Ward & Co.

Bark John Benson, Johnson, Mayaguez, P. R., March 19, with molasses to Sturges & Co.

Bark Lillias, Cummings, Montevideo 63 ds., in ballast to Walsh, Carver & Chase.

Bark Thomas Terry, of St. Andrew's, Mahoney, Cardenas 14 ds., with sugar to Brett, Son & Co.

Bark Chimborazo, of Boston, Warren, Miragoane 89 ds., with logwood to R. P. Buck & Co.

Bark Pellicans, Raffo, Genoa 80 ds., with fruit to Gomez, Wallis & Co.

Bark Dodo, Hensmann, Port Elizabeth, C. G. H., 88 ds., with skins and wood, to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Bark Trojan, Conant, Cardenas 34 ds., with molasses to Walsh, Carver & Chase.

Bark J. C. Rahming, Burkfeldt, Neuvitas 20 ds., with sugar to John C. Rahming.

Bark Harvest Moon, of Boston, Berry, Cardenas 32 ds., with sugar, &c., to Walsh, Carver & Chase.

Brig Thomas W. Rowland, McCarty, New-Orleans 42 ds., with sugar and molasses to Moore & Henry. Been 25 ds. north of Hatteras with heavy N. E. winds.

Brig Maria, (Dan.,) Von Helms, Matanzas 24 ds., with sugar to Funch, Meincke & Wendt. Was in collision this morning with Hol. ship Oceanus, at Quarantine; lost bowsprit, jibboom, and damaged the bow to a considerable extent.

Brig P. I. Nevius, of St. John, N. B., Cole, St. Jago 27 ds., with sugar to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Brig Albin, (Swed.,) Tornguist, Rio Grande 78 ds., with hides to Simon de Visser.

Brig Minnie Miller, of Portland, Anderson, Cardenas 19 ds., with molasses to Miller & Houghton.

Brig Favorite, of New-Haven, Priudle, Barbados 30 ds., with sugar, etc., to H. Trowbridge's Sons, of New-Haven.

Brig Thomas Owen, Pettingill, Nuevitas, with molasses to Owen & Carnegie.

Brig Startled Fawn, of Shelburn, N. S., Shaw, Cienfuegos 29 ds., with molasses to master.

Brig Lydia H. Cole, of Turks Island, Gardner, Matamoras 40 ds., with cotton, etc., to T. A. R. Webster. Had heavy weather on the coast.

Brig South Boston, of Pictou, Lane, Bathurst, W. C. A., 41 ds., with peanuts and hides to R. P. Buck & Co.

Brig Susanna, (Hamb.,) Miller, Port Elizabeth, C. G. H., 75 ds., with wool and skins to Simon de Visser.

Brig R. B. Minturn, of Yarmouth, N. S., Buck, Aguadilla, P. R., 28 ds., with molasses to B. F. Small & Co.

Brig Charles Brewer, of Rockland, Monroe, Matanzas 30 ds., with molasses to master.

Brig Carrie Estelle, Thurlow, Machias 4 ds., with spars to C. L. Snow.

Brig Victoria, Davison, Cienfuegos 32 ds., with sugar to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Brig Sarah Flagg, (of St. Christopher,) Wood, Goree, W. C. A., 30 ds., with nuts to Miller & Houghton.

Brig Fanny Butler, Bartlett, Palermo Jan. 23, passed Gibraltar Feb. 27, with fruit to Thos. H. Sanford.

Brig New-York, Cooper, Messina 75 ds., with fruit to Mailler, Lord & Quereau.

Brig Maria, of P. E. I., Morris, Manzanilla 30 ds., with molasses and wood to Tynes & Smith; 7th inst., lat. 35 50, lon. 74 30, fell in with schooner George Hoffman, of Fall River, Champlin, from Fortress Monroe for Philadelphia, dismasted and in a sinking condition. Took off the Captain and crew and brought them to this port.

Brig E. Bigelow, of Cornwallis, N. L., Holmes, Saguna 20 ds., with logwood to D. R. De Wolf.

Brig Hedwig Charlotte, Juell, Bordeaux 77 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Meinche & Wendt.

Brig Sybil, of Turks Island, Tounsley, Matamoras, with cotton to W. T. Funk. Left Nassau, March, where she put in in distress.

Brig Dawn of Day, of St. John, N. B., Holmes, Cardenas 32 ds., with molasses to C. P. Fischer.

Brig Harvest Queen, of Bermuda, Hollis, Mayaguez March 24, with sugar to Dallett & Bliss.

Brig Aroostook, Bryant, Sagua 22 ds., with sugar to master.

Brig Waredale, of Falmouth, Jamaica, Chapman, Matanzas 21 ds., with molasses to E. D. Morgan & Co.

Brig Laura, of Antigua, Leonard, Auguilla 24 ds., with salt to G. & J. Knox.

Brig Martha Washington, Leland, Miragoane 37 ds., with logwood to Henry De Cordova & Co.

Schr. Julia E. Gammage, Black, Baltimore, for Bath, with oak plank. On 13th, at 3:30 A. M., picked up a boat containing Capt. Griffen and five men, of the bark Maraval, from Barbadoes for New-York, which had been in collision, an hour previous, with ship Alice Ball, outward bound; the rest of the crew took to the other boat, and were no doubt picked up. The Maraval sunk in sight of the schooner.

Schr. Julia Franklin, Van Name, Fortress Monroe 6 ds., with oysters. Night of 11th, off Barnegat, spoke schr. Lydia, of Portland, from Trinidad, 56 ds. out, short of provisions, and supplied her. She had lost one man overboard.

Schr. Tropic Bird, of St. John, N. B., NcDougall, Sagua 21 ds., with sugar to Thos. Ascencio.

Schr. Rover, of Halifax, O'Bryau, St. Jago 38 ds., with sugar to B. F. Small & Co.

Schr. N. Chace, of Harwich, Doane, Baracoa 23 ds., with fruit to Joseph Eneas.

Schr. Ruth H. Baker, of Yarmouth, Me., Knight, Cardenas 30 ds., via Delaware Breakwater, with molasses to Walsh, Carver & Chase.

Schr. Superb, of Lunenberg, N. S., Lyons, Arroyo 18 ds., with molasses to B. F. Small & Co. Left bark Ida Abbott waiting cargo.

Schr Ommelander, Wierenga, Buenos Ayres 70 ds., with hides and wool to W. W. De Forrest & Co.

Schr. Truro, of Maitland, N. S., Bartrick, Mayaguez, P. R., 25 ds., with sugar to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Schr. B. H. Hawkins, Wyatt, Baltimore 12 ds., with coal to N. L. McCready & Co.

Schr. Wm. Pickering, Quinn, Hilton Head 18 ds., bound to Boston. Put into this port for a harbor and provisions.

Schr. J. W. Hatfield, of Windsor, N. S., Wood, Porto Cabello 20 ds., with coffee to D. R. De Wolf.

Schr. W. D. Beckford, of Arichat, Ladrey, Barbadoes 35 ds., with sugar, &c., to T. Dwight.

Schr. N. W. Smith, Tooker, Port Royal 20 ds., in ballast, to Jonas Smith.

Schr. John Northup, Laird, St. Martin March 19, with salt to D. R. De Wolf.

Schr. Maria Webster, Newcomb, Fortress Monroe for Boston.

Schr. Wm. Scott, Newcomb, Fortress Monroe for Boston.

Schr. Ella G. Fogg, Newcombe, Fortress Monroe for Boston.

Schr. Napoleon, Loper, Hilton Head 6 ds., in ballast to master.

Schr. J. F. Williams, Curtis, Beaufort, N. C., 16 ds., in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Schr. Smithsonian, of Brookhaven, Davis, Port Royal to Jonas Smith & Co.

Schr. Winged Racer, Snow, Fortress Monroe, for Boston.

Schr. R. R. Higgins, Paine, Fortress Monroe, for Boston.

Schr. Sarah Maria, of Cold Spring, Underhill, Baracoa 29 ds., with fruit to J. & V. Pearsall.

Schr. Prize, Mayo, Baltimore 25 ds., with corn to Robinson & Co.

Schr. C. Chamberlain, Porter, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. James Gorham, Smith, Elizabethport, for Provincetown.

Schr. R. M. Clark, Clark, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

WIND—Sunset, E. N. E.

Sailed.

April 12—Steamers Northern Light, D. H. Mount, James S. Green.

Ships Helen Clinton, Ellen Austin, Gratitude, Alice Ball.

Barks Telegraph, International, Washington, Orient.

Brigs St. Vincent, Brill, and schr. Clara T. Holmes.

Foreign Ports.

[LATEST PER ETNA.]

QUEENSTOWN, March 31.

Arrived from New-York—London and Sophia Jay, at Deal; British Lion and Jeremiah Thompson, at Liverpool.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE ENGLISH PRESS AND PARTON'S GEN. BUTLER AT NEW-ORLEANS.

From the (London) Morning Star.

Many who do not care even for the interesting details and graphic descriptions in which the book abounds, may yet like to know that it contains ample materials for an independent judgment on the General's military abilities, civil administration and personal integrity. On none of these points is the opinion of England favorable to Butler; on one, at least, it has been strongly expressed in adverse terms. Even among sympathizers with the Northern and Abolitionist cause it is not uncommon to hear his government of New-Orleans either denounced or but faintly defended. It is so hard to remove an unjust impression of a living man, that we fear the General must be content to bear, for some time to come, with much of undeserved odium. But that it is undeserved, the documents published by Mr. Parton can leave no candid man in doubt. Impartiality is almost impossible. Everybody has taken sides for or against the much-abused New-England General. But the strongest prejudices are weaker with honest minds than the strength of evidence; and this, at least, may be demanded, that no one continue to bespatter Gen. Butler with the abuse of presumptuous blundering in soldiership, tyranny in government, and rapacity in the private use of public powers, until he has examined the evidence now for the first time collected. There is here incontestible proof that Butler is a man of abilities equal to anything he has undertaken, of rigorous justice and integrity, pure from all taint of venality, and generous in the use both of his private means and official powers. It is to be wished there were not equal proof of his having been ill rewarded for his great achievements, and studiously held back from even greater opportunities. But jealousy is not the peculiar vice of republics, and the highest man in the American Commonwealth is among the least open to imputations of envy or of ingratitude. It is in the Foreign Office at Washington, Gen. Butler seems to have been awarded the penalty of zeal and success; and it is to be feared that European influences have had a good deal to do with his relegation to comparative obscurity.

From the London Spectator.

This biography leaves on our minds no doubt that the Union possesses in Gen. Butler a man of rare and original capacity, extraordinarily fitted for constructive administration, and without any tendency to cruelty, though with that indifference to the feelings of others so often marked in very strong men. Of all the men who fill our European history, the one he is most like—strangely like—is Frederick the Great.

PARTON'S GEN. BUTLER AT NEW-ORLEANS continues its extraordinary sale. The FIFTEENTH EDITION is already in press.

Published by MASON BROTHERS, No. 7 Mercer-st., New-York.

SECOND EDITION NOW READY.

REBEL RHYMES AND RHAPSODIES.

Collected and edited by FRANK MOORE.

UNIFORM WITH "LOYAL LYRICS."

PRICE ONE DOLLAR.

Sent free by mail on receipt of the price.

G. P. PUTNAM, Publisher, No. 441 Broadway.

DR. MASSIE'S BOOK ON AMERICA.

Now ready, the English edition, 1 vol. 8vo., with a valuable map. Price $2 25.

AMERICA:

THE ORIGIN OF HER PRESENT CONFLICT, THE PROSPECT FOR THE SLAVE, HER CLAIM FOR ANTI-SLAVERY SYMPATHY.

Illustrated by Incidents of Travel in 1863.

BY J. W. MASSIE, D. D., LL.D.,

one of the Deputation, &c.

Published by G. P. PUTNAM, No. 441 Broadway.

*** The trade supplied.

BE PUBLISHED, APRIL 20,

FAMILY PRIDE!

The great new book by the author of "Pique."

On account of the large orders pouring in for this great book, we have been forced to postpone the day of publication of it till WEDNESDAY, April 20, by which time we hope to have enough to fill all orders. As this book will create a great sensation, booksellers, news agents, and all others, had better send on their orders at once for what they want of it at first, if they wish to have them on publication day.

It is complete in one large handsome volume, uniform with the "Rejected Wife," and will be sold at the same price; $1 50 in cloth, or $1 25 in paper cover.

Address all orders to the publishers,

T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS, No. 306 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

Copies will be sent everywhere, at once, free of postage, on receipt of price.

TEN ACRES ENOUGH; OR, HOW A SMALL FARM MAY BE MADE TO SUPPORT A LARGE FAMILY.

1 vol., 12mo. Paper, $1; cloth, $1 25.

JAMES MILLER, Publisher, Successor to C. S. Francis & Co., No. 522 Broadway, New-York.

MAINSTONE'S HOUSEKEEPER HAS proved the most successful book that has been brought before the public, having already reached its FOURTH EDITION.

It is uniform in style with that other remarkable novel, "PIQUE," a Tale of the English Aristocracy, the EIGHTH edition of which is now printing.

MAINSTONE'S HOUSEKEEPER is a novel of great power and vigor, perhaps is the best as yet produced by a woman's pen.

The characters in it are numerous, and are all strongly drawn. There is life in every page.

The heroine's character is one of mingled strength and sweetness, and merits unqualified commendation.

Richard Wenlock is a model, a second "John Halifax," and commands the admiration of every reader.

The interest is wrought up to vividness, and is admirably sustained to the close.

As a whole, for beauty of style and diction, passionate earnestness, effective contrasts, distinctness of plot, unity and completeness, we think this novel unrivalled.

One thick 12mo. volume. Price $1 75.

Send your orders to Oliver Street, Oakley & Mason, John Bradburn, American News Company, Dick & Fitzgerald, Sheldon, Pooley, Wood, Miller, Appleton, Kirby & Co., for them.

LORING, Publisher, No. 319 Washington-st., Boston.

A COMPLETE SET OF THE NEW-YORK *Daily Times* (from the initial number 1850 to 1863 inclusive,) neatly bound in 25 volumes, for sale. Apply to SUBSCRIPTION CLERK, *Times* Office.

BALLOU'S Patented French Yoke SHIRTS.

Warranted to fit, and to be CHEAPER for the same qualities and make than those of any other Shirt House in this city.

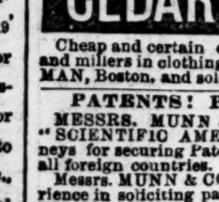
Circular containing drawings and prices sent free.

For sale by all the principal dealers throughout the United States.

BALLOU BROTHERS, 403 Broadway, New York.

SPORTSMEN, TOURISTS AND ARMY AND NAVY OFFICERS.

POWERFUL AND BRILLIANT DOUBLE GLASSES.



Portability combined with great power in *Field, Marine, Tourists', Opera* and general out-door day and night double perspective glasses, will show distinctly a person to know him at from 2 to 6 miles. Spectacles of the greatest transparent power to strengthen and improve the sight, without the distressing result of frequent changes. The above with all articles appertaining to the optical science, from the manufacturer, SEMMONS, Occulist's Optician. No. 669½ Broadway under the Lafarge House.

CEDAR CAMPHOR

Cheap and certain defence against ravages of moths and millers in clothing. Produced by HARRIS & CHAPMAN, Boston, and sold by all druggists.

PATENTS! PATENTS! PATENTS!

MESSRS. MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS OF THE "SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN," continue to act as Attorneys for securing Patents for new Inventions in this and all foreign countries.

Messrs. MUNN & CO. have had seventeen years' experience in soliciting patents, and have acted as Attorneys for more than 20,000 inventors.

Pamphlets containing the Patent Laws and other important information for inventors, furnished free on application.

Consultation and advice free. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row, New-York, or corner F and 7th sts., Washington, D. C.

ELEGANT APARTMENTS IN SUITES, commodious and desirable, No. 400 West 23d-st., residence of the late Clement C. Moore, Esq. The apartments can be seen between the hours of 12 and 4 o'clock. References given and required.

Drs. LIGHTHILL,

Authors of "A Popular Treatise on Deafness," "Letters on Catarrh," &c., &c., pay exclusive attention to the treatment of

DEAFNESS,

Discharges from the Ear,

Noises in the Head,

CATARRH,

And all the various diseases of the

EYE, EAR, THROAT AND AIR-PASSAGES,

Office, 34 St. Marks Place,

(Eighth St., betw. 2d and 3d Avenues,)

OFFICE HOURS from 9 A. M. till 3 P. M.

Dr. E. LIGHTHILL has entirely recovered from his recent severe illness, and will henceforth be in constant attendance during the regular office hours.

RECENT TESTIMONIALS.

CATARRH CURED.

FROM REV. FRED. S. JEWELL,

PROFESSOR OF THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, ALBANY, N. Y.

This may certify that I have been, since 1844, subject to violent periodical attacks of catarrh, marked by a highly inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the cavities of the head, producing a most distressing species of headache, for days at a time, wholly incapacitating me from business, and, during the paroxysms, confining me to the bed. In some instances the inflammation has extended to the teeth, occasioning toothache; to the throat, producing hoarseness and partial loss of voice; and twice it has so affected the left eye as to confine me for a month or more to a darkened room. These attacks have been accompanied by strong febrile symptoms; by stoppages of the head, and in the first stages by watery discharges from the nose, and subsequently becoming acrid and yellow, and, toward the close of the attack, becoming bloody and purulent. I have tried medicines of almost every kind; external applications to the head, such as camphor, ginger, hot vinegar, snuffs of some half dozen kinds, and other catarrhal preparations, together with internal remedies, such as alteratives, cathartics and emetics. These have produced no change in the occurrence or character of the disease, and, in most cases with little or no temporary relief. I had come, at length, to believe the disease to be practically beyond either cure or material alleviation.

Under these circumstances, I was led, some five months ago, to make a trial of Dr. Lighthill's treatment. His method at once approved itself to my judgment as simple, philosophical, and likely to be effective. Notwithstanding the disadvantages under which he labored in dealing with a disease of such long standing, aggravated by nervous debility and dyspepsia, and constantly induced by the accidents of my professional labor, I found the treatment reaching the disease as it had never been reached before, and producing such a modification and alleviation of its character as I had supposed impossible. I chronicle the result thus:

Although I have been situated several times so that I should formerly have believed a severe attack of my catarrh inevitable, I have escaped thus far; the symptoms of threatened attack have been very light, and have yielded to the remedies employed by Dr. Lighthill, without the need of recourse to the old hot fermentations or emetics, and the discharges from the head have resumed the original and natural condition. That I have been able to obtain so material a relief is to me a cause of gratitude. In that alone I am repaid for whatever the treatment may have cost me.

I make this statement unsolicited, as a means of acknowledging my obligations to Dr. Lighthill's method of treating catarrh, and with a view to aid any who may have suffered from that disease in forming a just opinion of its merits, and its probable utility in their own case.

FREDERICK S. JEWELL.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 14, 1864.

REMARKABLE CURE OF DEAFNESS.

From Rev. Joseph M. Clarke, Rector of St. James' Church.

SYRACUSE, Feb. 20, 1864.

I have been deaf in one ear ever since I was in College, some twenty years ago. By the skill of Dr. Lighthill, its hearing was entirely restored, so that now I hear alike with both ears, and I find that I can use my voice with much more ease and comfort than before.

JOSEPH M. CLARKE.

From the Rev. John Nott, D. D., Professor in Union College, Schenectady.

Since I first publicly acknowledged the great benefits which I received from the skillful treatment of Dr. Lighthill, in regard to my hearing, letters of inquiry have incessantly poured upon me from all parts of the country, from parties desiring to learn the particulars of my case, and I am indeed surprised at the number of individuals who are affected similar to the manner in which I have been, and, therefore, feel it more and more a sacred duty which I owe to these sufferers, to direct them to a proper and reliable source to obtain the benefit they so much covet, and which so many afflicted ones have hitherto sought in vain, just as I had done previous to applying to Dr. Lighthill.

I had from infancy one very deaf ear, which always discharged more or less offensive matter, and was the source of the greatest annoyance and discomfort to me. Last year the other ear also became diseased, and both ears discharged a yellow matter, very profuse and highly offensive. My hearing became very much impaired, and the discharge produced the greatest debility of body and depression of spirits. I applied to my family physician and other practitioners, without deriving any benefit, and almost despaired of being restored to health, when, providentially, I applied to Dr. Lighthill. Under his treatment my ears began to improve at once, and continued to do so until, in a comparatively short time, both ears were healed, the discharge removed, and my hearing restored. At first I feared the cure would not be permanent, or that the stoppage of a discharge of so long standing might prove detrimental to my general health—a fear which I find a great many entertain in regard to the removal of discharge from the ear. My experience, however, has proved conclusively that my apprehensions were entirely groundless in both respects, for both ears are as well, and my hearing is as good at present, as the day I left off treatment, and the stoppage of discharge, instead of proving detrimental to my health, has given the highest elasticity and vigor to my body, and a flow of spirits not experienced for a long time previous.

I wish that the above might serve as a general answer to the interested, but should one or the other desire to apply to me personally, or by letter, I will cheerfully satisfy reasonable demands upon my time.

I avail myself of this opportunity of again publicly expressing my deeply-felt gratitude to Dr. Lighthill, whom I esteem as a gentleman and a man of science, in whom the highest confidence may be placed. JOHN NOTT.

References to parties of the highest respectability residing in the City, who have been cured of Deafness, Catarrh, &c., may be had on application.

OFFICE, NO. 34 ST. MARK'S-PLACE, (8th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.)

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDIES KNOWN AS HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"

COMPOUND

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

a positive and Specific Remedy for Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL and DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

This medicine increases the power of digestion and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the *water* or *calcerous* depositions, and all unnatural enlargements, are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and is good for *Men, Women,* or *Children.*

H

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

For weaknesses arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

Indisposition to Exertion,	Loss of Power,
Loss of Memory,	Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves,	Trembling,
Horror of Disease,	Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision,	Pain in the Back,
Hot Hands,	Flushing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin,	Eruptions on the Face,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System.	Pallid Countenance,

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS.

In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases,"

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION!

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the Insane Asylums and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion.

THE CONSTITUTION ONCE AFFECTED BY ORGANIC WEKNESS

requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

E

FEMALES! FEMALES! FEMALES!

OLD OR YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE.

In many affections peculiar to Females, the Extract Buchu is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularities, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Loucorrhea or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

See symptoms above.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

L

Take no Balsam, Mercury or Unpleasant Medicines, for unpleasant and Dangerous Diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU CURES SECRET DISEASES

in all their stages, as little Expense; little or no change of Diet; no Inconvenience, AND NO EXPOSURE.

It causes frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing strictures of the urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling POISONOUS, DISEASED AND WORN-OUT MATTER.

Thousands upon thousands who have been the

VICTIMS OF QUACKS,

and who have paid HEAVY FEES to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and,

PERHAPS, AFTER MARRIAGE.

M

USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

For all affections and diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing

IN MALE OR FEMALE,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC,

AND IT IS CERTAIN TO HAVE THE DESIRED EFFECT IN ALL DISEASES FOR WHICH IT IS RECOMMENDED.

B

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!

HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

SYPHILIS.

This is an affection of the blood, and attacks the sexual organs, linings of the nose, ears, throat, windpipe and other mucus surfaces, making its appearance in the form of ulcers. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, and removes all scaly eruptions of the skin, giving to the complexion a clear and healthy color. It being prepared expressly for this class of complaints, its blood-purifying properties are preserved to a greater extent than any other preparation of sarsaparilla.

O

HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH,

an excellent lotion for diseases of a syphilitic nature, and as an injection in diseases of the urinary organs arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended. Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

FROM 3 TO 20 YEARS' STANDING, with NAMES KNOWN TO SCIENCE AND FAME.

For Medical Properties of Buchu,

SEE DISPENSATORY OF THE UNITED STATES.

See Prof. DEWEES valuable works on the Practice of Physic.

See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSIC, Philadelphia.

See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician, and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.

See Medico-Chirurgical Review, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.

See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.

EXTRACT BUCHU, $1 per bottle, or six for $5.

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA, $1 per bottle, or six for $5.

IMPROVED ROSE WASH, 50 cents per bottle, or six for $2 50.

Or half dozen of each for $12, which will be sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, if directions are adhered to.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

Describe symptoms in all communications. Cure guaranteed. Advice gratis.

L

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the City of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who being duly sworn, doth say, his preparation contains no narcotic, no mercury or other injurious drugs, but are truly vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBARD, Alderman, 9th-st., above Race-st., Philadelphia.

Address letters for information, in confidence to H. T. HELMBOLD, CHEMIST.

D

PRINCIPAL DEPOTS,

HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 BROADWAY, N. Y., OR

594 BROADWAY, N. Y., OR

594 BROADWAY N. Y., OR

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South TENTH-street, Philadelphia.

104 South TENTH-street, Philadelphia.

104 South TENTH-street, Philadelphia.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS,

WHO ENDEAVOR TO

Dispose of "their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE IMPROVED ROSEWASH.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S.

TAKE NO OTHER.

Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.

GEN. GRANT'S REPORT OF THE CHATTANOOGA CAMPAIGN.

CHATTANOOGA, LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN AND MISSIONARY RIDGE.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE MISSISSIPPI, IN FIELD, CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Dec. 23, 1863.

Col. J. C. Kelton, Assistant Adjutant-General, Washington, D. C.:

COLONEL: In pursuance of General Orders No. 337, War Department, of date Washington, Oct 16, 1863, delivered to me by the Secretary of War at Louisville, Ky., on the 18th of the same month, I assume command of the "Military Division of the Mississippi," comprising the Departments of the Ohio, the Cumberland and the Tennessee, and telegraphed the order assuming command, together with the order of the War Department referred to, to Maj.-Gen. A. E. BURNSIDE, at Knoxville, and to Maj.-Gen. W. S. ROSECRANS, at Chattanooga.

My action in telegraphing these orders to Chattanooga in advance of my arrival there, was induced by information furnished me by the Secretary of War of the difficulties with which the army of the Cumberland had to contend in supplying itself over a long, mountainous, and almost impassable road from Stevenson, Ala., to Chattanooga, Tenn., and his fears that Gen. ROSECRANS would fall back to the north side of the Tennessee River. To guard further against the possibility of the Secretary's fears, I also telegraphed to Maj.-Gen. THOMAS on the 19th of October from Louisville, to hold Chattanooga at all hazards, that I would be there as soon as possible. To which he replied, on the same date, "I will hold the town till we starve."

Proceeding directly to Chattanooga, I arrived there on the 23d of October, and found that Gen. THOMAS had, immediately on being placed in command of the Department of the Cumberland, ordered the concentration of Major-Gen. HOOKER'S command at Bridgeport, preparatory to securing the river and main wagon road between that place and Brown's Ferry, immediately below Lookout Mountain. The next morning after my arrival at Chattanooga, in company with THOMAS and Brigadier-Gen. W. F. SMITH, Chief Engineer, I made a reconnoissance of Brown's Ferry and the hills on the south side of the river, and at the mouth of Lookout Valley. After the reconnoissance, the plan agreed upon was for HOOKER to cross at Bridgeport to the south side of the river with all the force that could be spared from the railroad, and move on the main wagon road by way of Whiteside to Wouhatchie in Lookout Valley; Major-Gen. J. M. PALMER was to proceed the only practicable route north of the river, from his position opposite Chattanooga to a point on the north bank of the Tennessee River, and opposite Whitesides, then to cross to the south side to hold the road passed over by HOOKER. In the meantime, and before the enemy could be apprised of our intention, a force under the direction of Brig.-Gen. W. F. SMITH, Chief Engineer, was to be thrown across the river at Brown's Ferry, to seize the range of hills at the mouth of Lookout Valley, covering the Brown's Ferry road; and orders were given accordingly.

It was known that the enemy held the north end of Lookout Valley with a brigade of troops, and the road leading around the foot of the mountain from their main camp in Chattanooga Valley to Lookout Valley. Holding these advantages he would have had little difficulty in concentrating a sufficient force to have defeated or driven him back. To remedy this, the seizure of the range of hills at the mouth of Lookout Valley, and covering the Brown's Ferry road, was deemed of the highest importance. This, by the use of pontoon bridges at Chattanooga and Brown's Ferry, would secure to us, by the north bank of the river across Mockasin Point, a shorter line, by which to reinforce our troops in Lookout Valley, than the narrow and tortuous road around the foot of Lookout Mountain afforded the enemy for reinforcing his.

The force detailed for this expedition consisted of four thousand men under command of Gen. SMITH, Chief Engineer, eighteen hundred of which, under Brig.-Gen. H. B. HAZEN, in sixty pontoon-boats, containing thirty armed men each, floated quietly from Chattanooga past the enemy's pickets, to the foot of Lookout Mountain, on the night of the 27th of October, landed on the south side of the river at Brown's Ferry, surprised the enemy's pickets stationed there and seized the hills covering the ferry, without the loss of a man killed, and but four or five wounded. The remainder of the forces, together with the materials for a bridge, were moved by the north bank of the river across Mockasin Point to Brown's Ferry without attracting the attention of the enemy; and before day dawned the whole force was ferried to the south bank of the river, and the almost inaccessible heights rising from Lookout Valley at its outlet to the river, and below the mouth of Lookout Creek, were secured. By 10 o'clock A. M. an excellent pontoon bridge was laid across the river at Brown's Ferry, thus securing to us the end of the desired road nearest the enemy's forces and the shorter line over which to pass troops if a battle became inevitable. Positions were taken up by our troops from which they could not have been driven except by vastly superior forces, and then only with great loss to the enemy. Our artillery was placed in such position as to completely command the roads leading from the enemy's main camp in Chattanooga Valley to Lookout Valley.

On the 28th, HOOKER emerged into Lookout Valley at Wauhatchie, by the direct road from Bridgeport by way of Whitesides to Chattanooga, with the Eleventh Army Corps under Maj.-Gen. HOWARD, and GEARY'S division of the Twelfth Army Corps, and proceeded to take up positions for the defence of the road from Whitesides, over which he had marched, and also the road leading from Brown's Ferry to Kelley's Ferry, throwing the left of HOWARD'S corps forward to Brown's Ferry. The division that started, under command of PALMER, for Whitesides, reached its destination, and took up the position intended in the original plan of this movement. These movements, so successfully executed, secured to us two comparatively good lines by which to obtain supplies from the terminus of the railroad at Bridgeport, namely, the main wagon road by way of Whitesides, Wauhatchie and Brown's Ferry, distant but twenty-eight miles, and the Kelley's Ferry and Brown's Ferry road, which, by the use of the river from Bridgeport to Kelley's Ferry, reduced the distance for wagoning to but eight miles.

Up to this period our forces at Chattanooga were practically invested, the enemy's lines extending from the Tennessee River above Chattanooga, to the river at and below the point of Lookout Mountain below Chattanooga, with the south bank of the river picketed to near Bridgeport, his main force being fortified in Chattanooga Valley, at the foot of and on Missionary Ridge and Lookout Mountain, and a brigade in Lookout Valley. True, we held possession of the country north of the river, but it was from sixty to seventy miles, over the most impracticable roads, to army supplies. The artillery horses and mules had become so reduced by starvation that they could not have been relied upon for moving anything. An attempt at retreat must have been with men alone, and with only such supplies as they could carry. A retreat would have been almost certain annihilation, for the enemy, occupying positions within gunshot of and overlooking our very fortifications, would unquestionably have pursued retreating forces. Already more than ten thousand animals had perished in supplying half rations to the troops by the long and tedious route from Stevenson and Bridgeport to Chattanooga over Waldrous Ridge. They could not have been supplied another week.

The enemy was evidently fully apprised of our condition in Chattanooga, and of the necessity of our establishing a new and shorter line by which to obtain supplies, if we would maintain our position, and so fully was he impressed of the importance of keeping from us these lines—lost to him by surprise, and in a manner he little dreamed of—that in order to regain possession of them, a night attack was made by a portion of LONGSTREET'S forces on a portion of HOOKER'S troops, (GEORGE'S division of the Twelfth Corps,) the first night after HOOKER'S arrival in the valley. The attack failed, however, and HOWARD'S corps, which was moving to the assistance of GEARY, finding that it was not required by him, carried the remaining heights held by the enemy west of Lookout Creek. This gave us quiet possession of the lines of communication heretofore described south of the Tennessee River. Of these operations I cannot speak more particularly, the sub-reports having been sent to Washington without passing through my hands.

By the use of two steamboats—one of which had been left at Chattanooga by the enemy and fell into our hands, and one that had been built by us at Bridgeport and Kelley's Ferry—we were enabled to obtain supplies with but eight miles of wagoning. The capacity of the railroad and steamboats was not sufficient, however, to supply all the wants of the army, but actual suffering was prevented.

Ascertaining from scouts and deserters, that BRAGG was detaching LONGSTREET from the front and moving him in the direction of Knoxville, Tenn., evidently to attack BURNSIDE, and feeling strongly the necessity of some move that would compel him to retain all his forces and recall those he had detached, directions were given for a movement against Missionary Ridge, with a view to carrying it, and threatening the enemy's communication with LONGSTREET, of which I informed BURNSIDE by telegraph on the 7th of November. After a thorough reconnoissance of the ground, however, it was

SEE NINTH PAGE---SUPPLEMENT

deemed utterly impracticable to make the move until BURNSIDE could get us, because of the inadequacy of our forces and the condition of the animals then at Chattanooga; and I was forced to leave BURNSIDE, for the present, to contend against superior forces of the enemy until the arrival of SHERMAN with his men and means of transportation. In the meantime, reconnoissances were made, and plans matured for operations. Dispatches were sent to SHERMAN, informing him of the movement of LONGSTREET, and the necessity of his immediate presence at Chattanooga.

On the 14th of November I telegraphed to BURNSIDE as follows:

"Your dispatch and DANA's just received. Being here, you can tell better how to resist LONGSTREET's attack than I can direct. With your showing, you had better give up Kingsten at the last moment, and save the pontoon bridge with your command. Every artificial protective part of your possessions. Every arrangement is now being made to throw SHERMAN's force across the river just at and below the mouth of Chickamauga Creek as soon as it arrives. THOMAS will attack in his left at the same time; and, together it is expected to carry Missionary Ridge, and from there rush a force on the railroad between Cleveland and Dalton. HOOKER will march direct from Whiteside to Trenton. The remainder of his force will pass over a new road just made from Whiteside to Kelly's Ferry, thus being concealed from the enemy, and leave him to suppose the whole force is going up Lookout Valley. SHERMAN's advance has only just reached Bridgeport. The rear will not reach there on the 16th. This will bring it to the 18th, as the earliest day for making the combined movement as desired. Inform me if you think you can sustain yourself till that time. I can hardly conceive of the enemy breaking through at Kingston, and pushing for Kentucky. If they should, however, a new problem would be before the nation. THOMAS has ordered a division of cavalry to the vicinity of Sparta, to ascertain if they have started, and inform you. It will be entirely out of the question to send for 10,000 men, not because they cannot be spared, but how could they be fed after they got one day east of here?

U. S. GRANT, Maj.-Gen.

To Maj.-Gen. A. E. BURNSIDE.

On the 15th, having received from the General-in-Chief a dispatch, of date the 14th, in reference to BURNSIDE's position, the danger of his abandonment of East Tennessee unless immediate relief was afforded, and the terrible misfortune such a result would be to our arms; and also dispatches from Mr. C. A. DANA, Assistant Secretary of War, and Col. WILSON of my Staff, sent at the instance of Gen. BURNSIDE, informing me more fully of the condition of affairs as detailed to them by him. I telegraphed him as follows:

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 15, 1863.

I do not know how to impress on you the necessity of holding on to East Tennessee in strong enough terms. According to the dispatches of Mr. DANA and Col. WILSON, it would seem that you should, if pressed to do it, hold on to Knoxville and that portion of the valley you will necessarily possess holding to that point. Should LONGSTREET move his whole force across the Little Tennessee, an effort should be made to cut his pontoons on that stream even if it sacrificed half the cavalry of the Ohio army. By holding on, and placing LONGSTREET between the Little Tennessee and Knoxville, he should not be allowed to escape with an army capable of doing anything this Winter. I can hardly conceive the necessity of retreating from East Tennessee. If I did at all, it would be after losing most of the army, and then necessity would suggest the route. I will not attempt to lay out a line of retreat. Kingston, looking at the map, I think of much more importance than any point in East Tennessee. But my attention being called more closely to it, I can see that it might be passed by, and Knoxville and the rich valley about it possessed, ignoring that place entirely. I should not think it advisable to concentrate a force near Little Tennessee to resist the crossing, if it would be in danger of capture; but I would harrass and embarrass progress in every way possible, reflecting on the fact that the Army of the Ohio is not the only army to resist the onward progress of the enemy.

U. S. GRANT, Major-General.

To Major-Gen. A. E. BURNSIDE.

Previous reconnoissances made, first by Brig.-Gen. W. F. SMITH, Chief Engineer, and afterward by THOMAS, SHERMAN and myself, in company with him, at the point opposite Chattanooga and north of the Tennessee River, extending as far east as the mouth of the South Chickamauga and the north end of Missionary Ridge, so far as the same could be made from the north bank of the river without exciting suspicions on the part of the enemy, showed good roads from Brown's Ferry up the river and back of the first range of hills opposite Chattanooga, and out of view of the enemy's positions. Troops crossing the bridge at Brown's Ferry could be seen, and their numbers estimated, by the enemy; but not seeing anything further of them as they passed up in rear of these hills, he would necessarily be at a loss to know whether they were moving to Knoxville, or held on the north side of the river for further operations at Chattanooga. It also showed that the north end of Missionary Ridge was imperfectly guarded, and that the banks of the river from the mouth of South Chickamauga Creek, eastward to his main line in front of Chattanooga, was watched only by a small cavalry picket. This determined the plan of operations indicated in my dispatch of the 14th to BURNSIDE.

Upon further consideration—the great object being to mass all the forces possible against one given point, namely, Missionary Ridge, converging toward the north end of it—it was deemed best to change the original plan, so far as it contemplated HOOKER's attack on Lookout Mountain, which would give us HOWARD's corps of his command to aid in this purpose; and on the 18th the following instructions were given THOMAS:

"All the preparations should be made for attacking the enemy's position on Missionary Ridge by Saturday at daylight. Not being provided with a map giving names of roads, spurs of the mountain, and other places, such definite instructions cannot be given as might be desirable. However, the general plan, you understand, is for SHERMAN, with the force brought with him strengthened by a division from your command to effect a crossing of the Tennessee River just below the mouth of Chickamauga. his crossing to be protected by artillery from the bluffs of the north bank of the river to be located by your chief of artillery) and to secure the heights from the northern extremity to about the railroad tunnel, before the enemy can concentrate against him. You will cooperate with SHERMAN. The troops in Chattanooga Valley should all be concentrated on your left flank, leaving only the necessary force to defend fortifications on the right and centre, and a movable column of one division in readiness to move whenever ordered. This division should show itself as threateningly as possible on the most practicable line for making an attack upon the valley. Your effort, then, will be to form a junction with SHERMAN, making your advance well towards the northern end of Missionary Ridge, and moving as near simultaneously with him as possible. The junction once formed, and the Ridge carried, connections will be at once established between the two armies by roads on the south bank of the river. Further movements will then depend on those of the enemy. Lookout Valley, I think, will be easily held by GEARY's division, and such troops you may still have there belonging to the old Army of the Cumberland. HOWARD's corps can then be held in readiness to act either with you at Chattanooga, or with SHERMAN. It should be marched on Friday night to a position on the north side of the river, not lower down than the first pontoon bridge, and there held in readiness for such orders as may become necessary. All these troops will be provided with two days cooked rations in haversacks, and 100 rounds of ammunition on the person of each infantry soldier. Special care should be taken by all officers to see that ammunition is not wanted or unnecessarily fired away. You will call on the Engineer Department for such preparations as you may deem necessary for carrying your infantry and artillery over the creek.

U. S. GRANT, Major-General.

To Maj.-Gen. GEO. H. THOMAS.

A copy of these instructions was furnished SHERMAN with the following communication:

Inclosed herewith I send you copy of instructions to Major-Gen. THOMAS, for, having been over the ground in person and having heard the whole matter discussed, further instructions will not be necessary for you. It is particularly desirable that a force should be got through to the railroad between Cleveland and Dalton, and LONGSTREET thus cut off from communication with the South; but being confronted by a large force here, strongly located, it is not easy to tell how this is to be effected until the result of our first effort is known. I will add, however, what is not shown in my instructions to THOMAS, that a brigade of cavalry has been ordered here, which, if it arrives in time, will be thrown across the Tennessee above Chickamauga, and may be able to make the trip to Cleveland or thereabouts.

U. S. GRANT, Major-General.

To Major-Gen. W. T. SHERMAN.

SHERMAN's forces were moved from Bridgeport by way of Whitesides—one division threatening the enemy's left front in the direction of Trenton—crossing at Brown's Ferry, up to the north bank of the Tennessee to near the mouth of South Chickamauga, where they were kept concealed from the enemy until they were ready to form a crossing. Pontoons for throwing a bridge across the river were built, and placed in North Chickamauga, near its mouth, a few miles further up, without attracting the attention of the enemy. It was expected we would be able to effect the crossing on the 21st of November; but, owing to heavy rains, SHERMAN was unable to get up until the afternoon of the 23d, and then only with Gens. MORGAN L. SMITH's, JOHN E. SMITH's and HUGH EWING's divisions of the Fifteenth Corps, under command of Maj.-Gen. FRANK P. BLAIR, of his army. The pontoon bridge at Brown's Ferry having been broken by the drift consequent upon the rise in the river, and rafts sent down by the enemy. The other division—OSTERHAUS'—was retained on the south side, and was, on the night of the 23d, ordered, unless it could get across by 8 o'clock the next morning, to report to HOOKER, who was instructed, in this event, to attack Lookout Mountain as contemplated in the original plan.

A deserter from the rebel army, who came into our lines on the night of the 22d November, reported BRAGG falling back. The following letter received from BRAGG by flag of truce on the 20th, tended to confirm this report:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE, IN THE FIELD, Nov. 20, 1863.

Major-Gen. U. S. Grant, Commanding United States forces at Chattanooga:

GENERAL: As there may still be some non-combatants in Chattanooga, I deem it proper to notify you that prudence would dictate their early withdrawal. I am, General, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

BRAXTON BRAGG, General-Commanding.

Not being willing that he should get his army off in good order, THOMAS was directed, early on the morning of the 23d, to ascertain the truth or falsity of this report, by driving in his pickets and making him develop his lines. This he did with the troops stationed at Chattanooga, and HOWARD's corps, (which had been brought into Chattanooga because of the apprehended danger to our pontoon bridges from the rise in the river and the enemy's raft) in the most gallant style, driving the enemy from his first line, and securing to us what is known as "Indian Hill," or "Orchard Knoll," and the low range of hills south of it. These points were fortified during the night, and artillery put in position on them. The report of this deserter was evidently not intended to deceive, but he had mistaken BRAGG's movements. It was afterwards ascertained that one division of BUCKNER's corps had gone to join LONGSTREET, and a second division of the same corps had started, but was brought back in consequence of our attack.

On the night of the 23d November, SHERMAN, with three divisions of his army, strengthened by DAVIS' division of THOMAS' corps, which had been stationed along the north bank of the river, convenient to where the crossing was to be effected, was ready for operations. At an hour sufficiently early to secure the south bank of the river, just below the mouth of South Chickamauga, by dawn of day, the pontoons in North Chickamauga were loaded with thirty armed men each, who floated quietly past the enemy's picket's, landed and captured all but one of the guard, twenty in number, before the enemy was aware of the presence of a foe. The steamboat *Dunbar*, with a barge in tow, after having finished ferrying across the river the horses procured from SHERMAN with which to move THOMAS' artillery, was sent up to Chattanooga to aid in crossing artillery and troops; and by daylight of the morning of the 24th of November, eight thousand men were on the south side of the Tennessee, and fortified in rifle trenches. By 12 o'clock M. the pontoon bridges across the Tennessee and the Chickamauga were laid, and the remainder of SHERMAN's forces crossed over, and at half past three P. M. the whole of the northern extremity of Missionary Ridge to near the railroad tunnel, was in SHERMAN's possession. During the night he fortified the position thus secured, making it equal, if, not superior, in strength to that held by the enemy.

By 3 o'clock of the same day, Col. LORE, with his brigade of cavalry, of THOMAS' army, crossed to the south side of the Tennessee, and to the north of South Chickamauga Creek, and made a raid on the enemy's lines of communication. He burned Tyner's Station, with many stores, cut the railroad at Cleveland, captured near a hundred wagons, and over two hundred prisoners. His own loss was small.

HOOKER carried out the part assigned him for this day equal to the most sanguine expectations. With GEARY's division (Twelfth Corps) and two brigades of STANLEY's division (Fourth Corps) of THOMAS' army, and OSTERHOUS' division (Fifteenth Corps) of SHERMAN's army, he scaled the western slope of Lookout Mountain, drove the enemy from his rifle-pits on the northern extremity and slope of the mountain, capturing many prisoners without serious loss.

THOMAS having done on the 23d with his troops in Chattanooga what was intended for the 24th, bettered and strengthened his advanced positions during the day, and pushed the Eleventh Corps forward along the south bank of the Tennessee River, across Citico Creek, one brigade of which, with HOWARD in person, reached SHERMAN just as he had completed the crossing of the river.

When HOOKER emerged in sight of the northern extremity of Lookout Mountain, CARLAN'S brigade of the Fourteenth Corps was ordered to cross Chattanooga Creek, and form a junction with him. This was effected late in the evening, and after considerable fighting.

Thus on the night of the 24th, our forces maintained an unbroken line, with open communications from the north end of Lookout Mountain, through Chattanooga Valley, to the north end of Missionary Ridge.

On the morning of the 25th HOOKER took possession of the mountain top with a small force, and with the remainder of his command, in pursuance of orders, swept across Chattanooga Valley, now abandoned by the enemy, to Rossville. In this march he was detained four hours building a bridge across Missionary Creek. From Rossville he ascended Missionary Ridge and moved southward toward the centre of the now shortened line.

SHERMAN's attack upon the enemy's most northern and most vital point was vigorously kept up all day. The assaulting column advanced to the very rifle-pits of the enemy, and held this position firmly and without wavering. The right of the assaulting column being exposed to the danger of being turned, two brigades were sent to its support. These advanced in the most gallant manner over the works of the enemy, and laid there partially covered from the fire for some time. The right of these two brigades rested near the head of a ravine or gorge in the mountain side which the enemy took advantage of and sent troops, covered from view, below them and to their right rear. Being unexpectedly fired into from this direction, they fell back across the open field below them, and reformed in good order at the edge of the timber. The column which attackdd them were speedily driven to their intrenchments by the assaulting column proper.

Early in the morning of the 25th the remainder of HOWARD's corps reported to SHERMAN, and constituted a part of his forces during that day's battle, the pursuit, and subsequent advance for the relief of Knoxville.

SHERMAN's position not only threatened the right flank of the enemy, but, from his occupying a line across the mountain and to the railroad bridge across Chickamauga Creek, his rear and stores at Chickamauga Station. This caused the enemy to move heavily against him. This movement of his being plainly seen from the position I occupied on Orchard Knoll, BAIRD's division of the Fourteenth Corps was ordered to SHERMAN's support; but receiving a note from SHERMAN informing me that he had all the force necessary, BAIRD was put in position on THOMAS' left.

The appearance of HOOKER's column was at this time anxiously looked for and momentarily expected, moving north on the Ridge, with his left in Chattanooga Valley and his right east of the Ridge. His approach was intended as the signal for storming the Ridge in the centre with strong columns; but the time necessarily consumed in the construction of the bridge near Chattanooga Creek detained him to a later hour than was expected. Being satisfied from the latest information from him that he must by this time be on his way from Rossville though not yet in sight, and discovering that the enemy in his desperation to defeat or resist the progress of SHERMAN, was weakening his centre on Missionary Ridge, determined to order an advance at once. THOMAS was accordingly directed to move forward his troops constituting our centre—BAIRD's division, (Fourteenth Corps,) WOOD's and SHERIDAN's divisions, (Fourth Corps,) and JOHNSON's division, (Fourteenth Corps,) with a double line of skirmishers thrown out, followed in easy supporting distance by the whole force, and carry the rifle-pits at the foot of Missionary Ridge, and, when carried, to reform his lines in the rifle-pits with a view to carrying the top of the Ridge.

These troops moved forward, drove the enemy from the rifle-pits at the base of the Ridge like bees from a hive, stopped but a moment until the whole were in line, and commenced the ascent of the mountain from right to left almost simultaneously, following closely the retreating enemy without further orders. They encountered a fearful volley of grape and canister from near thirty pieces of artillery and musketry from still well-filled rifle-pits on the summit of the Ridge. Not a waver, however, was seen in all that long line of brave men. Their progress was steadily onward until the summit was in their possession. In this charge the casualties were remarkably few for the fire encountered. I can account for this only on the theory that the enemy's surprise at the audacity of such a charge caused confusion and purposeless aiming of their pieces.

The nearness of night, and the enemy still resisting the advance of THOMAS' left, prevented a general pursuit that night, but SHERIDAN pushed forward to Mission Mills.

The resistance on THOMAS' left being overcome, the enemy abandoned his position near the railroad tunnel in front of SHERMAN, and by 12 o'clock at night was in full retreat; and the whole of his strong positions on Lookout Mountain, Chattanooga Valley and Missionary Ride, was in our possession, together with a large number of prisoners, artillery and small arms.

THOMAS was directed to get GRANGER with his corps, and detachments enough from other commands, including the force available at Kingston, to make 20,000 men, in readiness to go the relief of Knoxville, upon the termination of the battle of Chattanooga—these troops to take with them four days' rations, and a steamboat loaded with rations to follow up the river.

On the evening of the 25th November orders were given to both THOMAS and SHERMAN to pursue the enemy early next morning with all their available force, except that under GRANGER intended for the relief of Knoxville.

On the morning of the 26th, SHERMAN advanced by way of Chickamauga Station, and THOMAS' forces under HOOKER and PALMER moved on the Rossville road toward Grapeville and Ringgold.

The advance of THOMAS's forces reached Ringgold on the morning of the 27th, where they found the enemy in strong position in the gorge and on the crest of Taylor's Ridge, from which they dislodged him after a severe fight in which we lost heavily in valuable officers and men, and continued the pursuit that day until near Tunnel Hill, a distance of twenty miles from Chattanooga.

DAVIS' Division (Fourteenth Corps) of SHERMAN's column reached Ringgold about noon of the same day. HOWARD's Corps was sent by SHERMAN to Red Clay to destroy the railroad between Dalton and Cleveland, and thus cut off BRAGG's communication with LONGSTREET, which was successfully accomplished.

Had it not been for the imperative necessity of relieving BURNSIDE, I would have pursued the broken and demoralized retreating enemy as long as supplies could have been found in the country. But my advices were that BURNSIDE's supplies could only last until the 3d of December. It was already getting late to afford the necessary relief. I determined, therefore, to pursue no further. HOOKER was directed to hold the position he then occupied until the night of the 30th, but to go no further south at the expense of a fight. SHERMAN was directed to march to the railroad crossing of the Hiawassee, to protect GRANGER's flank until he was across that stream, and to prevent further reinforcements being sent by that route into East Tennessee.

Returning from the front on the 28th, I found that GRANGER had not yet got off, nor would he have the number of men I directed. Besides, he moved with reluctance and complaint. I therefore determined, notwithstanding the fact that two divisions of SHERMAN's forces had marched from Memphis, and had gone into battle immediately on their arrival at Chattanooga, to send him with his command; and orders in accordance therewith were sent him at Calhoun to assume command of the troops with GRANGER, in addition to those with him, and proceed with all possible dispatch to the relief of BURNSIDE.

Gen. ELLIOT had been ordered by THOMAS, on the 26th of November, to proceed from Alexandria, Tenn., to Knoxville, with his cavalry divison, to aid in the relief of that place.

The approach of SHERMAN caused LONGSTREET to raise the seige of Knoxville and retreat eastward on the night of the 4th of December. SHERMAN succeeded in throwing his cavalry into Knoxville on the night of the 3d.

SHERMAN arrived in person at Knoxville on the 6th, and, after a conference with BURNSIDE in reference to *"organizing a pursuing force large enough to overtake the enemy and beat him, or drive him out of the State,"* BURNSIDE was of the opinion that the corps of GRANGER, in conjunction with his own command, was sufficient for that purpose, and on the 7th addressed to SHERMAN the following communication:

KNOXVILLE, Dec. 7, 1863.

To Maj.-Gen. Sherman:

I desire to express to you and your command my most hearty thanks and gratitude, for your promptness in coming to our relief during the siege of Knoxville, and I am satisfied that your approach served to raise the siege. The emergency having passed, I do not deem for the present any other portion of your command but the corps of Gen. GRANGER necessary for operations in this section; and, inasmuch as Gen. GRANT has weakened the forces immediately with him in order to relieve us, thereby rendering portions of Gen. THOMAS' less secure, I deem it advisable that all the troops now here, except those commanded by Gen. GRANGER, should return at once to within supporting distance of the forces operating against Gen. BRAGG's army. In behalf of my command I again desire to thank you and your command for the kindness you have done us.

A. E. BURNSIDE, Maj.-Gen.

Leaving GRANGER's command at Knoxville, SHERMAN, with the remainder of the forces returned by slow marches to Chattanooga.

I have not spoken more particularly of the result of the pursuit of the enemy, because the more detailed reports accompanying this, do the subject justice. For the same reason, I have not particularized the part taken by corps and division commanders.

To Brig.-Gen. W. F. SMITH, Chief Engineer, I feel under more than ordinary obligations for the masterly manner in which he discharged the duties of his position, and desire that his services be fully appreciated by higher authorities.

The members of my staff discharged faithfully their respective duties, for which they have my warmest thanks.

Our losses in these battles were 757 killed, 4,529 wounded and 330 missing—total 5,616. The loss of the enemy in killed and wounded was probably less than ours, owing to the fact that he was protected by his intrenchments while we were without cover. At Knoxville, however, his loss was many times greater than ours—making his entire loss at the two places equal to, if not exceeding ours. We captured 6,142 prisoners, of whom 239 were commissioned officers; 40 pieces of artillery, 69 artillery carriages and caissons; and 7,000 stand of small arms.

The armies of the Cumberland and the Tennessee, for their energy and unsurpassed bravery in the three days' battle of Chattanooga, and the pursuit of the enemy; their patient endurance in marching to the relief of Knoxville; and the Army of the Ohio, for its masterly defense of Knoxville, and repeated repulse of LONGSTREET's assaults upon the place, are deserving of the gratitude of their country.

I have the honor to be, Colonel,

Very respectfully, your ob't servant,

U. S. GRANT, Maj.-Gen. U. S. Army.

CALIFORNIA GOSSIP.

State of Society in the Washoe Country—Adah Isaacs Many-kin—State of the Opera in San Francisco—The Great Drouth—Experience in Steam Yacht Building—The Value of Mining Claims.

From Our Own Correspondent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Monday, March 14, 1864.

I've been roaming, I've been roaming, and now I'm coming. I have been up to Virginia City again, or Washoe, as it was generally known in the olden time, and, although two gentlemen promised their good offices in the way of shooting me on sight, they didn't do it, and I returned safely to my muttons. I had a slight difficulty while there with a gentleman who had adopted the great American principle that one man that hadn't anything was as good as another that had, and that a man who never had a cent had a perfect right to possess himself of anything that anybody else had paid for, so the gentleman aforesaid cast his lot on a lot belonging to me, and proceeded to make himself comfortable, and when remonstrated with invited me to try to take it if I wanted to see how long it would take me to get a bullet through me. My curiosity on that head did not impel me to take the necessary steps to solve the problem, but a friend more conversant with such affairs took the matter in hand, and the last I knew of it a couple of chaps with double-barrels in their hands, were going down that way for the purpose of remonstrating with my appropriating friend. I don't know yet how it was settled, but as the game law in this State is up on the 15th, I presume the sportsmen won't run any risk of a fine by shooting out of season. I expect they were within the limits. "Sich is life" thereabouts, and you may look for a vigilance committee in Virginia City "about these days;" the necessity exists, inasmuch as all the desperadoes who have left other locations on account of the uncongeniality of the climate, accompanied by a warning to depart, have all congregated at Virginia City, and quite a lively business is done in the way of swapping Colt's pistol contents; consequently the crisis will soon come, and ere many months things will be in a state of suspense, and a V. C. will be the suspenders these "breaches of the peace" require.

I went to the theatre while in Virginia City, and there I saw the charming Adah Isaacs Many-kin, Mannakin, or Meneken, the second appellation coming about as near as anything to the proper term, perhaps. The theatre is a very handsome one, despite its location, and the piece ("The French Spy") was well put on the stage, the company having been transferred from the San Francisco stage by the stages of the Pioneer Stage Company. The charming ADAH took the hearts of the honest miners by storm, and such expressions of delight and yells of approbation seldom greet an actress. The house was crowded and all the "beauty and the fashion" of Virginia City had gathered there. I wish I dared enumerate and give you a little idea of polite society there, but as some very nice people might feel aggrieved at the association with people who were not so very nice, I won't say anything. We don't want to hurt the "feelinks" of anybody yer know, but you can hazard your calfskins that Virginia City is a lively place.

My call in a former communication for an opera company was very faintly responded to. Only one artist of note made his appearance by last steamer, and he looked considerably the worse for where he had been. I believe he came on the opposition steamer, the *America*, but he has not sung in a *merry key* or any other key yet. And what is bad, our best man, FELLINI, (not TELLINI, as the compositor had it,) has gone away, and he is almost an irreparable loss. In default of an opera we have taken to matinées, and the fever runs high; we have them almost daily, and are running the thing in the ground. Like the Frenchman, "if we can't have ye meat, we will take ye broth." There are about ten thousand people here that have money to spend in frivolities, and they are panting for an opportunity. When I say money to spend, I mean not by the spasm, but straight along—about so much a month regularly; and I do believe we could support a very fair opera company,—when I say fair, I mean such singers as don't expect $500 a night. The receipts of an opera would be about $2,000 a night, perhaps, for say three nights of the week, and that is a moderate estimate; but we must have good music, or it won't be $200, and the opera-goers some of them, at least, hereabouts, do know good music from bad. We have had any number of prima donnas from *La Scala*, of Milan, and a *scaly* lot they have generally been. Madam LUCY ESCOTT and Signora BIANCHI are the only two who were entitled to consideration; but the former went away to Australia, and the latter has "sung out." We have had one or two that were stunners. The bills one day announced a Madam Somebody (I could tell her name but I won't;) the house was crowded; the lady appeared as *Gennaro*, in "Lucretia Borgia, and made horrid work of it; but, in fortifying herself for the grand effort in the banquet scene, she rather overdid the business, and when she came to sing, she was not simply obfusticated or genteely muddled, but right down drunk, after the most thorough and ancient manner. Of course, it was a disgusting sight. It leaked out afterwards that our prima was a secundo singer late from a Dutch lager-beer saloon in your City.

MCKEAN BUCHANAN and daughter leave by this steamer for your City, after quite a long stay with us and at Sacramento, where they "run" the Forrest Theatre; with what success I am unable to say, as I don't go to Sacramento any oftener than positively obliged to, for its rather a common sort of a place now and terribly infested with politicians—worse than Albany even. I believe I poked a little fun at friend BUCK in old times, but he has a constitution to stand it, and evidently don't take it much to heart. If he would only write a play and name it "Tree'd by the Flood," it would draw, and he could give great weight to the scene where he takes to a sycamore with a Roman helmet upon his head, two or three stage swords under his arm, a very modern and practical-looking carpet-bag over his back, and generally surrounded by all of the household gods he could save. Ask him about the "floody days of '62," when he was coming down the Sacramento River under difficulties.

A complimentary benefit was given Miss BUCHANAN last Friday evening, at the Metropolitan, tendered by her brother and sister artists, upon which occasion Miss B. was received warmly by a full house composed of appreciative people.

Speaking of floods, reminds me that we are literally drying up. Our Winter has passed, and scarcely a drop of rain has fallen. The farmers are in despair. Cattle are dying by thousands for want of food. At this season the grass is generally a foot high, and the cattle up to their knees in clover and wild oats. Now the hills are yellow and dry, and no vegetation appears. It is a most unusual thing to see in this country, which has always been a bed of flowers at this season. Day after day the sun has risen and set in a cloudless sky; the air, so balmy and soft, brings no humidity to keep vegetation alive; and now it is so late that it can hardly be resuscitated even if rain should come. The prosperity of California depends almost entirely upon water—without it no crops can be raised, and for the want of it the miner cannot wash his pile of "pay dirt," upon which he depends for his support and to pay his debts. It is water, water, everywhere; and the vitality of the country is at stake. To day it looks threatening, but as all signs have failed thus far, we have but little faith in clouds. Hay and grain have gone up in price within the week past, the former from $20 per ton to $60. Oats from 2c. to 2½c. @4c. per pound. Everything in this country is sold by the pound. We don't recognize bushels.

I see by the New-York papers that "controversies" are all the fashion, and "cards" predominate. The last one that I saw from Mr. JEROME respecting the general capability of Mr. DICKENSON to superintend the machinery for a yacht, I can fully appreciate, for "I've been there." I built a little steam yacht once myself, and a scientific friend got up the machinery. After a great note of preparation, we went on our trial trip. We would have beaten Mr. JEROME, but it was not satisfactory. The steam-drum was not large enough. We added to that until it looked like a high-crowned stovepipe hat. Wouldn't do though. Boiler was not large enough. We built a new boiler to match the cylinder; then we built a new cylinder to match the new boiler; then new pumps, new gearing, until of the original machinery not a vestige was seen. And finally when we had exhausted our ingenuity and money, we had a steamboat with the advantage over any other, that the boiler and cylinder were about equal in size, and when you got tired of running her one way you could change about—use the boiler for a cylinder one day, and the cylinder for a boiler the next. But as there is no accounting for taste, this peculiarity struck a bigger fool than any of us one day, and he bought her at an advance on cost of construction, experiments and science, on the rampage. I shall not try steam again, and have gone back to canvas a wiser man. If I ever see Mr. JEROME, I could tell him under which hat the "little joker" lay.

Once upon a time, JOHN CARRINGTON, editor and proprietor of the *Commissionaire*, a paper published in New-York, as everybody knows, pitched into me for the extreme length, breadth and fabulous dimensions generally of some of my statements on mining statistics. He did not come out openly and charge me with positive "deviations," but said something about a hat, subject to my order. I see by a late number of his paper that he has gone into the sackcloth and ashes line, and repents and apologises. He has at last statistics before him in the shape of the report from the President of the Gould & Curry Mine here, that show him how unjust his insinuations were, and he takes the back track. I accept his apologies and forgive him; but have no conscientious scruples about taking the hat. CARRINGTON, as everybody knows, stands ready to procure everything and anything on orders, and send to any part of the world, for a very moderate commission. He says it don't make any difference what it is, from a tooth-pick to a saw-mill. Some of my friends have perused his paper, and have threatened him with orders. I wish it distinctly understood that I am not responsible, and my advice to him is to make sure of the money first, for the major portion of my friends are miners, and, as it is a dry season, their finances may not be in a flourishing condition. We will all unite, however, in one order—for a good, old-fashioned *shower*; not a shower-bath, but a good thunder-shower, with or without lightning. But I have forgotten what I sat out to say, and that was that I shall hand in my resignation on "hefty" mining stories, for I have read such a wonderful account in the New-York *Railroad and Financial Register* that I am appalled. Among the items from Nevada Territory it quotes, on the authority of a Mr. Somebody just from there, that shares in a company called the "Central" are held at $30,000 per foot! Now, I have owned in the "Central," and know it well, and shall be glad to supply about thirty feet of it for the aforesaid sum of $30,000. I had ten feet once, and sold it at a less price, and it has not proved itself of any greater value since intrinsically. Although I believe it is now owned by two or three parties—who, I think, *would* sell at *less* than $30,000 per foot, I am inclined to think the printer added an 0 or two, which was a naughty trick of his. My next will give a true and unvarnished history of the great Mariposa-Fremont Mine, which seems to be such a "poser" in your Stock Market, but which is very far from being a humbug, as some assert. I'll tell all about it, and who the smart fellows were, that can hold themselves out at arm's length by the surplus material in their habiliments.

PODGERS.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

SPECIAL SESSION—MONDAY, April 11, 1864.

The Board met pursuant to the following call:

NEW-YORK, April 8, 1864.

D. T. Valentine, Clerk to Board of Aldermen:

SIR: You will please call a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen on Monday, April eleven, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, at one o'clock P. M., for the transaction of such business as may be brought before the Board.

LEWIS R. RYERS, Alderman Ninth District.
JOHN D. OTTIWELL, Alderman Fourteenth District.
JOHN T. HENRY, Alderman Third District.
JOHN MCCOOL, Alderman Fifth District.
JOHN HARDY, Alderman Eleventh District.
JAMES MCMAHON, Alderman Fourth District.
JOSEPH SHANNON, Alderman Sixth District.
PETER MASTERSON, Alderman Thirteenth District.
JOHN FOX, Alderman First District.

Present—John T. Henry, President,

Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long.

The minutes of the last two meetings were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By Alderman McMahon—

Bill of William S. Briggs, for coaches furnished on the occasion of the funeral of the late Matthias T. Gooderson, amounting to two hundred dollars.

Whereupon, Alderman McMahon presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of William S. Briggs, for the sum of two hundred dollars, to be in full payment for carriages furnished for the occasion of the funeral obsequies of the late Matthias T. Gooderson, the amount to be charged to the account of City Contingencies.

Which was laid over.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby directed to renumber Forty-first-street, from Fourth to Fifth avenues.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman McMahon—

Resolved, The the ordinance of June tenth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, authorizing the construction of a Belgian pavement be, and it is thereby amended by inserting next after the word, East Broadway, in said ordinance, the words, "excepting the space within and between the rail tracks," so as to read:

That East Broadway, excepting the space within and between the rail tracks, be paved with the trap-block pavement, one-half of the expense to be borne by the property-owners, and the other half by the City, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, &c.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman McMahon—

Resolved, That permission be, and the same is hereby granted to L. Carr, to place a stand in Pike-slip, near South-street, said permission to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That permission be, and the same is hereby granted to T. Hildreth, to continue the show-cases on the stoop of his premises, number five hundred and ninety-four Broadway, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That the vacant lots on the south side of Forty-first-street, from number one hundred and fifty-six to Second-avenue, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman McCool—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be directed to inform this board by what authority the party or parties are incumbering or building a shed on pier number fifty North River.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Jones—

Resolved, That he Croton Aqueduct Department be and they are hereby directed to have the gore of land on the west side of Centre-street, between Reade and Duane streets, paved with trap block pavement, one-half at the expense of property-owners and the other half at the expense of the City, and the same to be done forthwith.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That the low and sunken lots on the north side of Seventy-eighth-street, between First and Second avenues, be filled in under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to have Fiftieth-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, graded.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman McCool—

Resolved, That the name of Edward Standish, recently appointed as a Commissioner of Deeds, be corrected so as to read Edward W. Standish.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to S. H. Block to place a lamp over the door of his premises, number six hundred and forty-eight Broadway, to be lighted at his own expense, and to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

The Committee on Streets presented a report in favor of resolution that permission be given to S. H Hurd, to erect a bay window on the building northwest corner of Lexington-avenue and Thirty-ninth-street, not to extend beyond three feet from said building.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Fire Department presented a report to erect a new house for Engine Company number forty-two.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Fire Department presented a report to purchase lot number seven Dover-street for Hose Company number ten.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in Jane-street, between Greenwich-avenue and Eighth-avenue.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to pave West Eleventh-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to permit the property owners in Eleventh-avenue, from Twenty-fifth two Twenty-sixth streets, to pave said avenue.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to widen fifteen feet of the sidewalks of One Hundred and Sixteenth-street, from Fifth-avenue to Harlem River, as court-yards.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Ryers moved that when the Board adjourns it do so to meet on Monday next, eighteenth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

Which was carried.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER.

Report of Committee on Fire Department, in favor of adopting resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to advertise for proposals for building a new truck for Hook and Ladder Company number Nine, said truck to be similar to the one now used by Hook and Ladder Company number Sixteen.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, McMahon, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Jeremiah, Masterson, Ottiwell—9.

Negative—Aldermen Jones, Farley—2.

Report of Committee on Public Health, in favor of adopting resolution that the vacant lots on the south side of Fourteenth-street, between the Eighth and Ninth avenues, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—14.

Resolut on to appoint a Janitor for the Fourth District Police Court.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones The President, McMahon, Shannon, Chipp McKnight, Ryers, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—13

Negative—Alderman Jeremiah—1.

Resolution, that the Counsel to the Corporation be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Colonel B. L. Terford, of the Seventy-first Regiment New-York National Guard, for the sum of one hundred and thirty-seven dollars, for expenses incurred for the reception of the Fifty-ninth and Sixty-sixth Regiments, on the twenty-fifth day of January, one thous

copies to be published under his direction and supervision.
Which was laid over.
By Councilman Russell—
Resolved, That the vacant lots on the east side of Third-avenue, between Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth streets, be fenced in, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.
By Councilman Russell—
Resolved, That the low and sunken lots between Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth streets, about one hundred feet east of First-avenue, be filled in with good and wholesome earth to the grade of the above-named streets, to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.
By Councilman Russell—
Resolved, That the sidewalks in Fifty-first-street, between Third and Lexington avenues, be flagged and reflagged where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was referred to Committee on Roads.
By Councilman Joyce—
Resolved, That John Ryan, number six hundred and sixty-five Eighth-avenue, have permission to place a small show-case in front of his premises, the same to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.
By Councilman Brandon—
Resolved, That the sidewalk on the east side of Fourth avenue be flagged and reflagged where necessary, also the sidewalks in Thirty-ninth-street, between Fourth and Lexington avenues, be flagged and reflagged, where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.
By Councilman Russell—
Resolved, That the resolution and ordinance to build a sewer in Fifty-sixth-street, between First and Second avenues, be amended so as to read, "commencing three hundred feet east of Second-avenue, to connect with the sewer in Second-avenue."
Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.
By Councilman Brophy—
Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Mr. Cohen, number one hundred and seventy Chatham-street, to erect or retain an awning in front of his premises, the same to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.
By Councilman Joyce—
Resolved that the vacant lots on the north side of Forty-first-street, about two hundred and seventy-five feet west of Seventh-avenue, be fenced in under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the annexed ordinance therefor be adopted.
Which was laid over.

REPORTS.

Report of Committee on Streets, to grant permission to Ockerhausen and Brothers, to construct passage-way from number nineteen Rose street to the opposite side.
Which was adopted.
Report of Committee on Public Health, to fence vacant lots bounded by Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets, Broadway and Seventh-avenue.
Which was laid over.
Report of Committee on Streets, concurring to have sidewalks on Debarosses and West streets, to conform to established grade.
Which was laid over.
Report of Committee on Streets, to regulate, &c., Watt-street, from West to Washington streets.
Which was laid over.
Report of Committee on Fire Department, to rebuild carriage of Hose Company Number Eleven.
Which was laid over.
Report of Committee on Salaries and Offices, to increase the salaries of cartmen and sweepers of West Washington Market.
Which was laid over.
Report of Committee on Fire Department, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution to continue the lease of the premises now occupied by Engine Company number Eighteen.
Which was laid over.
Subsequently reconsidered and adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Schaefer, Haviland, Jaques, McGrath, Brice, Joyce, Russell, Cook, Brandon—21.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, with statement of treasury balance to March thirty-one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.
Which was received and ordered on file.
A communication was received from the Comptroller in regard to resolution of the Common Council authorizing the sum of three hundred thousand dollars of "Central Improvement Fund."
Which was received and ordered on file.

MESSAGES FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

A message was received from His Honor the Mayor, returning unapproved resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Messrs. N. & R. L. Conklin, for the amount of the annexed bills, &c., as follows:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 7, 1864.
To the Honorable the Common Council:
GENTLEMEN: I herewith return, without my approval, the resolution of which the following is a copy:
"Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Messrs. N. & R. L. Conklin, for the amount of the annexed bills, and charge the same to its appropriate account," together with the bills pinned thereon, to which the same is supposed to refer.
I find three bills, one for four hundred and and forty-six dollars ($446) for coaches furnished on the eleventh of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; the second for two hundred and eighty-five dollars ($285) for coaches furnished December twelve, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; and the third for one hundred and eighty-five dollars, ($185,) for coaches furnished twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; in all amounting to nine hundred and sixteen dollars, ($916.)
The resolution is, in my opinion, defective in not specifying, as I have done above, how many bills are therein audited and allowed, and the amount of each. It is obvious how great an opportunity would be afforded for dishonesty, if such a mode of legislation were generally adopted.
One of the bills pinned to the resolution reads, "for furnishing coaches to Committee on National Affairs, Harbor Defences, two hundred and eighty-five dollars." This voucher, if such it can be called, is utterly lacking in every requisite on which to base an opinion of its correctness. It is not accompanied by the certificate of the Chairman or any member of the committee, under whose authority it purports to have been incurred; and, instead of setting forth the items separately, by specific numbers and dates, they are lumped up in a single sum.
Considering the difficulty of checking an overcharge in bills of this character, it would be proper to require, and I recommend the rule to be extended to all claims, that the same should be verified by the affidavits of the parties applying to the Common Council for payment.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

Which was received, laid on the table for ten days, directed to be entered at length in the minutes, and published under the direction of the Clerk.
A message was received from His Honor the Mayor, returning unapproved resolution directing the Comptroller to draw his warrant in favor of Messrs. Conklin & Butts for the amount of the bills thereto annexed, as follows:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 7, 1864.
To the Honorable the Common Council:
GENTLEMEN: I return herewith the resolution directing the Comptroller to draw his warrant in favor of Messrs. Conklin and Butts, for the amount of the bills thereto annexed, without my signature.
Four bills, amounting in all to one thousand four hundred and seventy-four dollars, for coaches furnished for the use of the Common Council on the various occasions between the seventh of May and second of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, are pinned to the resolution. The amounts of the bills should have been incorporated in the resolution itself, as I have pointed out in my communication of this date, containing objections to another resolution of your honorable body, to pay the bills of N. & R. L. Conklin.
None of the bills are verified by affidavit, and I reiterate the recommendation contained in the communication above referred to, that such verification should be required in all cases of claims against the Corporation.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

Which was received, laid on the table for ten days, directed to be entered at length in the minutes, and published under the direction of the Clerk.
A message was received from His Honor the Mayor, returning unapproved, resolution authorizing Messrs. Banta & Lane to erect a small iron post, &c., on northwest corner of Broadway and Broome streets, as follows:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 6, 1864.
To the Honorable the Common Council:
GENTLEMEN: I herewith return the resolution authorizing "Messrs. Banta & Lane to erect a small iron post, with a sign on the top, on the northwest corner of Broadway and Broome-street," without my approval, on the ground that the occupants of the premises on said corner decidedly object to having it placed there.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

Which was received, laid on the table for ten days, directed to be entered at length in the minutes, and published under the direction of the Clerk.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Joyce moved that the Committee on National Affairs be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of Board of Aldermen, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of George W. Roome for the sum of four hundred and forty-one dollars and fifty cents, in full for bill of refreshments, and trimming room, and so forth, furnished for the funeral of Brigadier-General Michael Corcoran, and charge the same to its appropriate account.
Which was carried.
And the paper was laid over.
Councilman McGrath moved that the Committee on Salaries and Offices be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of Board of Aldermen, that the compensation of the Engrossing Clerk of the Board of Aldermen be fixed at the sum of two thousand dollars per annum, to be paid monthly, in lieu of fees, as heretofore, the said compensation or salary to date from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.
Which was carried.
And the paper was laid over.
Councilman McGrath moved that the Committee on Fire Department be discharged from the further consideration of resolution, that the Street Commissioner be directed to have a tower erected in the rear of house now building for Engine Company Twenty-four, in Seventh-street, and to have the bell now in use by said company placed therein.
Which was carried.
And the paper was laid over.
Councilman McGrath moved that the Committee on Fire Department be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Fire Department of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to advertise for proposals and contract with the lowest bidder, conformably with the provisions of the Amended Charter of 1857, for the building of a new steam fire-engine for the use of Engine Company number Thirty-six.
Which was carried.
And the paper was laid over.
Councilman Keenan moved that the Committee on Streets be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of Board of Aldermen, that permission be given to Lewis D. Phillips to construct an elevated railway over bulkhead between Twentieth and Twenty-first streets, North River, for the purpose of conveying coal from vessels, without obstructing the bulkhead, to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was lost.

REPORTS RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Streets to flag Twenty-second-street, between First and Third avenues.
Which was laid over.
Report of Committee on Streets to flag Twenty-second-street, between First and Second avenues, south side.
Which was laid over.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Resolution, that permission be given to Thomas H. Tobin, to erect an awning in front of his premises, number two hundred and seventy South-street, said permission to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.
Resolution, that the resolution directing the Comptroller of the City of New-York to issue a further amount of the stock of the Central Improvement Fund, approved by the Mayor, March 30, 1864, be and the same is hereby amended by inserting the word "Park," after the word "Central," in said resolution, the omission of said word being a clerical error.
Which was concurred in.
Resolution, that permission be given to B. W. Merriam & Co. to place a sign in front of their store, number five hundred and seventy-seven Broadway, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.
Resolution, that permission be given to Martin Wellinghoff to keep a coal-box in front of his premises number four hundred and twenty-two West Thirty-fifth-street, the same to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.
Resolution, that permission be given to Robert Scott to exhibit goods in front of his premises, number three hundred and thirty-two Ninth-avenue, said permission to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.
Resolution, that John Lux be permitted to have a water-trough in front of premises number two hundred and three Spring-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.
Resignation of Patrick H. McDonough, as Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, with resolution that John Earl be appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in place of Patrick H. McDonough, resigned.
Which was concurred in.
Resignation of Joseph Brennan as Commissioner of Deeds, with resolution that Elias G. Brown be appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in place of Joseph Brennan resigned.
Which was concurred in.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Councilman Keenan moved to suspend the special order of business for the purpose of taking up General Orders.
Which was carried.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Report of Committee on Donations and Charities, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Treasurer of the Fifteenthstreet Methodist Episcopal Church, for the sum of three hundred and forty-one dollars and sixty-five cents, ($341 65,) being the amount of assessment against said church for the paving of Fifteenth-street with Belgian pavement, and charge the same to the account of "Donations."
Which was adopted bp the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Schaefer, Haviland, Jaques, McGrath, Brice, Joyce, Russell, Cook, Brandon—21.
Resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to place a new cornice on the house of Harry Howard Hook and Ladder Company number Eleven, forthwith.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Schaefer, Haviland, McGrath, Brice, Joyce, Russell, Cook, Brandon—20.
Negative—Councilman Jaques—1.
Report of Committee on Donations and Charities, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Treasurer of the Saint Vincent's Hospital for the sum of one thousand dollars, and charge the same to its appropriate account.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Schaefer, Haviland, Jaques, McGrath, Brice, Joyce, Russell, Cook, Brandon—21.
Report of Committee on Donations and Charities, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Treasurer of the St. Luke's Home for Indigent Females for the sum of one thousand dollars, and charge the same to the appropriation of "Donations and Charities."
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Schaefer, Haviland, Jaques, McGrath, Brice, Joyce, Russell, Cook, Brandon—21.
Councilman Gross was here called to the Chair.
Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution, that the sidewalk on the southerly side of Forty-fourth-street, commencing from Tenth-avenue and running to about two hundred and sixty feet east of the same, be flagged where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Schaefer, Haviland, Jaques, McGrath, Brice, Joyce, Russell, Cook, Brandon—21.
Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution, that Second-avenue, from One Hundred and Sixteenth-street to One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street, be curbed and guttered, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the middle of the same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefore be adopted.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Schaefer, Haviland, Jaques, McGrath, Brice, Joyce, Russell, Cook, Brandon—21.
Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that First-avenue, from One Hundred and Eighteenth to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, be flagged a space of four feet wide, where not already done, and curb and gutter set and reset, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Webster, Hefferman, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Shaefer, Haviland, Jaques, McGrath, Brice, Joyce, Russell, Cook, Brandon—21.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Councilman Brandon moved that when the Board adjourn it do so to meet on Monday, the eighteenth instant, at two o'clock P. M.
Which was carried.
The President moved that the present order of business be suspended for the purpose of taking up papers from the Board of Aldermen.
Which was carried.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF ALDERMEN RESUMED.

Resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to renumber Forty-first-street, from Fourth to Fifth-avenue.
Which was concurred in.
Report of Committee on Lands and Places, with resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to set back twenty-five feet from the present line all obstructions to travel in front of the City Hall, from Broadway to Park-row.
Councilman Jaques moved to refer said resolution to the Committee on Lands and Places.
Which was lost.
Councilman Russell moved to refer said resolution to the Committee on National Affairs.
Which was carried.
Resolution, that the name of Edward Standish, recently appointed a Commissioner of Deeds, be corrected, so as to read Edward W. Standish.
Which was concurred in.
Resolution, that permission be granted to H. T. Helmbold to continue the show-cases on the stoop of his premises, number five hundred and ninety-four Broadway, during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.
Resolution, that permission be granted to D. Carr to place a stand in Pike-slip, near South-street, said permission to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.
Resolution, that permission be given to S. H. Black to place a lamp over the door of his premises, number six hundred and forty-eight Broadway, to be lighted at his own expense, and to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.
Resolution, that the Street Commissioner be empowered to appoint a suitable person as Janitor of the Fourth District Police Court, at an annual salary of one thousand dollars, payable monthly.
Which was laid over.
Report of Committee on Finance, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Rev. S. A. Mulledy, pastor of the Saint Lawrence Church, for the sum of eight hundred and sixty dollars, and interest to date, as a donation in aid of the funds of the said church, the amount to be applied by the said Rev. S. A. Mulledy in payment of an assessment on the property of the said church for opening Madison-avenue, from Forty-second to Eighty-sixth-street, and to be charged by the Comptroller to the account of "Donations."
Which was laid over.
Report of Committee on Repairs and Supplies, with resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to cause the general repairs and fitting up that are required to the Second District Police Court buildings to be done without contracting therefor, and without delay, to an extent not exceeding one thousand dollars.
Which was laid over.
Resolution that the Committee on National Affairs be directed to procure a stand of colors for the Eighty-fourth Regiment, National Guard, State of New-York.
Which was laid over.
Report of Joint Committee on National Affairs, with resolution to pay bills of expenses incurred in receiving returned regiments.
Which was laid over.
Report of Committee on National Affairs, with resolution to pay bills of sundry persons for services during the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.
Which was referred to Committee on National Affairs.
An ordinance relative to elections in Fire Companies.
Which was concurred in by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hayes, Heffernan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—19.
And the same was directed to be sent to His Honor the Mayor for approval.
Councilman Jaques moved that the Board do now adjourn.
Which was lost.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

By Councilman Gross—
Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Francis Schlosser to keep a soda water stand in front of his premises on the southwest corner of Second-street and Avenue A, the same not to interfere with the travel, and to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.

GENERAL ORDERS RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, in favor of adopting resolution, that Fifty-second-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Riley, Brophy, Hayes, Webster, Heffernan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—17.
Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Jaques—2.
Councilman Keenan moved that the board do now adjourn.
Which was lost.
Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, in favor of adopting resolution that, Forty-fifth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property-owners to pay one-half of the expense, and the City the remainder, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefore be adopted.
Councilman Keenan moved that said paper be recommitted to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.
Which was carried.
Report of Committee on Donations and Charities, in favor of adopting resolution, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of William K. Hinman, Acting Treasurer, for the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars, the same being a donation to the Trustees to refund an assessment against the Church, corner of Madison-avenue and Twenty-ninth-street, for the opening of Madison-avenue, between Forty-second and Eighty-sixth streets, and charge the same to account of "Donations."
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hayes, Heffernan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—19.
Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution, that Sixty-seventh-street, from Eighth to Tenth-avenue, be regulated and graded under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.
Councilman Keenan moved that said General Order be referred back to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.
Subsequently,
Councilman Keenan moved that the Board do now adjourn.
Which was carried.
Whereupon the President pro tem. declared that the Board stood adjourned until Monday, the 18th instant, at 2 o'clock P. M.
JAMES M. SWEENY, Clerk.

FINANCIAL

STAR GOLD
MINING COMPANY OF COLORADO.
CAPITAL 200,000 SHARES,
ISSUED FOR THE PURCHASE OF MINING PROPERTY.

The property of this company comprises 10,651 feet on the best lodes in Clear Creek County, over 4,000 feet of which are already developed, producing from $100 to $300 per cord, with the ordinary stamp mill; also, thirty-nine hundred feet of valuable water-power, and a twenty-four stamp mill in working order. Title undoubted.

TRUSTEES.
NATH'L HAYDEN, President Chatham Bank.
JNO. W. MOTT, President U. S. Warehouse Co.
JAMES I. DAY, President Providence and Boston Railroad Co.
SAM'L R. PLATT, Adriance, Platt & Co.
WM. K. BELCHER, Sackett, Belcher & Co.
SAM'L A. WALSH, No. 22 Platt-st.
WM. R. RUSSELL, Colorado.
PRESIDENT.
NATHANIEL HAYDEN.
SECRETARY.
JNO. N. POWER.
BANKERS.
CHATHAM BANK.
COUNSEL.
Messrs. PLATT, GERARD & BUCKLEY, New-York.
Messrs. WAKELY & REED, Colorado.
RESIDENT MANAGER AND SUPERINTENDENT.
JOHN SLAWSON,
Formerly of Cliff Mine, Lake Superior.

80,000 shares of the stock are offered for sale at $10 per share. Books will be opened at the office of GEORGE & SAMUEL BROWN, BANKERS, No. 11 Wall-st., on MONDAY, the 18th inst., at 11 o'clock.
A payment of $2 per share will be required at the time of subscribing, and the balance on 21st inst., when certificates will be delivered.

LOANS ON BONDS AND MORTGAGES AT Six per Cent. interest will be made by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New-York. Apply at their office, No. 94 Broadway.

SAN ANTONIO
SILVER MINING COMPANY.
OF ARIZONA.
60,000 SHARES—NOMINAL PAR, $50 EACH.
40,000 ONLY TO BE SUBSCRIBED FOR.
ISSUED FOR THE PURCHASE OF MINING CLAIMS AND PROPERTY IN ARIZONA.

TRUSTEES.
SAM. F. BUTTERWORTH, Esq., President of the Quicksilver Mining Co.
ANTHONY W. MORSE, Esq., of Morse & Co.
CHARLES LAMSON, Esq., of Charles H. Marshall & Co.
FREDERIC C. GEBHARD, Esq., of Schuchardt & Gebhard.
MATT ELLIS, Esq., of Boston.
JAY CADY, Esq., of Schenectady.
PRESIDENT.
SAM. F. BUTTERWORTH, Esq.
TREASURER.
CHARLES LAMSON, Esq.
BANKERS.
MESSRS. SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD.
ATTORNEYS.
MESSRS. FOSTER & THOMSON.

Books of subscription for the purchase of Shares of this Company at $25 a share, are open at our office; $5 payable at the time of subscription, and the balance on May 2, 1864.
Attention is called to the letter of Sam. F. Butterworth, Esq., who has lately visited the property of the company.
MORSE & CO.,
No. 24 William-st., New-York.
APRIL 5, 1864.

NEW-YORK, April 4, 1864.
I visited this Mine in the month of December, 1863, accompanied by Guido Kustel, the most distinguished Metalurgist and Mining Engineer on the Pacific coast, for many years the Manager of the Ophir Works, and author of a valuable treatise on the "Processes of Silver and Gold Extraction," recently published in California. My opinion of the value and quality of this Mine is based on information derived from this gentleman, and on my own observations at the Mine.
The Mine is situated in Arizona, about three miles north of the northern boundary line of Sonora, and five miles distant from the celebrated Mowry Silver Mines; it is accessible at all seasons of the year, either by the way of Los Angelos, Libertad, or Guaymas. But little work has been done in developing the mine; enough, however, to discover the width and extent of the lode and determine the quality and value of the ores.
Where the shaft is sunk the vein is from four to six feet wide between lime-rock and garnet, running east and west, and exhibits galena or sulphuret of lead, carbonate of lead, zinc-blend and copper-pyrites; the richest is the sulphuret of lead, assaying one hundred and fifty-five dollars per ton; the vein has been prospected about half a mile. Mr. Kustel, in a letter addressed to the San Francisco owners, says: "The San Antonio lode appears, where the shaft is sunk, a good wide vein of ore, easy to reduce by fire, and will pay on an average, according to the proportions of the different metals, from seventy to ninety dollars per ton."
I believe there is an abundant supply of this ore, and that by an expenditure of a comparatively small sum of money, the mine can be put in a condition to produce 40 tons per day; if this ore averages only $80 per ton, the gross product of the mine would exceed $3,000 per day; the entire cost of mining and reducing a ton of this ore will not exceed twenty dollars.
On the premises, about 200 yards from San Antonio lode, in a N. E. direction, there is a very rich copper lode, six feet wide; the ores which we obtained from this lode, considered a fair average, assayed 80 ℔ cent. of copper and $76 in silver. Miners can be obtained in any number in the immediate vicinity, at about $10 ℔ month.
The reduction works of the mine are three miles distant from the mine, consisting of a small engine and two furnaces. There is an abundance of wood and water for all purposes on the property.
I consider the San Antonio a very valuable Silver Mine, if worked with skill and energy, it will produce most satisfactory results.
SAM. F. BUTTERWORTH.

OFFICE OF
MOULTON & VAN DYKE,
No. 19 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
DAY AND BUSHNELL
MINING COMPANY,
OF COLORADO.
CAPITAL
$3,000,000 IN 300,000 SHARES, $10 EACH.

TRUSTEES:
JAMES I. DAY, President of New-York, Providence and Boston Railroad Company.
CORNELIUS S. BUSHNELL, of New-Haven, Conn.
THOMAS C. DURANT, Vice-President Pacific Railroad Company.
E. T. H. GIBSON, corner Pine and William-st., New-York.
H. WINTHROP GRAY, No. 71 South-st., New-York.
W. W. BALDWIN, corner William and Exchange-place, New-York.
S. L. M. BARLOW, corner William and Exchange-place, New-York.
THOMAS H. PERKINS, City Exchange, Boston.
GEORGE COOK, of Central City, Colorado.
OFFICERS:
President, JAMES J. DAY.
Secretary and Treasurer, THOMAS CHALMERS, Jr.
Bankers, Messrs. M. MORGAN'S SONS, New-York.
Counsel, Messrs. MARTIN & SMITH, New-York.
Messrs. REED & WAKELY, Colorado.
President, Manager and Director in Colorado. GEO. COOK, Esq.

Books for subscription, for purchase of 80,000 shares of the capital stock of this company will be opened at our office on TUESDAY, the 12th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M. Subscription price, eight dollars. Three dollars to be paid on subscribing; five dollars payable on the 26th instant.
The property of the company consists of upwards of three hundred thousand feet of gold-bearing quartz vein, selected especially for its formation during the Summer of last year, from some of the richest and best developed veins in the Territory, long previous to the speculative excitement now existing, with special reference to a safe and profitable investment of capital. The advantage it possesses for profitable working of its veins, with its ample working capital, and the number of claims it can offer for sale for the formation of other companies, makes it the most desirable investment for capitalists ever offered to the public.
MOULTON & VAN DYKE,
No. 19 Wall-st., New-York.

U. S. 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.
CHARNLEY & HATCH, BANKERS,
No. 34 Wall-st.,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS
for the above popular Loan, are prepared to receive subscriptions on the most favorable terms, and to furnish the Bonds and Certificates in the shortest possible time.
UNITED STATES SECURITIES of the various descriptions, BOUGHT AND SOLD.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD, BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

VERMONT VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY'S First and Second Mortgages and stock for sale. Apply to GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 27 William-st.

FINANCIAL.

THE BROAD TOP
COAL AND IRON COMPANY.
CAPITAL 40,000 SHARES OF $50 EACH.
Books of Subscription for a limited number of shares of this Company will be opened at our office on WEDNESDAY, 13th April.
JEROME RIGGS & CO.,
No. 46 Exchange-place.

$1,000,000 LOAN
OF THE
COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.
PROPOSALS FOR $1,000,000 SOLDIERS' BOUNTY FUND BONDS.
(Being the Balance not awarded on Bids for $2,000,000 opened April 2, 1864.)
Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's Office until Saturday, April 16, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the purchase of the whole or any part of the sum of One Million Dollars of the "Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds," authorized by an Ordinance of the Board of Supervisors, passed March 18, 1864, and by an Act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed Feb. 8, 1864, being the amount not awarded on bids for $2,000,000 opened April 2, 1864.
The said bonds will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemable as follows: Five hundred thousand dollars Nov. 1, 1889, and five hundred thousand dollars Nov. 1, 1890.
The proposals will state the amount of bonds desired and the price per one hundred dollars thereof; and persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the County Treasurer the sums awarded to them respectively.
On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the County Treasurer for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive bonds for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payments.
Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.
The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if considered necessary to protect or promote the interests of the county.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK—DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, April 4, 1864.

OFFICE OF
VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
We are prepared to convert the U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES into the 6 per cent. BONDS of 1881, with promptness, and on favorable terms.
Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including
U. S. 5.20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 12 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.
MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNES: collected or purchased. VERMILYE & CO.

BRIGGS' GOLD COMPANY.
MINES—BRIGGS AND GREGORY LODES.
GILPIN COUNTY, COLORADO.
CAPITAL 10,000 SHARES, $100 each.
TRUSTEES.
J. SMITH BRIGGS, Colorado.
GEO. M. PULLMAN, Chicago.
ANTHONY ARNOUX, New-York.
HENRY COGGILL, New-York.
C. C. ALGER, Hudson, N. Y.
WM. G. ANGELL, Providence, R. I.
R. CORNELL WHITE, New-York.
President—J. SMITH BRIGGS.
Treasurer—WALTER E. LAWTON.
Secretary—D. LITTLEJOHN.
Counsel—J. S. WOODWARD.
Mining Superint't—CHAS. H. BRIGGS.
Office No. 25 CLIFF-ST., New-York.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

JERSEY CITY BONDS,
TWENTY YEARS TO RUN.
COUPONS PAYABLE 1ST OF OCTOBER AND APRIL, IN NEW-YORK.
For sale by
G. S. ROBBINS & SON,
No. 54 WILLIAM-ST.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS
AND
U. S. GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
U. S. SECURITIES
of all Descriptions,
purchased and for Sale.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD
bought and Sold on Commission.
COLLECTIONS MADE ON WASHINGTON and all other points of the United States and Canada at low rates and with quick returns.
7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES
converted into 1881 Bonds.
4 PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS made by Banks, Bankers and individuals, subject to draft at sight.

OFFICE ARIZONA MINING COMPANY, No. 32 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, April 7, 1864.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN IN ACcordance with a resolution of the Board of Trustees of the Arizona Mining Company, passed this day, that Books will be opened at this office, for ten days from the date of this publication, for subscription for the Balance of the Reserve Stock of said Company, at $35 per Share, in Gold, payable in four monthly installments, as follows:
Ten Dollars per Share, in Gold, on 1st day May, 1864.
Ten Dollars per Share, in Gold, on 1st day June, 1864.
Ten Dollars per Share, in Gold, on 1st day July, 1864.
Five Dollars per Share, in Gold, on 1st day August, 1864.
The Stock will be issued, on payment of the last installment.
SAM. F. BUTTERWORTH, President.

M. MORGAN'S SONS,
NO. 37 WILLIAM-ST.
Checks on the New-Orleans Canal and Banking Company for sale, in sums to suit. Collections upon New-Orleans made, and New-Orleans Securities bought.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 Wall-st.,
issue circular Letters of Credit for travelers on all parts of Europe, &c.

THE NEW ISSUE OF
ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP,
PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP,
UNION MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP,
GREAT WESTERN MARINE INSURANCE SCRIP,
Purchased by
WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

H. J. MESSENGER, BANKER,
AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, No. 139 Broadway.
Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on commission. Collections made at all accessible points in the United States and Canada. Gold Coupons bought at best market rates, or collected when due. Interest and Dividends collected on Bank, Insurance, Railroad, and other securities. Subscriptions to the 10-40 loan received and promptly executed. Banks', Bankers' and individuals' accounts received on favorable terms.

OFFICE OF THE CROTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 180 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 5, 1864.
NOTICE.—AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Company and for three Inspectors of Election, will be held at the Office of the Company, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of April, 1864, by order of the Board. Poll open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.
WM. F. METTLER, Acting Secretary.

$500,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE—In sums to suit. No commissions charged. Applications in writing, with diagrams of premises, to be made to
WARREN G. BROWN,
Counsellor-at-Law.
No. 170 Broadway

KIGGINS & KELLOGG,
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,
WHOLESALE
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS.
No. 123 and 125 William-st., New-York.

BENTON GOLD COMPANY.—WANTED 5,000 shares; State price for the whole or a part. Address J. ROBERTS, Box No. 2,575 Post-office.

FINANCIAL.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
No. 38 WALL-ST,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS of '81.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. ONE YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' AND ORDNANCE VOUCHERS, the NEW U. S. FIVE PER CENT. LEGAL TENDER NOTES, and all GOVERNMENT issues.
BANKS, SAVINGS BANKS and investors will find us prepared at all times to furnish desirable lots of these Securities in large or small amounts.
DEPOSITS received and COLLECTIONS made of favorable terms. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES converted into the 6 PER CENT. BONDS of 1881 on favorable terms.
FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS and DEALERS
in GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
NO. 38 WALL-ST.

HOPE GOLD COMPANY.
MINES—"GOLD DIRT LODE," GILPIN COUNTY COLORADO.
Capital 80,000 shares, $25 each.
TRUSTEES.
JOHN EVANS, Colorado. GEO. W. GRAFFLIN, Balti're.
F. H. JUDD, New-York. HERMANN FUNKE, N. Y.
H. S. COHU, New-York. R. CORNELL WHITE, N. Y.
WM. MÖLLER, New-York. M. C. TYLER, New-York.
S. G. ARNOLD, Providence, R. I.
President—His Excellency JOHN EVANS, Governor of Colorado Territory.
Vice-Presidents—Hon. S. G. ARNOLD, Dr. F. H. JUDD.
Treasurer—WALTER E. LAWTON.
Secretary—J. P. DAVIES.
Office No. 25 Cliff-st., New-York.

CORISANNIE
GOLD MINING COMPANY.
100,000 SHARES AT $10 EACH.
CAPITAL $1,000,000.
DIRECTORS:
JAMES HARRISON, Esq., Irvington, N. Y.
STEPHEN F. NUCKOLLS, Colorado.
CLARK C WILSON, New-York.
DEXTER B. BRITTON, New-York.
DANIEL T. LAWSON, Wellsville, Ohio.
JOHN S. CHRISTIE, New-York.
HENRY DE ZAVALA, New-York.
Subscriptions to the Capital Stock of this Company, received at our Office, at $4 per share.
LEAVENWORTH & SANDERSON,
No. 19 Wall-st.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK.
NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS
AT NO. 240 BROADWAY.
CAPITAL ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
DIRECTORS.
J. T. SANGER........Formerly of Wm. H. Cary & Co.
E. L. FANCHER........No. 229 Broadway.
JOHN ELLIOT........Of Riggs & Co., Wall-st.
LEWIS EINSTEIN........Of Lewis Einstein & Co.
JOHN FALCONER..Of Seamless Clothing Manuf'g Co.
HENRY J. BAKER........Of H. J. Baker & Brother.
ALBERT G. LEE........Of Coffin, Lee & Co.
D. L. ROSS........Of Ross, Dempster & Co.
D. L. ROSS, President.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

HARTFORD MINING COMPANY,
MICHIGAN.
CAPITAL, $500,000.
20,000 SHARES, $25 PER SHARE.
WORKING CAPITAL IN THE TREASURY, $30,000.
The subscribers, as the only authorized Agents, offer for sale a limited amount of this Copper Stock, *at one-half its par value*, or $12 50 per share.
Exhibits of the Company's valuable property will be furnished on application.
JAMES WADSWORTH & CO.,
No. 61 Cedar-st., New-York.

TEN-FORTY LOAN OF U. S.
TENTH NATIONAL BANK,
No. 240 BROADWAY.
Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.
By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this Bank will receive subscriptions for the TEN-FORTY FIVE PER CENT. GOLD-BEARING BONDS. A liberal commission will be allowed parties subscribing at this Bank.
D. L. ROSS, President.
JOHN H. STOUT, Cashier.

10-40
SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY.
H. S. MESSINGER, Banker, No. 139 Broadway.
The usual commission of ¼ allowed to banks and bankers.

SIMONSON & BROWN
offer their services at the Board of Brokers, for the purchase or sale of Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold.
No. 39½ EXCHANGE-PLACE.

INSURANCE, BANK AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer, No. 14 Pine-st.

MINING STOCKS,
as well as all other kinds of securities, bought and sold at all the Stock Boards in New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, &c., or otherwise, on commission, by ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 52 William-st.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD CO., Office No. 227 South 4th-st., PHILADELPHIA, March 17, 1864.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Transfer Books of the Common Stock of this company will be closed on the 31st inst., to be reopened on the 14th of April next, at which time the stockholders of this company who have New-York certificates are requested to return them to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York, who will give a receipt for the same and furnish in a few days thereafter certificates from the Philadelphia office in exchange for said receipts.
The Transfer Office for the Preferred Stock of this company at New-York will be closed permanently on 31st inst. That for both the Preferred and Common Stock in Boston will be permanently closed on the 31st March.
S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad Company will pay at the agency of the Company, No. 50 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York, on the 30th day of April, 1864, the bonds of the company bearing interest at 10 per cent., and secured by a mortgage to Chester D. Hubbard and Morris K. Jesup, Trustees, and that after that date interest on the said bonds will cease.
M. K. JESUP & CO.,
Agents St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago R. R. Co.
NEW-YORK, March 24, 1864.

THE MOUNT PLEASANT IRON AND STEEL COMPANY
OF BERKS COUNTY, PENN.,
(Incorporated under the laws of the State of New-York.)
Capital........10,000 Shares
Par value........$50
Subscription price........$25
Subscription books for a limited number of shares will be opened at the office of QUIGLEY BROTHERS, No. 19 Broad-st., on THURSDAY, April 7, where can be obtained pamphlets containing description of the property, and reports relative to the mines and to the quality of the iron and steel made from the ore, and where, also, may be seen specimens of the ore and merchantable iron and steel.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY, No. 71 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 2, 1864.
AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS, held this day, Mr. SANDFORD COBB was unanimously elected President of said company to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of James N. Cobb, Esq., and the following resolution was passed unanimously:
Resolved, That the thanks of this board be presented to James N. Cobb, Esq., for the able, efficient and satisfactory manner in which he has discharged the duties of President of this company.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, Feb. 27, 1864.
WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIdence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled, "An Act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved Feb. 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking.
Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York, and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.
In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 27th day of February, 1864.
{L. S.} (Signed,) HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 6 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, March 7, 1864.
PERSONS OWNING OR REPRESENTING steamers, ships, schooners, &c., are requested to send into this office daily the names of all such vessels as they may wish to charter to the Government or have freight for. Their tonnage, standing, rate of charter, &c., will be required.
STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor, over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

TEN-FORTY GOVERNMENT LOAN.
UNITED STATES TREASURY.
NEW-YORK, April 4, 1864.
By direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, I hereby give notice that I am prepared to receive subscriptions on account of United States Bonds authorized by the act of March 3, 1864, bearing date March 1, 1864, redeemable at the pleasure of the Government after ten years, and payable forty years from date, bearing interest at five per centum a year, payable on bonds not over $100 annually and on all other bonds semi-annually, in coin.
Subscribers will receive either registered or coupon bonds, as they may prefer.
Registered bonds will be issued of the denominations of fifty dollars, ($50,) one hundred dollars, ($100,) five hundred dollars, ($500,) one thousand dollars, ($1,000,) five thousand dollars, ($5,000,) and ten thousand dollars, ($10,000,) and coupon bonds of the denominations of fifty dollars, ($50,) one hundred dollars, ($100,) five hundred dollars, ($500,) and one thousand dollars, ($1,000.)
Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their bonds draw interest from March 1 or September 1, as the case may be, by paying the accrued interest in coin, (or United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium,) or receive them drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposit.
Upon the receipt of subscriptions, I will issue my certificate of deposit therefor in duplicate, the original of which will be forwarded by the subscriber to the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, with a letter stating the kind, (registered or coupon,) and the denominations of bonds required.
Upon the receipt of the original certificates at the Treasury Department, the bonds subscribed for will be transmitted to the subscribers respectively.
A commission of one-eighth of one per cent. will be allowed to those subscribing for others or resale. The delivery of these bonds have commenced, and will be continued promptly.
JOHN J. CISCO,
Assistant Treasurer, U. S.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
Capital........$5,000,000
By the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this bank is prepared to receive subscriptions to the
NATIONAL TEN-FORTY LOAN,
issued under an act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act to provide ways and means for the support of the Government," approved March 3, 1863.
THIS LOAN IS
redeemable after ten and payable forty years from date, with interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum. Interest and principal payable in coin. Subscriptions to the above must be made in lawful money of the United States, and the accrued interest paid in coin or in National currency, adding fifty per cent. premium until further notice.
GEORGE OPDYKE, President.
R. G. ROLSTON, Assistant Cashier.

SIXTH NATIONAL BANK.
Corner Broadway, 6th-av. and 35th-st. United States depository and financial agent. Subscriptions received for 10-40 bonds and bonds for immediate delivery on hand. Subscriptions also received at the Bank of the Commonwealth.
C. DARLING, President.
JNO. W. B. DOBLER, Cashier.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS PREPARED TO receive subscriptions for the new
U. S. 10-40 BONDS,
Coupon or Registered. Subscribers will receive Bonds carrying interest, in coin, from March 1, 1864, and will have to pay, in addition to the principal, the accrued interest *in coin* or *in currency adding 50 per cent.*, up to the day of subscription.
U. S. 6 per cent. Certificates, 5-20 Bonds, and all other U. S. Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, &c., } Bought and Sold at market rates.
W. ANTHES, No. 27 Pine-st.,
(Fourth National Bank Building,) New-York.

OFFICE OF THE KNICKERBOCKER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK, April 7, 1864.
AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company, held on Tuesday, the 5th inst., the following gentlemen were unanimously elected for the ensuing year:

William Tucker,	Jacob C. Bogert,
John Campbell,	Andrew Bowden,
Joshua Brush,	Ezra P. Davis,
Robert L. Stuart,	Jeremiah Briggs,
Charles P. Leverich,	Henry Oothout,
William E. Dean,	Ezra Wheeler,
Henry Elsworth,	Ferdinand Daysters,
Walter Edwards,	Benjamin D. Brush,
Isaac A. Storm,	Wyllis Blackstone,
Peter V. King,	John N. Bradley,
Stephen C. Williams,	George Hodgsdon,
Henry Babad,	George L. Ronalds.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Board, Mr. GEORGE HODGSDON was unanimously elected President, in the place of William Tucker, Esq., resigned.
By order. PETER PERINE, Assistant Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE CO., No. 68 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 1, 1864.
AT AN ELECTION OF THIS COMPANY, held the 28th ultimo, the following persons were chosen Directors, for the ensuing year, viz.:

W. P. Palmer,	Sidney Mason,	John Steward,
Rufus L. Lord,	Peter Cooper,	W. W. DeForest,
Thos. Barron,	Robt. B. Minturn,	Jas. B. Johnson,
Richard Tighe,	Thos. W. Pearsall,	Henry Balis,
Henry Elsworth,	James Colles,	Rich. Mortimer,
Aug. H. Ward,	L. S. Suarez,	R. H. Browne,
E. D. Morgan,	John Caswell,	Ed. J. Woolsey.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, W. P. PALMER, Esq., was unanimously reelected President.
ANDREW J. SMITH, Secretary.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, will be held at the office of said company in Cleveland, on the 4th day of May, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M., to vote upon the increase to the capital stock of said company, for the purpose of allowing the bonds of said company to be converted into stock.
The transfer books will be closed on the 23d day of April, and open on the 5th day of May.
By order of the Board of Directors.
J. N. McCULLOUGH, President.
CLEVELAND, March 28, 1864.

CINCINNATI, WILMINGTON & ZANESVILLE RAILROAD CO.
The subscriber is now ready to issue, in exchange for the Trustees' receipts, stock certificates for the new shares, and certificates of the Trustees under the new mortgage of the Cincinnati & Zanesville Railroad Co. for the new bonds, to which the parties to the reorganization of the Cincinnati, Wilmington & Zanesville Railroad Co. are severally entitled.
CHARLES MORAN, Trustee, No. 30 Wall-st.
NEW-YORK, April 2, 1864.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the first meeting of the Hartford Mining Company, of Michigan, will be held at their business office, No. 61 Cedar-st., New-York City, on THURSDAY, the 28th day of April inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of organizing said company.
GAYLORD CHURCH, WM. A. RICHMOND } Corporators.
NEW-YORK, April 5, 1864.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND.
ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE RR. CO. No. 12 WALL-STREET, NEW-YORK, April 11, 1864.
A Dividend of Seven per Cent., less the Government Tax, will be paid on the Preferred Stock of this Company, on and after Monday, the 2d day of May next, at the Bank of North America.
The Transfer Books of this Stock will be closed from the 20th instant to the 2d of May inclusive.
C. BUTLER, President.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, April 8, 1864.
DIVIDEND ON STOCK.—THE BOARD OF Directors have this day declared a dividend of (7½) TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the capital stock of the company, for the quarter ending 31st March last, and out of the net earnings of said quarter, payable (free of Government tax) on and after the 16th day of May proximo, at the general office of the company, in the City of Pittsburgh, to the stockholders whose stock stands on the books there, at the agency of the company, (Winslow, Lanier & Co.,) No. 52 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, to the stockholders whose stock stands upon the books there.
The transfer books of the company will close at 3 o'clock P. M. on the 2d day of May, and remain closed until 10 o'clock A. M. on the 17th day of May thereafter.
By order of the Board of Directors.
W. H. BARNES, Secretary.

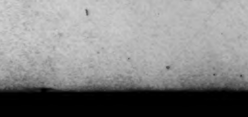
HOUSATONIC RAILROAD CO., TREASURER'S OFFICE, BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 28, 1864.
DIVIDEND NO. 13.—THE BOARD OF DIRECtors of this road have this day declared a Dividend of Four Dollars per Share on the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company, free from Government tax, payable on the 15th proximo, out of the net earnings since last dividend to such stockholders as shall appear by the transfer books of the company to have been the owners of said preferred stock on the 8th proximo. The dividend on stock in the New-York books payable at the office of Ketchum & Co. No. 40 Exchange-place; on Boston books at office of J. E. Thayer & Bro., and on Bridgeport books at this office.
The transfer books will be closed from the 8th to the 15th of April, both days inclusive.
CHARLES K. AVERILL, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY, No. 71 Wall-st., New-York, April 2, 1864.
A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF TEN (10) per cent. free of Government tax, has THIS DAY been declared, payable on demand.
By order of the Board of Directors.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

AGENCY ÆTNA INSURANCE CO., No. 62 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 7, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF Six per Cent., (free of Government tax,) has been declared by the Ætna Insurance Company at Hartford. New-York Stockholders will be paid at this office.
JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

COAL.

CANNEL COAL—NOW LANDING FROM SHIP *Perseverance*, Pier 8 North River, ship *Albion*, pier 45 East River—Ince Hall hand-picked cannel. Dealers that have engaged coal from these ships please send carts. Consumers can be supplied in small lots.
W. L. NORTHAM, No. 373 Pearl st.



WEDDING CARDS.
French Note Papers, Seals and Presses, Silver Plates, etc., at J. Everdell's, 302 Broadway, cor. Duane-st. For Specimens by mail, send 25 cents.